

Asset Management

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MAYBANK GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY-I FUND

Annual report For the financial year ended 30 June 2025

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Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025

A. Fund Information

1. Name of the Fund

Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund (the "Fund")

2. Type of Fund

Income and Growth

3. Category of Fund

Shariah-compliant equity

4. Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

5. Fund's launch date

Class	Currency denomination	Launch date	Commencement date
MYR Class	Ringgit Malaysia	25 August 2020	25 August 2020
MYR (Hedged) Class	Ringgit Malaysia	25 August 2020	25 August 2020
USD Class	United States Dollar	25 August 2020	25 August 2020
MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class	Ringgit Malaysia	15 June 2021	15 June 2021
USD (Institutional) Class	United States Dollar	1 March 2023	1 March 2024

6. Fund's investment objective

The Fund seeks to achieve income and capital growth by investing primarily in a portfolio of Shariah-compliant equities.

7. Fund's distribution policy

Distribution, if any, will be at least on an annual basis and at the discretion of the Manager.

8. Fund's performance benchmark

The benchmark of the Fund is the Dow Jones Islamic Market World Index.

9. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The Fund invests directly or indirectly, in global Shariah-compliant equities (including Shariah-compliant American Depositary Receipts and Shariah-compliant Global Depositary Receipts), global Shariah-compliant equity related securities (including Shariah-compliant warrants), Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits. The Fund may also invest in Islamic Real Estate Investment Trusts ("Islamic REITs").

The Fund seeks to adopt a unique investment approach that integrates both Shariah principles as well as principles of sustainable investing in a complementary manner. As the Fund is a qualified Sustainable and Responsible Investment ("SRI") Fund, the investments of the Fund will be subject to the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") integration methodology, including the selection, retention and realisation of the Fund's investments.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

A. Fund Information (cont'd)

10. Net income distribution for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The Fund declared a total distribution of USD1,407,601 for MYR (Hedged) Class and USD256,664 for USD (Institutional) Class to unitholders during the financial year.

Below are details of distributions made during the financial year:

Distribution date (ex-date)	Before distribution	After distribution	Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen)	Changes (%)
MYR (Hedged) Class (RM sen)				
25 June 2025	1.1638	1.1238	4.00	(3.44)
USD (Institutional) Class (USD cen	<u>t)</u>			
25 June 2025	1.0674	1.0591	0.83	(0.78)

B. Performance Review

1. Key performance data of the Fund

Category	FY2025	FY2024	FY2023
Portfolio Composition			
Equities - foreign (%)	97.41	85.46	89.10
- Australia	-	2.27	1.84
- Canada	0.47	-	-
- China	3.76	2.65	0.91
- Denmark	-	2.37	2.73
- France	2.14	2.99	3.21
- Germany	4.54	2.86	0.91
- Great Britain	6.76	5.79	14.63
- Hong Kong	1.56	-	-
- Ireland	-	0.87	-
- Japan	3.10	4.75	6.19
- Netherlands	1.61	1.39	1.38
- Norway	0.86	2.59	-
- South Korea	-	3.49	2.60
- Spain	1.29	1.79	4.32
- Switzerland	3.17	-	2.40
- Taiwan	3.60	3.39	4.78
- United States of America	64.55	48.26	43.20
Cash and other net assets (%)	2.59	14.54	10.90
Total (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	FY2025	FY2024	FY2023
MYR Class			
NAV (USD'000) NAV (RM'000) Units in circulation (units'000) NAV per unit (RM) Highest NAV per unit (RM) Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	35,581 149,878 119,346 1.2558 1.4029 1.0961	26,771 126,341 91,998 1.3733 1.4319 1.0886	19,645 91,713 79,757 1.1499 1.1499 0.9579
Annual return (%) ⁽¹⁾ - Capital growth (%) - Income distribution (%) Total return	(8.56) - (8.56)	19.44 3.12 23.16	13.32 - 13.32
Benchmark (%) Distribution date	(2.58)	21.02 Refer to Note 16	25.27
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen) MYR (Hedged) Class	-	4.30	-
NAV (USD'000) NAV (RM'000) Units in circulation (units'000) NAV per unit (RM) Highest NAV per unit (RM) Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	40,304 169,772 149,327 1.1369 1.2069 0.9682	43,157 203,670 172,924 1.1778 1.2095 0.9234	58,130 271,394 268,973 1.0090 1.0316 0.8582
Annual return (%) ⁽¹⁾ - Capital growth (%) - Income distribution (%) Total return Benchmark (%)	(3.48) 3.59 (0.02) 9.15	16.75 1.43 18.42 19.69	4.52 - 4.52 18.28
、 ,	Refer to Note 16 4.00		

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	FY2025	FY2024	FY2023
USD Class			
NAV (USD'000)	1,868	2,682	2,999
Units in circulation (units'000)	1,511	2,222	2,936
NAV per unit (USD)	1.2365	1.2067	1.0216
Highest NAV per unit (USD)	1.2478	1.2584	1.0279
Lowest NAV per unit (USD)	1.0115	0.9446	0.8530
Annual return (%) ⁽¹⁾			
- Capital growth (%)	2.46	18.13	6.84
- Income distribution (%)	-	3.13	-
Total return	2.46	21.82	6.84
Benchmark (%)	9.15	19.69	18.28
Distribution date	-	Refer to Note 16	-
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen)	-	3.80	-
MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class			
NAV (USD'000)	10	10	3,010
NAV (RM'000)	44	47	14,053
Units in circulation (units'000)	1	1	15,001
NAV per unit (RM)	43.8405	47.3141	0.9368
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	48.3521	47.8135	0.9447
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	38.1502	0.9140	0.7890
Annual return (%) ⁽¹⁾			
- Capital growth (%)	(7.34)	4,950.74	6.27
Total return	(7.34)	4,950.74	6.27
Benchmark (%)	9.15	19.69	18.28

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	FY2025	FY2024	FY2023	
USD (Institutional) Class (commenced on 1 March 2024)				
NAV (USD'000)	33,145	31,187	-	
Units in circulation (units'000)	30,923	30,000	-	
NAV per unit (USD)	1.0718	1.0396	-	
Highest NAV per unit (USD)	1.0836	1.0826	-	
Lowest NAV per unit (USD)	0.8809	0.9667	-	
Annual return (%) ⁽¹⁾				
- Capital growth (%)	3.11	3.96	-	
- Income distribution (%)	0.79	3.06	-	
Total return	3.92	7.14	-	
Benchmark (%)	9.15	5.38	-	
Distribution date F	Refer to Note 16	Refer to Note 16	-	
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen)	0.83	3.20	-	
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) ⁽²⁾	1.51	1.80	1.93	
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) ⁽³⁾	0.77	0.98	1.44	

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

Note:

- (1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial year is computed on daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager's and Trustee's fee.
- (2) The Fund's TER decreased to 1.51% due to lower expenses in the current financial year under review
- (3) The Fund's PTR decreased to 0.77 times due to lower trading activities in the current financial year under review.

Manager's report

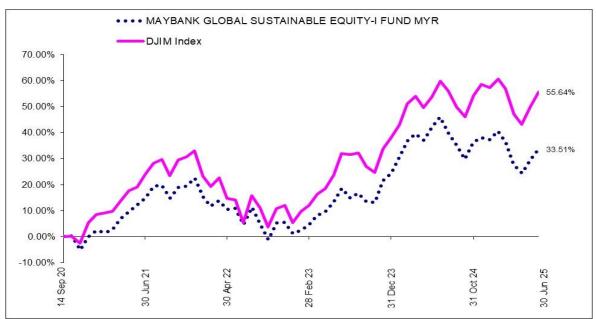
For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 30 June 2025

MYR Class

Category	1 year to 30.06.2025 %	3 years to 30.06.2025 %	Since Inception ("S.I.") to 30.06.2025
Capital growth	(8.56)	23.77	25.59
Income distribution	-	3.12	6.30
Total return of the Fund	(8.56)	27.63	33.51
Benchmark	(2.58)	47.68	55.64
Average total return	(8.56)	8.46	6.21



Manager's report

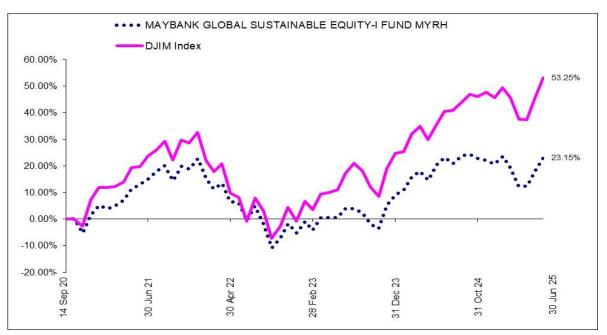
For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

MYR (Hedged) Class

	1 year	3 years	S.I.
Category	to	to	to
Category	30.06.2025	30.06.2025	30.06.2025
	%	%	%
Capital growth	(3.48)	17.78	13.70
Income distribution	3.59	5.07	8.31
Total return of the Fund	(0.02)	23.75	23.15
Benchmark	9.15	54.52	53.25
Average total return	(0.02)	7.35	4.44



Manager's report

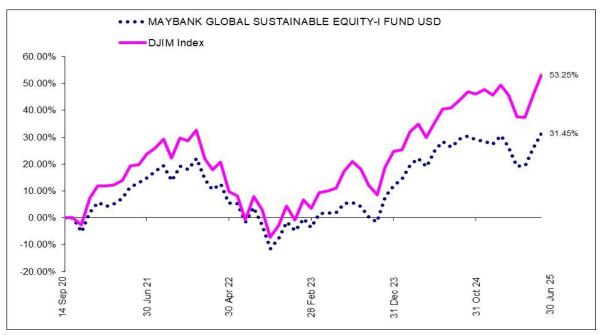
For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

USD Class

	1 year	3 years	S.I.
Category	to	to	to
Category	30.06.2025	30.06.2025	30.06.2025
	%	%	%
Capital growth	2.46	29.31	23.65
Income distribution	-	3.13	6.31
Total return of the Fund	2.46	33.36	31.45
Benchmark	9.15	54.52	53.25
Average total return	2.46	10.06	5.87



Manager's report

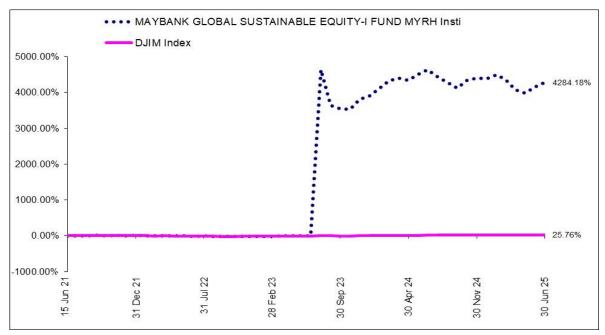
For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class

	1 year	3 years	S.I.
Category	to	to	to
Category	30.06.2025	30.06.2025	30.06.2025
	%	%	%
Capital growth	(7.34)	4,873.55	4,284.18
Total return of the Fund	(7.34)	4,873.55	4,284.18
Benchmark	9.15	54.52	25.76
Average total return	(7.34)	267.75	154.70



Manager's report

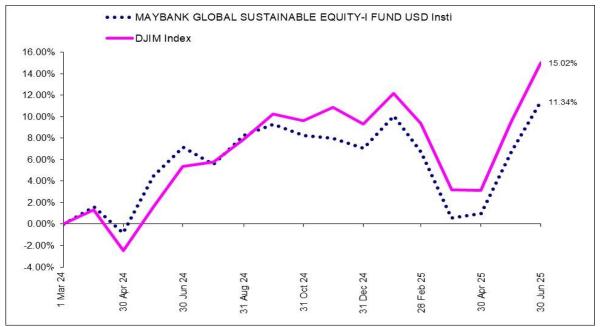
For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

USD (Institutional) Class

	1 Year	S.I.
Category	to	to
Category	30.06.2025	30.06.2024
	%	%
Capital growth	3.11	7.19
Income distribution	0.79	3.87
Total return of the Fund	3.92	11.34
Benchmark	9.15	15.02
Average total return	3.92	8.40



Source: Lipper, as at 30 June 2025

For the financial year under review, the Fund's MYR Class, MYR (Hedged) Class, USD Class, MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class and USD (Institutional) Class posted total returns of -8.56%, -0.02%, 2.46%, -7.34% and 3.92% respectively. This implies an underperformance of 5.98%, 9.17%, 6.69%, 16.49% and 5.23% for the MYR Class, MYR (Hedged) Class, USD Class, MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class and USD (Institutional) Class against their respective benchmarks.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

The larger variance observed in the MYR (Hedged) Class relative to other classes is primarily due to hedging costs arising from the volatile movements of the MYR against the USD. Please note that the MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class may not be applicable due to the significant exit of unit holders from the Fund.

Against the benchmark, the Fund underperformed during the financial year under review due to its underweight positions in consumer discretionary and information technology, as well as a slight overweight in healthcare. In consumer discretionary, the absence of exposure to Tesla, which rallied following Trump's victory, detracted from performance. On the positive side, contributors included overweight positions in consumer staples and financials, as well as not owning energy stocks.

On an absolute return basis, top contributors came from information technology (driven by the artificial intelligence ("Al") theme), consumer staples, and financials.

3. Total annual return of the Share class

	01.07.2024	01.07.2023	01.07.2022	01.07.2021	S.I.
For the financial	to	to	to	to	to
year/ period	30.06.2025	30.06.2024	30.06.2023	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	%	%	%	%	%
MYR Class	(8.56)	23.16	13.32	(8.86)	14.77
MYR (Hedged)					
Class	(0.02)	18.42	4.52	(13.46)	14.99
USD Class	2.46	21.82	6.84	(14.21)	14.90
MYR (Hedged)					
(Institutional)					
Class	(7.34)	4,950.74	6.27	(12.12)	0.31
USD					
(Institutional)					
Class	3.92	7.14	-	-	-

4. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end/ NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit/ NAV per unit ex date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

Manager's report For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

C. Market Review

The financial year under review was a dynamic and often volatile period for global equity markets, shaped by evolving macroeconomic conditions, significant policy shifts, and persistent geopolitical tensions. Although the year concluded with a notable recovery in many indices, the journey was marked by sharp corrections and broad divergences across regions and sectors.

A major source of volatility stemmed from renewed and escalating trade tensions, particularly from the United States. New tariffs announced in early 2025 (e.g., a 10.00% baseline tariff on most imports, higher rates for Chinese imports, and specific tariffs on autos, steel, and aluminium) triggered significant market downturns, especially in April 2025. While some reciprocal tariffs were later paused, ongoing uncertainty surrounding trade policy remained a key headwind, impacting global supply chains and dampening business sentiment.

The AI theme, while still compelling, underwent a re-evaluation. The release of more cost-effective AI models (such as DeepSeek in January 2025) led to a reassessment of expectations for leading AI companies, initially pressuring the "Magnificent Seven" tech stocks. However, the sector recovered strongly by the end of Q2 2025.

United States ("US") equities experienced a rollercoaster ride. Following a strong start in 2024, markets faced modest setbacks in October 2024 and December 2025. The November 2024 US election triggered a strong rally, but this was followed by a sharp correction in Q1 and early Q2 2025, driven by tariff announcements and AI valuation concerns. Despite these challenges, a remarkable V-shaped recovery ensued, with major indices, such as the Standard & Poor's ("S&P") 500, Nasdaq Composite, and Dow Jones Industrial Average, nearing or achieving new all-time highs by June 2025.

European equities presented a mixed picture. Germany's DAX posted strong gains of 31.10% during the financial period, while the broader Stoxx Europe 600 index recorded an overall gain of 9.50%, despite a slight dip in June 2025. European markets were supported by European Central Bank rate cuts and fiscal initiatives (e.g., Germany's infrastructure and defense spending). Nonetheless, political uncertainties and trade tensions continued to pose challenges.

Asia-Pacific markets demonstrated robust growth. Japan benefited from improved export demand and an accommodative monetary policy stance. Chinese equities saw a modest recovery in June 2025 but remained largely subdued, hampered by macroeconomic fragility, deflationary pressures, and trade disruptions. Nonetheless, policy support and AI breakthroughs (e.g., DeepSeek) provided some earlier momentum.

D. Market Outlook & Strategy

Looking ahead to the second half of 2025, the investment outlook remains cautious due to escalating US trade tensions, which are expected to raise inflation, slow growth, and undermine global business confidence. The US administration's tariffs could reduce global growth, increase inflationary pressures, squeeze corporate profitability, and erode both consumer and business sentiment.

Manager's report For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

D. Market Outlook & Strategy (cont'd)

In China, structural challenges persist, particularly in the property sector, along with softening export demand. However, aggressive monetary and fiscal stimulus measures, coupled with continued advances in AI, robotics, and electric vehicles ("EVs"), are supporting a moderately improving outlook. Japan is also navigating China's slowdown but is buoyed by yen depreciation, supportive Bank of Japan policies, and domestic governance reforms.

Al remains a key secular growth driver as its costs decline and adoption expands. In this uncertain environment, the Fund will continue to focus on high-quality, resilient companies positioned to benefit from long-term structural trends. Market dislocations may offer attractive opportunities for long-term investors.

The Fund continues to prefer European equities, supported by attractive valuations, strong local inflows, and stable earnings. It remains overweight in consumer staples, communication services, and non-bank financials.

E. Sustainable and Responsible Investment

During the financial year under review, the Fund complied with the Guidelines on Sustainable and Responsible Investment Funds ("SRI"). The Fund integrates Shariah principles with sustainable investing by combining exclusion-based screening with environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") investment tools and thorough bottom-up ESG analysis.

The Fund applies hard exclusions to companies involved in alcohol, tobacco, controversial weapons, gambling, adult entertainment, high-emission industries, and other sectors inconsistent with sustainability or Shariah guidelines. The portfolio invests in constituents of the Dow Jones Islamic Market World Index ("DJIM") and the MSCI Sustainable Index, leveraging Schroders' proprietary sustainability tool, SustainEx, to quantify the social and environmental impacts of companies.

Schroders evaluates companies across a broad range of ESG factors to assess financial performance and social impact. Companies with material social costs are excluded, while those with positive contributions are prioritized. At least two-thirds of the Fund's investments incorporate SRI strategies, including ESG integration, Shariah compliance, and ethical investing.

The Investment Adviser utilizes multiple data sources, including corporate disclosures, industry research, and third-party ESG providers such as MSCI ESG, Sustainalytics, and Bloomberg. While strong controls are in place to manage data quality, limitations in ESG data and evolving regulations may affect assessments. Schroders actively engages with companies to improve ESG transparency and supplements data gaps with proprietary models.

By applying sustainability criteria, the Fund may forgo certain investment opportunities, reflecting its commitment to responsible investing. The Manager and Investment Adviser affirm that the Fund adhered to the SRI Guidelines during the review year.

Manager's report For the financial year ended 30 June 2025 (cont'd)

F. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2025, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any soft commissions and rebates from brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY-I FUND ("FUND") FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- b) Valuation and pricing has been carried out in accordance with the Deeds;
- c) Any creation and cancellation of units have been carried out in accordance with the Deeds and relevant regulatory requirements; and
- d) We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad

(Company No: 200301008392/610812-W)

NORHAYATI BINTI AZIT

Director - Fund Services

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund as at 30 June 2025 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year then ended and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim Chairman **Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah**Director

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises instruments that have been classified as Shariah-compliant.

For and on behalf of Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar Executive Chairman

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2025, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 8 to 51.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors'* responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund (cont'd)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the Unit Holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2026 J Chartered Accountant

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	2025 USD	2024 USD
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Dividend income Profit income Purification of income Net gain from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"):	14	1,561,469 92,442 -	1,437,457 83,598 (44,473)
Net realised gainNet unrealised gainNet income/ (loss) on foreign exchange		556,470 443,052	12,091,440 8,146,397
and derivatives	4	6,780,371 9,433,804	(4,004,327) 17,710,092
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee Trustee's fee	5	1,524,035	1,460,962
Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee	6	65,696 2,466 7,408	53,462 2,592 5,542
Shariah advisory fee Brokerage and other transaction fees		2,733 189,680	2,550 261,316
Administrative expenses		56,069 1,848,087	74,155 1,860,579
Net income before distribution and taxation Distribution to unitholders	16	7,585,717	15,849,513
MYR Class MYR (Hedged) Class USD Class		(1,407,601) -	(774,532) (624,627) (89,271)
USD (Institutional) Class		(256,664) (1,664,265)	(960,000) (2,448,430)
Net income before taxation Taxation Net income after taxation, representing	7	5,921,452 (350,504)	13,401,083 (379,900)
the total comprehensive income for the financial year		5,570,948	13,021,183
Net income after taxation is made up of the following:			
Net realised income Net unrealised income		1,419,627 4,151,321	3,924,577 9,096,606
		5,570,948	13,021,183

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)

	Note	2025 USD	2024 USD
Distributions for the financial year:	16		
MYR Class Net distributions (in Fund currency)			774,532
Net distributions (in Class currency)			3,651,732
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen) Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 16	4.30 Refer to Note 16
MYR (Hedged) Class Net distributions (in Fund currency)		1,407,601	624,627
Net distributions (in Class currency)		5,982,156	2,944,965
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)		4.00	1.70
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 16	Refer to Note 16
USD Class			
Net distributions (in Fund currency)			89,271
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cent)		- D (,) N , 40	3.80
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 16	Refer to Note 16
USD (Institutional) Class			
Net distributions (in Fund currency)		256,664	960,000
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cent)		0.83	3.20
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 16	Refer to Note 16

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	2025 USD	2024 USD
ASSETS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Deposits with licensed Islamic	8	108,938,383	88,771,418
financial institutions Dividend receivable	9	501,083 117,565	3,284,646 140,408
Profit income receivables	40	41	895
Amount due from Manager	10 11	92,321	1,185,137
Cash at bank	11	2,953,897	14,739,523
Tax recoverable Derivative assets	12	24,005	15,826
	12	471,627 113,098,922	108,137,853
TOTAL ASSETS		113,090,922	100,137,033
LIABILITIES			
Derivative liabilities	12	-	300,769
Amount due to Manager	10	464,350	1,511,666
Amount due to Trustee	13	5,412	5,345
Purification of income payable	14	35,851	60,941
Other payables and accruals		8,278	4,874
Distribution payable		1,676,828	2,447,111
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,190,719	4,330,706
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		110,908,203	103,807,147
,			
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDE OF THE FUND COMPRISE:	ERS		
Unitholders' contribution	15(a)	100,129,649	98,599,541
Retained earnings	15(b) & (c)	10,778,554	5,207,606
3	() ()	110,908,203	103,807,147
		, ,	, ,
NET ASSET VALUE			
MYR Class		35,581,073	26,771,175
MYR (Hedged) Class		40,303,945	43,156,965
USD Class		1,868,076	2,681,708
MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class		10,408	10,026
USD (Institutional) Class		33,144,701	31,187,273
		110,908,203	103,807,147

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025 (CONT'D)

		2025	2024
	Note		
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	15(a)		
MYR Class MYR (Hedged) Class USD Class MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class USD (Institutional) Class	<u>-</u>	119,345,694 149,326,740 1,510,779 1,000 30,923,432 301,107,645	91,998,415 172,923,917 2,222,339 1,000 30,000,000 297,145,671
NAV PER UNIT			
MYR Class (RM) MYR (Hedged) Class (RM) USD Class (USD) MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class (RM) USD (Institutional) Class (USD)	-	1.2558 1.1369 1.2365 43.8405 1.0718	1.3733 1.1778 1.2067 47.3141 1.0396

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Unitholders' capital Note 15(a) USD	Retained earnings Note 15(b) & 15(c) USD	Net assets attributable to unitholders USD
At 1 July 2024	98,599,541	5,207,606	103,807,147
Total comprehensive income for the			
financial year	-	5,570,948	5,570,948
Creation of units	43,746,164	-	43,746,164
Reinvestment of units	2,447,004	-	2,447,004
Cancellation of units	(44,663,060)		(44,663,060)
At 30 June 2025	100,129,649	10,778,554	110,908,203
At 1 July 2023 Total comprehensive income for the	91,597,300	(7,813,577)	83,783,723
financial year	-	13,021,183	13,021,183
Creation of units	77,945,234	-	77,945,234
Cancellation of units	(70,942,993)	-	(70,942,993)
At 30 June 2024	98,599,541	5,207,606	103,807,147

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025 USD	2024 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	76,192,737	89,432,229
Net purchase of investments	(92,854,240)	(84,152,961)
Net receipt/ (settlement) on derivatives	3,158,026	(3,465,916)
Net receipt/ (settlement) for realised foreign exchange income/ (loss)	116,980	(886,211)
Dividends received	1,249,996	1,242,652
Profit income received	93,296	82,703
Manager's fee paid	(1,522,696)	(1,459,142)
Trustee's fee paid	(65,628)	(52,285)
Shariah fee paid	(2,230)	(3,411)
Purification income paid	(25,090)	(152,683)
Taxation paid	(20,012)	(138,164)
Payment of other fees and expenses	(52,523)	(72,645)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating	, , ,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
and investing activities	(13,731,384)	374,166
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from units created	44,893,964	76,849,869
Cash paid on units cancelled	(45,751,257)	(69,825,425)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities	(857,293)	7,024,444
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING	(14,588,677)	7,398,610
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	18,024,169	10,710,020
Effect on foreign exchange	19,488	(84,461)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	3,454,980	18,024,169
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank (Note 11)	2,953,897	14,739,523
Deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions with maturity		
of less than 3 months (Note 9)	501,083	3,284,646
	3,454,980	18,024,169

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Global Sustainable Equity-I Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 12 February 2020 between the Manager, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM"), the Trustee, TMF Trustee Malaysia Berhad and the registered unitholders of the Fund. Subsequently, MAM and the Trustee have entered into the First Supplemental Deed dated 7 December 2020 and the Second Supplemental Deed dated 3 June 2022. The Deed and Supplemental Deeds are collectively referred to as 'Deeds'. The Fund was launched on 25 August 2020.

The Fund seeks to achieve income and capital growth by investing primarily in a portfolio of Shariah-compliant equities. The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in global Shariah-compliant equities (including Shariah-compliant American Depositary Receipts and Shariah-compliant Global Depositary Receipts), global Shariah-compliant equity related securities (including Shariah-compliant warrants), Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits. The Fund may also invest in Islamic Real Estate Investment Trusts ("Islamic REITs").

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services Licence with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

MAM has appointed Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MIAM") as the External Investment Manager for the Fund. MIAM is a subsidiary of MAMG and is a holder of CMSL to carry out Islamic fund management business pursuant to Section 61 of the CMSA.

The roles and responsibilities of MIAM include management of the investment portfolio in accordance with the investment objective, subject to the CMSA and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") and any other relevant guidelines issued by the SC as well as the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement between MIAM and MAM.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager (the "Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 20 August 2025.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards, the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund had adopted the MFRS Accounting Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial year ended 30 June 2025. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.16 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("USD").

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.2 Standards and Amendments to Standards issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards and Amendments to Standards issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the Classifications and	,
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial	
Reporting Standards	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 9: Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 107: Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19: Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

Except for MFRS 18, the Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The Fund is currently in the process of assessing the potential effects of MFRS 18.

2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, profit income receivables, dividend receivables and amount due from Manager as financial assets at amortised cost.

These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss of the relevant year.

Unless designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

These assets are subsequently measured using the EPR method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial assets and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant year.

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investment in Shariah-compliant quoted equities and derivatives are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria (see above) are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL (cont'd)

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on measurement recognised in profit or loss.

Profit income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of FVTPL investments are recognised in unrealised gain/ (loss) on FVTPL investments in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised gain/ (loss) on FVTPL investments in profit or loss when the associated assets are sold.

(iii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date.
 As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
 As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature, full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(iv) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

On derecognition of financial assets at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.5 Financial liabilities

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, distribution payable, purification of income payable and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial liability and of allocating and recognising the profit expense in profit or loss over the relevant year.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligations under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.6 Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives are financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss categorised as held for trading unless they are designated hedges.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held for trading and accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for FVTPL.

The Fund does not apply hedge accounting to the forward currency contracts entered during the financial year. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to apply the hedge accounting in the future.

2.7 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.8 Functional and foreign currency

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in USD, which is also the Fund's functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.9 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation.*

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

Distribution equalisation represents the average distributable amount included in the creation and cancellation prices of units. This amount is either refunded to unitholders by way of distribution and/ or adjusted accordingly when units are cancelled.

2.10 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction in the statement of comprehensive income except where dividend is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' contribution. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposit with a financial institution with original maturity of three (3) months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.12 Revenue/Income

Revenue/Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive is established. Dividend revenue is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Profit income from deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions is recognised on the accruals basis using the EPR method.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investment is accounted for as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

2.13 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

In some jurisdictions, investment income is subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. Withholding tax is a generic term used for the amount of withholding tax deducted at the source of the income and is not significant for the Fund. The Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

2.14 Segment information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for the allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

2.15 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

No major judgements have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.16 Cleansing/ Purification of profit

The Fund is required to cleanse or purify any profit or gains generated by Shariah non-compliant activity or sources. Such Shariah non-compliant gain or income may arise as follows.

(i) Shariah non-compliant investment

Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Manager will be disposed of or withdrawn as soon as possible. In the event the investment results in gain (through capital gain and/ or dividend), the gain is to be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the disposal of the investment results in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the Manager.

(ii) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the fund's investment

If a security is reclassified as Shariah non-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SACSC") and/ or the Shariah board of the Dow Jones Islamic Indices, as per the Shariah Adviser's advice, the said security shall be disposed of soonest practical, once the total amount of dividends received and the market value held equal the original investment costs.

Any capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant security made at the time of the announcement can be kept by the Fund. However, any excess capital gains derived from the disposal after the announcement day at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement day is to be channelled to Baitulmal or any charitable bodies.

(iii) Purification of cash dividend received

The cleansing process is the means by which all remaining elements of non-permissible income are removed or purged from a portfolio through dividend cleansing. The process applies mainly to non-permissible income as per Dow Jones screening methodology and should be disposed according to the same methodology of Dow Jones. The cleansed income shall be channelled to charities as approved by the Shariah Adviser.

The purification exercise is done by channelling the purification amount to charitable purposes as advised by the Shariah Adviser and this exercise will be performed by the Investment Manager when relevant information has been obtained. The calculation of the purification amount must further be endorsed by the Shariah Adviser for verification before the purification is done.

Any purification on income resulting from investments in Shariah non-compliant investments is disclosed as a reduction of the corresponding capital gain and/ or dividend in the statement of profit or loss.

3. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises:

- (i) Shariah compliant investments as per approved by the Shariah Advisory Council of Securities Commission ("SACSC"), Shariah Advisory Council of Bank Negara Malaysia ("SACBNM") and the Dow Jones Islamic Market World Index.
- (ii) Cash placement and liquid assets in local market, which are placed with a licensed Islamic financial institution.

4. NET INCOME/ (LOSS) ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND DERIVATIVES

	2025 USD	2024 USD
Net realised loss on foreign exchange	(86,179)	(1,487,639)
Net unrealised income/ (loss) on foreign exchange	2,935,873	(490,604)
Net realised income/ (loss) on derivatives	3,158,281	(3,466,897)
Net unrealised income on derivatives	772,396	1,440,813
	6,780,371	(4,004,327)

5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed on a daily basis for financial year ended 30 June 2025 and financial year ended 30 June 2024 at the following rate per annum ("p.a.") of the NAV of the Fund before deducting the Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for that particular day.

Share Class	Rate
MYR Class	1.80%
MYR (Hedged) Class	1.80%
USD Class	1.80%
MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class	0.50%
USD (Institutional) Class	0.40%

6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is computed daily based on 0.06% (2024: 0.06%) p.a. of the NAV of the Fund. The trustee fee is calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly to the Trustee.

7. TAXATION

	2025 USD	2024 USD
Tax expense for the financial year:		
Current income tax expense	350,504	379,900

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2024: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year. Profit income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. However, such income may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived.

The tax charge for the financial year is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting tax allowable expenses. In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend income and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

Income derived from sources outside Malaysia may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. Tax on dividend income from foreign quoted equities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	2025 USD	2024 USD
Net income before taxation	5,921,452	13,401,083
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2024: 24%) Income not subject to tax Loss not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,421,148 (2,268,608) 20,683 842,965	3,216,260 (5,470,000) 1,317,507 1,034,162
Income taxed at source	334,316	281,971
Tax expense for the financial year	350,504	379,900

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

			2025 USD	2024 USD
Shariah-compliant quoted equities	s - Foreign	_	108,025,873	88,771,418
2025	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign				
Canada				
Canadian Pacific Kansas City Ltd	6,600	527,674	521,975	0.47
China				
Contemporary Amperex Technology Co Ltd	25,920	955,389	912,510	0.82
Novartis AG	25,525	2,588,278	3,081,925	2.78
Sika AG	4,000	1,051,126	1,081,739	0.98
<u> </u>	29,525	3,639,404	4,163,664	3.76
France				
Schneider Electric SE	8,945	1,621,561	2,369,809	2.14
Germany				
Beiersdorf AG	14,140	1,923,469	1,771,032	1.60
SAP SE	10,780	1,724,273	3,262,596	2.94
	24,920	3,647,742	5,033,628	4.54
Great Britain				
Astrazeneca Plc	15,500	2,300,923	2,148,982	1.94
GSK Plc	79,350	1,547,396	1,511,062	1.36
Relx Plc	22,580	811,034	1,217,895	1.10
Unilever Plc	43,200	2,335,873	2,618,892	2.36
	160,630	6,995,226	7,496,831	6.76

	Quantity	Aggregate cost	Market value	Percentage of NAV
2025 (cont'd)	Unit	USD	USD	%
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign (cont'd)				
Hong Kong				
BYD Co Ltd-H	55,500	1,020,351	866,093	0.78
Techtronic Industries Co Ltd	79,000	1,136,361	868,507	0.78
<u> </u>	134,500	2,156,712	1,734,600	1.56
Japan				
Bridgestone Corp	30,800	1,247,805	1,257,866	1.13
Hitachi Ltd	46,500	1,221,704	1,353,476	1.22
SMC Corp	2,300	1,160,717	828,508	0.75
=	79,600	3,630,226	3,439,850	3.10
Netherlands				
ASML Holdings NV	2,250	1,636,216	1,788,813	1.61
Norway				
Norsk Hydro	167,000	948,812	949,387	0.86
Spain				
Industria De Diseno Textil	27,600	1,158,486	1,430,684	1.29
Switzerland				
CIE Financiere Richemo-A REG	8,100	1,588,159	1,519,839	1.37
Roche Holding AG	6,170	1,906,640	2,001,679	1.80
	14,270	3,494,799	3,521,518	3.17
Taiwan				
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	110,300	2,759,835	3,997,777	3.60

2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Shariah-compliant quoted	Omi	035	03D	/6
equities - Foreign (cont'd)				
United States of America				
Abbvie Inc	7,000	1,258,342	1,299,340	1.17
Alphabet Inc	30,600	4,434,817	5,392,638	4.86
Amazon.com Inc	20,300	3,213,631	4,453,617	4.02
Apple Inc	25,300	5,040,490	5,190,801	4.68
Arista Networks Inc	15,600	1,474,013	1,596,036	1.44
Booking Holdings Inc	425	1,331,378	2,460,427	2.22
Broadcom Inc	13,400	2,486,348	3,693,710	3.33
Carrier Global Corp	15,150	1,038,105	1,108,829	1.00
Coca Cola Co	24,700	1,592,075	1,747,525	1.58
Ecolab Inc	4,070	960,828	1,096,621	0.99
Eli Lily and Co	1,800	974,395	1,403,154	1.27
Emerson Electric Co	5,830	716,227	777,314	0.70
First Solar Inc	5,400	946,109	893,916	0.81
Fortinet Inc	13,400	1,348,716	1,416,648	1.28
GE Vernova Inc	2,780	765,591	1,471,037	1.33
Meta Platforms, Inc	5,800	2,601,919	4,280,922	3.86
Microsoft Corp	17,000	6,188,718	8,455,970	7.62
Moody's Corp	1,920	854,814	963,053	0.87
Motorola Solutions Inc	2,320	810,876	975,467	0.88
Nvidia Corp	47,600	4,294,932	7,520,324	6.78
O'Reilly Automotive Inc	15,600	1,442,671	1,406,028	1.27
Oracle Corp	5,590	1,045,129	1,222,142	1.10

2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign (cont'd)	o	002	002	74
United States of America (cont'd)				
Procter & Gamble Co	11,900	1,960,310	1,895,908	1.71
Salesforce Inc	6,190	1,993,517	1,687,951	1.52
Sherwin-Williams Co	2,300	720,920	789,728	0.71
Stryker Corp	2,850	1,028,646	1,127,546	1.02
Texas Instruments Inc	8,400	1,530,624	1,744,008	1.57
TJX Companies INC	7,800	983,128	963,222	0.87
UnitedHealth Group Inc	2,500	1,178,281	779,925	0.70
Visa Inc	10,600	2,692,967	3,763,530	3.39
-	334,125	56,908,517	71,577,337	64.55
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign	1,100,265	89,125,210	108,025,873	97.41
Unrealised gain on quoted equities - Foreign*			18,900,663	
2024				
Australia				
Fortescue Ltd	164,918	2,758,190	2,358,285	2.27
China				
Novartis AG	25,700	2,532,891	2,749,868	2.65
Denmark				
Novo Nordisk A/S-B	17,043	1,582,501	2,462,965	2.37
France				
Schneider Electric SE	12,900	2,338,529	3,100,932	2.99

2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign (cont'd)	O.I.I.	002	002	70
Germany				
SAP SE	14,700	2,320,613	2,974,038	2.86
Great Britain				
GSK Plc	79,700	1,536,118	1,540,587	1.48
Relx Plc	23,700	754,785	1,089,955	1.05
Unilever Plc	61,700	3,222,030	3,388,077	3.26
_ _	165,100	5,512,933	6,018,619	5.79
Ireland				
Kingspan Group Plc	10,600	1,029,180	903,122	0.87
Japan				
Bridgestone Corp	19,300	787,124	758,687	0.73
Canon Inc	36,700	1,036,360	993,585	0.96
Daikin Industries Ltd	10,900	1,552,071	1,516,154	1.46
SMC Corp	3,500	1,779,841	1,661,387	1.60
_ _	70,400	5,155,396	4,929,813	4.75
Netherlands				
ASML Holdings NV	1,400	993,388	1,446,666	1.39
Norway				
Norsk Hydro	431,300	2,456,819	2,693,188	2.59
South Korea				
Kia Corp	16,300	1,474,537	1,530,110	1.47
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	35,500	1,774,808	2,100,500	2.02
_	51,800	3,249,345	3,630,610	3.49
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign (cont'd)				
Spain				
Industria De Diseno Textil	37,500	1,315,716	1,863,150	1.79
Taiwan				
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	118,300	2,337,439	3,521,928	3.39
United States of America				
Adobe Inc	1,700	795,052	944,418	0.91
Alphabet Inc	24,800	3,142,697	4,517,320	4.35
Amazon.com Inc	20,300	2,882,159	3,922,975	3.78
Apple Inc	12,000	1,998,926	2,527,440	2.43
Booking Holdings Inc	400	1,100,597	1,584,600	1.53
Coca Cola Co	67,600	4,100,466	4,302,740	4.14
Ecolab Inc	4,600	865,091	1,094,800	1.05
Eli Lily and Co	1,800	974,395	1,629,684	1.57
Emerson Electric Co	18,700	2,065,046	2,059,992	1.98
Ferguson Plc	4,900	1,016,752	948,885	0.91
First Solar Inc	4,200	716,322	946,932	0.91
Idexx Laboratories Inc	1,800	949,456	876,960	0.84
Merck & Co., Inc	32,000	3,502,675	3,961,600	3.82
Meta Platforms, Inc	4,100	1,571,629	2,067,302	1.99

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign (cont'd)				
United States of America (cont'd)				
Microsoft Corp	14,500	4,829,393	6,480,775	6.24
Motorola Solutions Inc	2,100	598,370	810,705	0.78
Nvent Electric Plc	11,200	930,226	858,032	0.83
Nvidia Corp	39,900	2,556,587	4,929,246	4.75
Texas Instruments Inc	10,710	1,761,655	2,083,416	2.01
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	1,900	1,064,120	1,050,700	1.01
Visa Inc	9,600	2,283,222	2,519,712	2.43
	288,810	39,704,836	50,118,234	48.26
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities - Foreign	1,410,471	73,287,776	88,771,418	85.46
Unrealised gain on quoted equities - Foreign*			15,483,642	

^{*} The unrealised gain on quoted equities comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

9. DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED ISLAMIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	2025 USD	2024 USD
Short-term placement with a maturity of less than 3 months	501,083	3,284,646

9. DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED ISLAMIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D)

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR") p.a. and average maturity of deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturity of less than 3 months as at the reporting date were as follows:

	2025		2024	
	WAEPR % p.a.	Average maturity Days	WAEPR % p.a.	Average maturity Days
Deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	2.95	1	3.30	3
_				

10. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ TO MANAGER

Amount due from Monogor	Note	2025 USD	2024 USD
Amount due from Manager Subscription of units	(i)	92,321	1,185,137
	Note	2025 USD	2024 USD
Amount due to Manager			
Manager's fee	(ii)	124,962	123,626
Redemption of units	(iii)	339,388	1,388,040
	_	464,350	1,511,666

- (i) The amount represents amount receivable from the Manager for units created.
- (ii) The amount relates to the amount payable to the Manager arising from the accruals for Managers fee at the end of the financial year. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days (2024: 15 days).
- (iii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed/ cancelled.

11. CASH AT BANK

The table below indicates the currencies that the Fund have in cash at bank as at the reporting date:

2025 USD	2024 USD
178,453	218,838
50,127	1,241,042
110,556	690,036
2,614,761	12,589,607
2,953,897	14,739,523
	178,453 50,127 110,556 2,614,761

12. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)

	Notional principal	Fair value	
2025	amount USD	Assets USD	Liabilities USD
Foreign exchange related contracts			
Currency forwards:			
Less than 1 year	39,000,000	471,627	
2024			
Foreign exchange related contracts			
Currency forwards:			
Less than 1 year	44,000,000		(300,769)

As at the reporting date there were 5 (2024: 6) forward exchange contracts outstanding.

The forward currency contracts entered into during the financial year were for hedging against the currencies exposure arising mainly from subscriptions in the MYR (Hedged) Class and MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class. The change in fair value of the forward currency contract is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

13. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable arising from the accruals for Trustee's fee at the end of the financial year. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days (2024: 15 days).

14. PURIFICATION OF INCOME PAYABLE

During the previous financial year, the Fund purified a total capital gain of USD44,473 arising from dividends received from various securities which were reclassified to Shariah non-compliant as advised by the Shariah Adviser. These amounts will be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

15. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	Note	2025 USD	2024 USD
Unitholders' contribution	(a)	100,129,649	98,599,541
Accumulated realised loss	(b)	(8,508,510)	(9,928,137)
Accumulated unrealised income	(c)	19,287,064	15,135,743
		110,908,203	103,807,147

(a) Unitholders' contribution

The units are distributed based on the following classes:

	2025		2024	
	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
(i) MYR Class	119,345,694	31,775,417	91,998,415	23,819,675
(ii) MYR (Hedged) Class	149,326,740	35,522,833	172,923,917	42,043,768
(iii) USD Class	1,510,779	1,325,656	2,222,339	2,190,355
(iv) MYR (Hedged)				
(Institutional) Class	1,000	545,743	1,000	545,743
(v) USD (Institutional)				
Class	30,923,432	30,960,000	30,000,000	30,000,000
	301,107,645	100,129,649	297,145,671	98,599,541
(i) MYR Class				
At the beginning of				
financial year	91,998,415	23,819,675	79,757,276	20,025,531
Creation of units	83,544,745	24,176,680	112,386,943	31,212,495
Reinvestment of units	2,658,899	773,740	-	-
Cancellation of units	(58,856,365)	(16,994,678)	(100,145,804)	(27,418,351)
At the end of the	(,,,	(- / / / -		, -,,
financial year	119,345,694	31,775,417	91,998,415	23,819,675
(ii) MYR (Hedged) Class				
At the beginning of				
financial year	172,923,917	42,043,768	268,973,116	64,897,901
Creation of units	69,416,822	18,081,909	65,635,071	15,296,529
Reinvestment of units	2,499,970	623,993	-	-
Cancellation of units	(95,513,969)	(25,226,837)	(161,684,270)	(38,150,662)
At the end of the				
financial year	149,326,740	35,522,833	172,923,917	42,043,768

15. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

	202	25	20	24
(iii) USD Class	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
At the heginning of				
At the beginning of financial year	2,222,339	2,190,355	2,935,581	3,031,625
Creation of units	1,245,348	1,487,575	1,286,254	1,436,210
Reinvestment of units	73,974	89,271	1,200,254	1,430,210
Cancellation of units	(2,030,882)	(2,441,545)	(1,999,496)	(2,277,480)
At the end of the	(=,000,00=/	(=, : : : , = : = /	(1,000,100)	(=,=::;::00)
financial year	1,510,779	1,325,656	2,222,339	2,190,355
•				
(iv) MYR (Hedged)				
(Institutional) Class				
At the beginning of				
financial year	1,000	545,743	15,001,000	3,642,243
Cancellation of units	-	-	(15,000,000)	(3,096,500)
At the end of the				
financial year	1,000	545,743	1,000	545,743
(v) USD (Institutional)				
Class				
At the beginning of				
financial year	30,000,000	30,000,000	-	-
Creation of units	· · · -	-	30,000,000	30,000,000
Reinvestment of units	923,432	960,000		
At the end of the				
financial year	30,923,432	30,960,000	30,000,000	30,000,000

As of the end of the financial year, the total number and value of units held legally or beneficially by the Manager and a related party are as follows:

	2025		2024	
	No of units	Valued at NAV	No of units	Valued at NAV
The Manager (MYR Class)	1,063	RM 1,335	1,063	RM 1,460
The Manager (MYR (Hedged) Class)	1,046	RM 1,189	1,046	RM 1,232
The Manager (USD Class)	1,063	USD 1,315	1,063	USD 1,283
The Manager (MYR (Hedged) (Institutional)				
Class)	1,000	RM 43,842	1,000	RM 47,314

15. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(b) Accumulated realised loss

		2025 USD	2024 USD
	At the beginning of the financial year Net realised income for the financial year At the end of the financial year	(9,928,137) 1,419,627 (8,508,510)	(13,852,714) 3,924,577 (9,928,137)
(c)	Accumulated unrealised income		
		2025 USD	2024 USD
	At the beginning of financial year Net unrealised income for the financial year At the end of the financial year	15,135,743 4,151,321 19,287,064	6,039,137 9,096,606 15,135,743

(d) Classes of shares

(i) Types of classes of units

Class	Currency
MYR Class	MYR
MYR (Hedged) Class	MYR
USD Class	USD
MYR (Hedged) (Institutional) Class	MYR
USD (Institutional) Class	USD

There are different charges and features for each class as follows:

- (a) Management fees: MYR Class (up to 1.80% p.a.), MYR (Hedged) (up to 1.80% p.a.), USD Class (up to 1.80% p.a.), MYR (Hedged)(Institutional) Class (up to 0.50% p.a.) and USD (Institutional) Class (up to 0.50% p.a.);
- (b) Initial investment for each class;
- (c) Different additional minimum investment;
- (d) Different minimum holdings for each class; and
- (e) Different sales charge for each class.

(ii) NAV computation

The computation of NAV of the Fund is based on the Fund's functional currency, USD, irrespective of the multiple classes of units (denominated in other currencies). Due to multiple classes in this Fund, the expenses of the Fund are apportioned based on the MCR, which is the size of the respective class relative to the whole Fund. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to members of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

15. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(d) Classes of shares (cont'd)

(iii) Redemption/ Cancellation by Unitholders

These units are cancellable at the unitholder's option. Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if the unitholder exercises the right to put back the unit to the Fund.

There is no restriction on the putting of the units back to the Fund (i.e. redemption), subject to the minimum redemption amount of units of each class and the minimum unit holding for each class. If the unit holdings of a unitholder are, after a redemption request, falls below the minimum unit holdings for the Fund, a request for full redemption is deemed to have been made.

16. DISTRIBUTIONS

The sources of distributions to the unitholder are as follows:

(a) MYR Class

	2024		
	Total distribution USD	Composition of distribution in percentage %	
Source of distribution* - Income distribution - Capital distribution	774,532	100.00	
Distribution date (ex-date) 2024		Gross/ Net distribution (RM sen)	
25 June 2024		4.30	

(b) MYR (Hedged) Class

	20	25	2024	
	Total distribution USD	Composition of distribution in percentage %	Total distribution USD	Composition of distribution in percentage %
Source of distribution* - Income distribution - Capital distribution	1,407,601	100.00	624,627	100.00
	1,407,601	100.00	624,627	100.00

16. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

The sources of distributions to the unitholder are as follows: (cont'd)

(b) MYR	(Hedged)	Class	(cont'd)
(N	/ IVI I IN !	HEUGEU	<i>i</i> Giass i	COIIL U

Distribution date (ex-date)	Gross/ Net distribution
2025	(RM sen)
25 June 2025	4.00
2024	
25 June 2024	1.70

(c) USD Class

	20	
	Total distribution USD	Composition of distribution in percentage %
Source of distribution* - Income distribution - Capital distribution	89,271	100.00
·	89,271	100.00
Distribution date (ex-date)		Gross/ Net distribution
2024		(USD cent)
25 June 2024		3.80

(d) USD (Institutional) Class

	20	25 Composition	2024 Composition			
	Total distribution USD	of distribution in percentage %	Total distribution USD	of distribution in percentage		
Source of distribution* - Income distribution - Capital distribution	256,664 -	100.00	960,000	100.00		
· _	256,664	100.00	960,000	100.00		
Distribution date (ex-date)				Gross/ Net		
2025				(USD cent)		
25 June 2025				0.83		
2024						
25 June 2024				3.20		

16. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

* Effective from the 1 March 2022, the Securities Commission Guidelines permit a fund to distribute out of income (which includes current year's realised income) or out of capital (which includes prior year's realised income).

17. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, there are no other significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial year.

(i) Significant related party transactions	2025 USD	2024 USD
Maybank Islamic Bhd ("MIB")*: Profit income from deposits	<u> </u>	161
Realised income/ (loss) on forward foreign exchange contracts	815,676	(584,490)
(ii) Significant related party balances		
MIB*:		
Derivative assets	69,561	-
Derivative liabilities	_	50,408

^{*} MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

18. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with brokers and dealers are as follows:

2025	Value of trades USD	Percentage of total trades %	Brokerage fees USD	Percentage of brokerage fees %
CLSA Limited Bhd CGS International Securities	52,278,556	30.93	12,785	9.58
Malaysia Sdn Bhd Maybank Investment Bank	50,285,173	29.76	52,156	39.05
Bhd ("MIBB")*	37,854,334	22.40	59,681	44.68
Robert W. Baird & Co Inc	25,969,111	15.37	3,744	2.80
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	2,597,714	1.54	5,195	3.89
	168,984,888	100.00	133,561	100.00

18. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D)

2024	Value of trades USD	Percentage of total trades %	Brokerage fees USD	Percentage of brokerage fees %
KAF Investment Bank Bhd	52,181,265	30.15	24,770	16.21
MIBB*	49,700,807	28.72	60,260	39.45
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	38,328,312	22.15	57,427	37.59
CLSA Limited Bhd	32,859,038	18.98	10,308	6.75
	173,069,422	100.00	152,765	100.00

^{*} MIBB is a wholly owned subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

Details of placements with licensed financial institutions are as follows:

	202	5	2024			
		Percentage	Percenta			
	Value of	of total	Value of	of total		
	placements	placements %	placements	placements		
Financial institutions	tions USD		USD	%		
Public Islamic Bank Bhd	655,234,480	89.16	433,322,411	75.94		
CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	79,632,308	10.84	133,254,513	23.35		
Standard Chartered Bank						
Bhd	-	-	2,000,825	0.35		
MIB*	<u> </u>		2,022,816	0.36		
	734,866,788	100.00	570,600,565	100.00		

^{*} MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

19. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. The fees and expenses include Manager's fee, Trustee's fee, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee, shariah advisory fee and other administrative expenses. For the financial year ended 30 June 2025, the TER of the Fund stood at 1.51% (2024: 1.80%).

20. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial year to the daily average NAV of the Fund. For the financial year ended to 30 June 2025, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.77 times (2024: 0.98 times).

21. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing a minimum of 80% of the Fund's NAV in Shariah-compliant equities and Shariah-compliant equity related securities. The Fund may invest up to 20% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic liquid assets or Islamic Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITS").

On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The material accounting policy information in Note 2.3 to Note 2.16 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding tax-related matters) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

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2025	Financial instruments at FVTPL USD	Financial assets at amortised cost USD	Financial liabilities at amortised cost USD	Total USD
Financial assets				
Financial assets at	400 000 000			400 000 000
FVTPL	108,938,383	-	-	108,938,383
Deposits with licensed Islamic financial				
institutions	-	501,083	-	501,083
Dividend receivable	-	117,565	-	117,565
Profit income receivables	-	41	-	41
Amount due from Manager	-	92,321	-	92,321
Cash at bank	-	2,953,897	-	2,953,897
Derivative assets	471,627	-		471,627
Total financial	·			
assets _	109,410,010	3,664,907		113,074,917

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

2025 (cont'd)	Financial instruments at FVTPL USD	Financial assets at amortised cost USD	Financial liabilities at amortised cost USD	Total USD
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee	- -	-	464,350 5,412	464,350 5,412
Purification of income payable	-	-	35,851	35,851
Other payables and accruals	_	_	8,278	8,278
Distribution payable Total financial	-		1,676,828	1,676,828
liabilities	-	-	2,190,719	2,190,719
2024				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	88,771,418	-	-	88,771,418
Deposits with licensed Islamic financial				
institutions	-	3,284,646	-	3,284,646
Dividend receivable Profit income receivables	-	140,408 895	-	140,408 895
Amount due from Manager Cash at bank	-	1,185,137 14,739,523	-	1,185,137 14,739,523
Total financial	00 774 440	·		
assets	88,771,418	19,350,609	<u>-</u>	108,122,027
Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities	300,769			300,769
Amount due to Manager	-	-	1,511,666	1,511,666
Amount due to Trustee Purification of income	-	-	5,345	5,345
payable	-	-	60,941	60,941
Other payables and accruals	_	-	4,874	4,874
Distribution payable			2,447,111	2,447,111
Total financial liabilities	300,769		4,029,937	4,330,706
_				

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL consists of quoted equities and is measured at fair value.

Fair value is determined by reference to their published price at the reporting date. For equities quoted on Bursa Malaysia, the market prices are determined by reference to the theoretical closing market price as published by Bursa Malaysia.

For equities quoted on stock exchanges other than Bursa Malaysia, the market prices are determined by reference to the theoretical closing market price as quoted by the respective foreign stock exchanges of the respective countries.

(c) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

2025	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative assets	108,938,383	- 471,627	-
2024			
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	88,771,418		_
Financial liabilities			
Derivative liabilities		300,769	_

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(d) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its financial assets at FVTPL and derivative assets and liabilities, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

There were no financial instruments which were not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts were not reasonable approximations of their respective fair values.

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Introduction

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring of risks.

Financial risk management is also carried out through sound internal control systems and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deeds, SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and CMSA.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as profit rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

(i) Profit rate risk

Cash and fixed deposits are particularly sensitive to movements in profit rates. When profit rates rise, the return on cash will rise while the value of fixed income securities will fall and vice versa, thus affecting the NAV of the Fund. The sensitivity to profit rate changes are normally greater for longer tenured securities when compared to shorter tenured securities.

The Fund's deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions carry a fixed rate and therefore is not affected by movements in market profit rates.

(ii) Currency risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The table below analyses the net position of the Fund's financial assets and financial liability (excluding derivative assets and derivative liabilities) which are exposed to foreign exchange risks as at 30 June 2025. As the Fund's functional currency is USD, the financial assets and financial liability denominated in other currencies are exposed to the movement of foreign exchange rates. The exposure might lead to the appreciation or depreciation of the financial assets and financial liability of the Fund that may affect the value of the NAV attributable to unitholders. The Fund is exposed to foreign exchange risk on Swiss Franc ("CHF"), Euro ("EUR"), British Pound Sterling ("GBP"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), Korean Won ("KRW"), MYR, Norwegian Krone ("NOK") and TWD.

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(ii) Currency risk (cont'd)

2025	CHF USD	CNY USD	EUR USD	GBP USD	HKD USD	JPY USD	NOK USD	TWD USD	TOTAL USD
Financial assets									
Financial assets at FVTPL	7,685,182	912,510	10,622,934	7,496,831	1,734,600	3,439,850	949,387	3,997,777	36,839,071
Dividend receivable	-	-	-	17,394	21,072	38,091	-	13,408	89,964
Cash at bank	-	178,453	-	-	-	-	-	110,556	289,009
Total financial assets	7,685,182	1,090,963	10,622,934	7,514,225	1,755,672	3,477,941	949,387	4,121,741	37,218,044
Net on-balance sheet open position	7,685,182	1,090,963	10,622,934	7,514,225	1,755,672	3,477,941	949,387	4,121,741	37,218,044
			4 40) #						30,000,000

Principal amount of forward exchange contracts (Note 12) *

39,000,000

The Fund's exposures to fluctuations in the Canadian Dollar ("CAD")/ USD and MYR/ USD exchange rates are not significant for the FYE 30 June 2025.

^{*} The Fund has entered into forward currency contracts to hedge its USD exposure arising mainly from investment denominated in USD and subscriptions in the MYR (Hedged) Class.

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(ii) Currency risk (cont'd)

2024	CHF USD	EUR USD	GBP USD	JPY USD	KRW USD	MYR USD	NOK USD	TWD USD	TOTAL USD
Financial assets									
Financial assets at FVTPL	2,749,868	6,074,970	6,018,619	4,929,813	3,630,610	-	2,693,188	3,521,928	29,618,996
Deposits with licensed Islamic financial									
institutions	_	_	-	_	-	2,754,701	-	-	2,754,701
Dividend receivable	-	-	37,687	37,734	-	54,080	-	10,080	139,581
Amount due from Manager	-	-	-	-	-	1,185,137	-	-	1,185,137
Cash at bank	-	-	-	218,838	-	1,241,042	-	690,036	2,149,916
Total financial assets	2,749,868	6,074,970	6,056,306	5,186,385	3,630,610	5,234,960	2,693,188	4,222,044	35,848,331
Financial liabilities									
Amount due to Manager	-	-	-	-	-	1,233,823	-	_	1,233,823
Distribution payable	-	-	-	-	_	1,397,840	-	_	1,397,840
Total financial liabilities						, ,			,,-
excluding NAV									
attributable to									
unitholders _	-	-	-	-	-	2,631,663	-	-	2,631,663
Net on-balance sheet									
open position	2,749,868	6,074,970	6,056,306	5,186,385	3,630,610	2,603,297	2,693,188	4,222,044	33,216,668
Principal amount of forward exchange contracts (Note 12) *						44,000,000			

Principal amount of forward exchange contracts (Note 12) *

The Fund's exposures to fluctuations in the Australian Dollar ("AUD")/ USD, Chinese Yuan ("CNY")/ USD and Danish Krone ("DKK")/ USD exchange rates are not significant for the FYE 30 June 2024.

^{*} The Fund has entered into forward currency contracts to hedge its USD exposure arising mainly from investment denominated in USD and subscriptions in the MYR (Hedged) Class.

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(ii) Currency risk (cont'd)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value to changes in foreign exchange movements at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is based on assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes by 5% with all variables remain constant. This represents the Manager's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the foreign exchange rate having regard to historical volatility at this rate.

	2025	5	2024		
		Effects	Effects		
	Change in	on NAV	Change in	on NAV	
	exchange	Increase/	exchange	Increase/	
	rates	(decrease)	rates	(decrease)	
Currencies	%	USD	%	USD	
Gair 6116166	70	005	76	005	
CHF	+5%	384,259	+5%	137,493	
.	-5%	(384,259)	-5%	(137,493)	
	<u> </u>	(001,200)	9,0	(101,100)	
CNY	+5%	54,548	+5%	_	
_	-5%	(54,548)	-5%	-	
		(0 1,0 10)			
EUR	+5%	531,147	+5%	303,749	
	-5%	(531,147)	-5%	(303,749)	
		<u>.</u>			
GBP	+5%	375,711	+5%	302,815	
	-5%	(375,711)	-5%	(302,815)	
HKD	+5%	87,784	+5%	-	
	-5%	(87,784)	-5%	-	
JPY	+5%	173,897	+5%	259,319	
	-5%	(173,897)	-5%	(259,319)	
Nev					
NOK	+5%	47,469	+5%	134,659	
	-5%	(47,469)	-5%	(134,659)	
TIME	5 0/	202.22	E 0/	044.400	
TWD	+5%	206,087	+5%	211,102	
	-5%	(206,087)	-5%	(211,102)	
KRW	+5%		+5%	181,531	
KKVV		-			
	-5%		-5%	(181,531)	
MYR	+5%	_	+5%	130,165	
IVI I IX	-5%	-	-5%	(130,165)	
	-5%		-5%	(130,103)	

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(iii) Equity price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of investments as the result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual shares. The price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in quoted equities.

Equity price risk sensitivity

Management's best estimate of the effect on the income for the year due to a reasonably possible change in price, with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	2025	5	2024		
	Changes in price %	Effects on NAV Increase/ (decrease) USD	Changes in price %	Effects on NAV Increase/ (decrease) USD	
Quoted equities	+5%	5,446,919	+5%	4,438,571	
	<u>-5%</u>	(5,446,919)	<u>-5%</u>	(4,438,571)	

The impact to net income after taxation is expected to be the same as the effects on NAV.

Equity price risk concentration

The Fund's exposure to price risk based on its portfolio of investments as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 8.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely payments of profit, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships, and other transactions.

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

(i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Credit risk (cont'd)

(ii) Credit quality of financial assets

Besides investing in quoted equities within the foreign countries, the Manager is also eligible to invest in Shariah-compliant liquid assets including Shariah-compliant money market instruments issued by Malaysian issuers and Malaysian financial institutions and placement in a licensed Islamic financial institutions. There will be no minimum rating stipulated for the licensed Islamic financial institutions on the placement in Islamic deposits.

(iii) Credit risk concentration

The following table analyses the Fund's Shariah-compliant deposits (and profit receivables) with licensed Islamic financial institutions and cash at bank by rating categories. The rating is obtained from RAM Holdings Bhd's official website.

	2025		2024		
	F	Percentage of NAV	Percentage of NAV		
Financial assets	USD	%	USD	%	
AAA	3,455,021	3.12	18,025,064	17.36	

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected.

The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to Unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Deeds. It is the Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund also manages its obligation to redeem units when required to do so.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by Unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with financial institutions and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets, liabilities and unitholders' contribution to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity. The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities have been included in the "less than 1 month" category and the impact of discounting is insignificant.

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

2025	Less than 1 month USD	More than 1 month USD	Total USD
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	464,350	-	464,350
Amount due to Trustee	5,412	-	5,412
Purification of income payable	35,851	-	35,851
Other payables and accruals	8,278	-	8,278
Distribution payable	1,676,828	-	1,676,828
NAV attributable to unitholders	110,908,203		110,908,203
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	113,098,922		113,098,922
2024 Financial liabilities			
Derivative liabilities	115,303	185,466	300,769
Amount due to Manager	1,511,666	-	1,511,666
Amount due to Trustee	5,345	-	5,345
Purification of income payable	60,941	-	60,941
Other payables and accruals	4,874	-	4,874
Distribution payable	2,447,111	-	2,447,111
NAV attributable to unitholders	103,807,147	-	103,807,147
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund	107,952,387	185,466	108,137,853
	, ,		, ,

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay. Provision for tax is excluded if any.

24. UNITHOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' contribution of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected returns indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding unitholders' contribution by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the unitholders' contribution management objectives, policies or processes in the current financial year.