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## MAYBANK MALAYSIA BALANCED-I FUND

Unaudited semi-annual report For the the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025

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#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **MANAGER**

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M)

Level 12 Tower C

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#### **EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER**

Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd (201301012623) (1042461-K)

Level 12, Tower C, Dataran Maybank

No.1 Jalan Maarof

59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone: +603 2297 7872 Facsimile: +603 2297 7898

#### TRUSTEE

AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad (200701008892) (766894-T)

Tingkat 2, Wisma AmanahRaya,

No. 2, Jalan Ampang 50508 Kuala Lumpur

Telephone: +603 2036 5129/5000

Facsimile: +603 2072 0322

#### **SHARIAH ADVISER**

Maybank Islamic Berhad (200701029411) (787435-M)

Level 15, Tower A, Dataran Maybank

No. 1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2297 2001

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#### Manager's report

For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025

#### A. Fund Information

#### 1. Name of the Fund

Maybank Malaysia Balanced-I Fund ("the Fund")

#### 2. Type of Fund

Income and Growth Fund (Shariah)

#### 3. Category of Fund

**Balanced Fund** 

#### 4. Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended Fund.

#### 5. Fund's launch date/ Commencement date

17 September 2002/ 8 October 2002

#### 6. Fund's investment objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to attain a mix of regular income stream and possible capital growth via investments in Shariah-compliant listed equities, Sukuk and other assets that are permissible under the Shariah Principles.

#### 7. Fund's distribution policy

Income distribution, if any, is declared at the end of the financial year of the Fund or for any specified period, as may be determined by the Manager subject to the approval from the trustee. Distribution declared, if any, will be reinvested as additional units without sales charge.

#### 8. Fund's performance benchmark

A combination of:

- 50% of the FTSE Bursa Malaysia EMAS Shariah Index ("FBMS Index") and
- 50% of the Maybank 12 months General Investment Account-i ("GIA-i") tier 1 rate

#### 9. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The Fund invests in an optimal mix of assets comprising of Shariah-compliant equities, Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest between 40% to 58% of the Fund's assets in Shariah-compliant equities, between 40% to 58% in Sukuk and Shariah-compliant money market instruments and minimum of 2% in Shariah-compliant liquid assets.

#### 10. Net income distribution for the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025

The Fund did not declare any income distribution for the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025.

## Manager's report For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)

## **B. Performance Review**

## 1. Key performance data of the Fund

	01 12 2024 to	01.12.2023 to	01 12 2023 to
Category	31.05.2025	31.05.2024	
Portfolio			
Quoted equities	40.24	43.21	41.04
Construction	7.66	6.36	7.28
Consumer Products	2.31	2.47	3.69
Energy	2.22	7.01	3.20
Financial Services	-	0.97	0.00
Healthcare	1.82	1.08	0.89
Industrial Products & Services	9.55	8.04	9.20
Plantations	1.06	-	2.86
Property	3.82	2.21	1.57
Real Estate Investment Trust ("REITs")	1.12	1.82	0.93
Technology	3.53	5.03	3.55
Telecommunication & Media	2.67	2.68	2.66
Transportation & Logistics	-	0.97	1.17
Utilities	4.48	4.57	4.04
Sukuk	57.63	46.54	43.24
Construction	8.14	2.08	9.72
Consumer Products	0.59	1.04	1.15
Diversified holdings	3.10	3.76	-
Energy	2.23	7.16	2.84
Financial Services	6.26	2.08	5.42
Healthcare	1.64	2.33	1.59
Industrial Products & Services	9.93	4.84	-
Infrastructures & Utilities	14.06	8.72	-
Plantation	1.17	1.64	1.13
Property	5.82	6.91	7.10
Real Estate	-	-	2.48
Public Finance	2.70	5.57	-
Public Services	-	-	1.73
Telecommunication & Media	1.70	-	1.63
Trading Services	0.29	0.41	-
Transportation & Logistic	-	-	1.86
Utilities	-	-	6.59
Cash and other net assets	2.13	10.25	15.72
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
NAV (RM'000)	68,479	48,280	70,581
Units in circulation (units'000)	114,369	78,707	117,174
NAV per unit (RM)	0.5988	0.6134	0.6024
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.6228	0.6210	0.6451
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5636	0.5421	0.5421

#### Manager's report

For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024	01.12.2023 to 30.11.2024
L	0110012020	0110012024	0011112024
Net income distributed (RM)	-	-	2,202
Distribution date	-	-	26/11/2024
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	1.90
Annual total return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	(0.60)	12.14	10.11
- Income distribution (%)	` -	-	3
Total return (%)	(0.60)	12.14	13.57
Benchmark (%)	(2.07)	6.30	5.71
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) (2)	0.66	0.68	1.34
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) (3)	0.24	0.32	0.69

#### Notes:

- (1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial period is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager's and Trustee's fees.
- (2) The Fund's TER decreased to 0.66% due to increase in average NAV during the current financial period under review.
- (3) The Fund's PTR decreased to 0.24 times due to increase in average NAV in the current financial period under review.

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

## 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 May 2025

Category	6 months to 31.05.2025 %	1 year to 31.05.2025 %	3 years to 31.05.2025 %	5 years to 31.05.2025 %
Capital growth	(0.60)	(2.40)	13.58	12.14
Income distribution	-	3.15	4.11	9.63
Total return of the Fund	(0.60)	0.67	18.25	22.93
Benchmark	(2.07)	(2.61)	3.36	3.59
Average total return		0.67	5.74	4.21

#### Manager's report

For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)



Source: Lipper as at 31 May 2025

For the period under review, Fund posted a total flat return of -0.60% against the benchmark's decline of 2.07%. This implies an outperformance of 1.47%. The outperformance was mainly due to the positive returns from Sukuk but was offset by negative performance from equities.

In terms of Sukuk, the outperformance was driven by tightening credit spreads and income derived from the Sukuk held in the Fund during the period.

In terms of equity sectors, the main negative contributions came from industrials, information technology, energy and consumer staples. For industrials and information technology, stocks were affected mainly by concerns on the Artificial Intelligence ("Al") diffusion rule as well as concerns on over capacity by some of the tech giants e.g. Microsoft (although this has since been rescinded with expectations of a new guideline with regards to high-end chips). Hyperscaler/ data centre builds themes were affected both the builders and manufacturers in this space. Energy stocks fell in line with the drop in oil prices as well as local overhang from Petronas-Petros dispute. Lastly, consumer staples fell names on margin compression and plantations (in line with lower commodity prices). On the other hand, this was offset contribution from communication services (fibre cable/ fixed line benefited from defensive characteristics) and real estate (asset appreciation and yielders).

#### 3. Annual total return of the Fund

For the financial period/ year ended	31.05.2025 %	30.11.2024 %	30.11.2023 %	30.11.2022 %	30.11.2021 %
Capital growth	(0.60)	10.11	6.21	(3.92)	(6.08)
Income distribution	-	3.15	0.93	-	2.67
Total return	(0.60)	13.57	7.21	(3.92)	(3.57)
Benchmark	(2.07)	5.71	1.99	(3.85)	(2.70)

#### Manager's report

For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 4. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end/ NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit/ NAV per unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

#### C. Market Review

#### **Equity Market Review**

During the period under review, global equity markets experienced significant volatility due to geopolitical tensions, tariff concerns, rising Sukuk yields, and increasing recession risks. Major United States ("US") indices declined, while key Asian markets were mixed and Association of Southeast Asian Nations ("ASEAN") markets were broadly lower. Emerging markets also trended downward as investors adopted a risk-off stance. Their currencies depreciated amid sustained net foreign selling. However, as highlighted below, equity performance masks the wild fluctuations in recent months, particularly following President Trump's declaration of "Liberation Day," which involved imposing the largest tariff in a century. Stock markets initially spiraled downward but rebounded sharply after a pause in the planned tariffs. During this brief period, markets crashed and then staged a historic rally, recovering to pre-reciprocal tariff levels.

In US indices, the tech-heavy Nasdaq was nearly flat (-0.20%), while the Dow Jones and Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") fell by 5.90% and 2.00%, respectively. In Europe, the German Deutscher Aktienindex ("DAX") led gains, surging 22.30% on the back of plans for increased infrastructure and defense spending and a revision of debt policy. The Stoxx 50 and Financial Times Stock Exchange ("FTSE") 100 rose by 11.70% and 5.90%, respectively. In Asia, Hong Kong/ China markets surged by 22.30%, while the Shanghai Composite was relatively flat (+0.60%). South Korea and India rose by 9.80% and 2.10%, respectively, while Taiwan and Japan underperformed, declining by 4.10% and 0.60%.

ASEAN markets were mixed. Singapore outperformed with a 4.20% gain, while Indonesia posted a modest 0.90% increase. In contrast, Thailand was the worst performer, tumbling 19.50%, followed by Malaysia and the Philippines, which fell 5.40% and 4.10%, respectively. Closer to home, Malaysia's main market index, the Kuala Lumpur Composite Index ("KLCI"), outperformed due to its weighting in financials and large-cap stocks. The FTSE Bursa Malaysia ("FBM") ACE and FBM Small Cap indices were the worst performers, tumbling 11.30% and 10.70%, respectively, as investors turned risk-averse. Meanwhile, the FBM EMAS, FBM 100, and FBM Shariah indices declined by 6.90%, 6.50%, and 6.50%, respectively.

## Manager's report For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)

#### C. Market Review (cont'd)

#### Sukuk Review

The local Sukuk market started the review period strongly, with the 10-year Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS") closing at 3.82% at year-end. Local supply-demand dynamics and robust domestic macroeconomic conditions continued to support the Sukuk market despite external headwinds and uncertainties stemming from the incoming Trump administration.

Entering 2025, the local Sukuk market benefited toward the end of 1Q 2025 due to risk aversion driven by Trump's policy uncertainties and slower global growth. The 10-year MGS recorded a low of 3.73% in March before closing the quarter at 3.77%, amid heightened expectations of Federal Reserve rate cuts. The local Sukuk market rally continued, with the 10-year MGS yield falling further to 3.52% as of 31 May 2025, supported by steady domestic demand, as the yield curve largely priced in a 25 basis points ("bps") Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") cut.

Meanwhile, on the monetary policy front, Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") maintained the OPR at 3.00% for the twelfth consecutive meeting since the last hike in May 2024. With headline inflation easing to a four-year low of 1.40% in March 2025 and 1Q GDP growth moderating to 4.40%, BNM is taking a cautious approach to safeguard economic stability. Additionally, BNM reduced the Statutory Reserve Requirement ("SRR") ratio by 100 bps to 1.00%, effective 16 May 2025, releasing approximately RM19 billion in liquidity into the banking system.

#### D. Market Outlook and Strategy

## **Equity Market Outlook and Stratergy**

The Trump administration's aggressive trade policies and severe US fiscal deterioration triggered major swings in US markets, impacting global equities. Though markets recovered since April 2025 and after the rollback of US-China tariffs, risks remain. We stay cautious given uncertainty beyond the 90-day tariff pause. Higher base tariffs, even if reduced, and their lasting effects may weigh on growth, sentiment, and inflation. Tariffs seem likely to remain a permanent feature, with bespoke rates set through government-to-government deals.

For Malaysia, despite recent tariff easing and the US AI diffusion rule rollback, caution is still needed. Tariffs, though lower, may hamper corporate earnings due to Malaysia's trade dependence. While initiatives like China+1 attract investments, risks persist from non-tariff barriers targeting China-made goods. The US Section 232 probe on semiconductors also threatens local tech companies.

Looking ahead, markets may remain cautious but could see near-term relief, supported by solid fundamentals, stable politics, and improving Foreign direct investment ("FDI")/ Domestic Direct Investment ("DDI"). Our strategy remains cautious, favoring higher cash and large-cap, domestic-focused stocks. We prioritize quality and defensive names over growth stocks driven by news last year. We are also opportunistically considering oversold stocks with good margins of safety. Key themes include: 1) National Energy Transition Roadmap ("NETR") sectors like water, solar, and energy efficiency; 2) government spending in Penang and East Malaysia; 3) growth in datacenters and related supply chains; and 4) stronger Malaysia-Singapore ties benefiting Johor.

## Manager's report For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 (cont'd)

#### D. Market Outlook and Strategy (cont'd)

#### **Sukuk Market Outlook and Stratergy**

We continue to maintain a positive view on the domestic sukuk market in 2025, underpinned by resilient credit fundamentals and a supportive macroeconomic backdrop. We expect credit spreads to remain stable, supported by manageable inflation, steady economic growth, and healthy credit issuance despite external uncertainties.

With policy rates appearing to have peaked and global central banks expected to pivot towards a more accommodative stance, we believe there is potential for slight compression in sovereign Sukuk yields, presenting tactical trading opportunities despite markets already pricing in a rate cut in the domestic sukuk markets.

Strategy wise, we continue to favor mid-tenor corporate sukuk that provide attractive yield premiums over government securities. We intend to maintain a duration stance that is neutral to moderately overweight, reflecting our positive outlook on profit/ interest rates. While we will tactically seek entry opportunities in government sukuk for trading purposes, our core allocation remains overweight in corporate sukuk to anchor the Fund's income generation. Corporate credits generally offer higher yields and exhibit lower price volatility, helping to cushion against potential mark-to-market fluctuations in the event of a correction in sovereign sukuk yields.

Our credit selection strategy focuses on high-quality AA-rated and selective single-A rated issuers, which offer both yield enhancement and the potential for credit upgrades as the domestic economy continues to recover. We will remain active in the primary market to capture higher-yielding new issuances and will look to exploit value opportunities in the secondary market, particularly in oversold names.

#### E. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any soft commissions and rebates from brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assists in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to unitholders.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT

## To the unit holders of MAYBANK MALAYSIA BALANCED-I FUND ("Fund")

We, AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD, have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 31 May 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, MAYBANK ASSET MANAGEMENT SDN BHD has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

We are also of the opinion that:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

#### For AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD

#### **ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI**

Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 1 July 2025

#### STATEMENT BY MANAGER

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA BALANCED-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

I, Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah, being the Director of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying unaudited financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134 Interim Financial Reporting and International Accounting Standards 34 Interim Financial Reporting so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Malaysia Balanced-I Fund as at 31 May 2025 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

**Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah** Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 1 July 2025

#### REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA BALANCED-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

We hereby confirm the following: .

- 1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed Maybank Malaysia Balanced-I Fund ("the Fund") during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of Maybank Islamic Berhad

**Dr Akhtarzaite Binti Abdul Aziz**Chairman of the Shariah Committee of Maybank Islamic Berhad

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 25 July 2025

## UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

	Note	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Dividend income Profit income Net (loss)/ gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	3	510,073 808,892	219,125 456,223
- Unrealised (loss)/ gain		(827,358)	3,413,580
- Realised (loss)/ gain		(364,114)	746,029
		127,493	4,834,957
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	4	424,768	241,076
Trustee's fee	5	28,318	16,072
Auditors' remuneration		5,411	5,441
Tax agent's fee		3,160	2,112
Shariah advisory fee		4,488	4,513
Brokerage and other transaction fees		52,400	44,231
Administrative expenses		2,796	1,458
		521,341	314,903
Net results before tax		(393,848)	4,520,054
Taxation	6	(1,054)	(1,855)
Net results after tax, which is the total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the financial period		(394,902)	4,518,199
Net results after tax is made up of the following:			
Net realised income		432,456	1,104,619
Net unrealised (loss)/ income		(827,358)	3,413,580
· <i>'</i>		(394,902)	4,518,199

## UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MAY 2025

	Note	31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed	7	67,000,895	59,488,525
Islamic financial institutions	8	790,000	11,941,685
Dividend receivable		-	38,235
Profit income receivable		490,337	372,411
Amount due from Manager	9	190	76,887
Amount due from brokers	10	337,941	676,826
Cash at bank		9,149	655,856
TOTAL ASSETS		68,628,512	73,250,425
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager	9	71,541	97,378
Amount due to Trustee	11	4,769	4,768
Amount due to brokers	10	39,230	335,702
Distribution payable		-	2,201,958
Other payables and accruals		33,917	29,290
TOTAL LIABILITIES		149,457	2,669,096
NET ASSETS VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		68,479,055	70,581,329
NET ASSETS VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS			
Unitholders' capital	12(a)	65,425,794	67,133,166
Retained earnings	12(b)&(c)	3,053,261	3,448,163
Ç	· / · /	68,479,055	70,581,329
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	12(a)	114,369,346	117,173,912
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		0.5988	0.6024

## UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

	Unitholders' capital Note 12(a) RM	Retained earnings Note 12(b) & (c) RM	Net assets attributable to unitholders RM
At 1 December 2024	67,133,166	3,448,163	70,581,329
Total comprehensive income			
for the financial period	-	(394,902)	(394,902)
Creation of units	6,478,887	-	6,478,887
Reinvestment of units	2,201,958	-	2,201,958
Cancellation of units	(10,388,217)	<u>-</u>	(10,388,217)
At 31 May 2025	65,425,794	3,053,261	68,479,055
At 1 December 2023 Total comprehensive income	34,191,574	521,736	34,713,310
for the financial period	-	4,518,199	4,518,199
Creation of units	11,082,050	-	11,082,050
Reinvestment of units	324,064	-	324,064
Cancellation of units	(2,357,839)	-	(2,357,839)
At 31 May 2024	43,239,849	5,039,935	48,279,784

## UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

Net proceeds from sales and redemptions of financial assets at FVTPL         12,804,459         9,378,024           Net payment of purchases of financial assets at FVTPL         (21,442,116)         (16,151,721)           Profit income received         690,966         396,603           Net dividend received         547,255         228,745           Manager's fee paid         (379,085)         (227,507)           Trustee's fee paid         (28,317)         (15,167)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (87,397)         (18,146)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (7,894,235)         (6,409,169)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         6,555,580         11,018,634           Payments for cancellation of units         (10,459,737)         (2,347,555)           Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities         (3,904,157)         8,671,079           NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS           OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         (11,798,392)         2,261,910           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END         (12,597,541         2,010,725           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END         799,149         4,272,635 <td c<="" th=""><th>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES</th><th>01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM</th><th>01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM</th></td>	<th>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES</th> <th>01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM</th> <th>01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM</th>	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
Net payment of purchases of financial assets at FVTPL         (21,442,116)         (16,151,721)           Profit income received         690,966         396,603           Net dividend received         547,255         228,745           Manager's fee paid         (379,085)         (227,507)           Trustee's fee paid         (28,317)         (15,167)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (87,397)         (18,146)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (7,894,235)         (6,409,169)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         6,555,580         11,018,634           Payments for cancellation of units         (10,459,737)         (2,347,555)           Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities         (3,904,157)         8,671,079           NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS           OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         (11,798,392)         2,261,910           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING         (11,798,392)         2,261,910           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END         799,149         4,272,635           Cash and cash equivalents comprise:           Cash and cash equivalents comprise:				

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

#### 1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Malaysia Balanced-I Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the Deeds (comprising The Principal Deed dated 4 September 2002 and seven supplemental deeds thereafter). The current applicable Deeds were entered into between Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM") as the Manager and TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee.

- First Supplemental deed dated 13 August 2008;
- Second Supplemental deed dated 17 October 2014;
- Third Supplemental deed dated 13 January 2017;
- Fourth Supplemental deed dated 12 December 2017;
- Fifth Supplemental deed dated 4 September 2018;
- Sixth supplemental deed dated 11 July 2019;
- Seventh supplemental deed dated 12 August 2022; and
- Eighth supplemental deed dated 8 August 2023.

The Deed and Supplemental Deeds are subsequently referred to as 'Deeds'.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in a portfolio of investments that are permissible under Shariah principles with the objective to attain a mix of regular income stream and possible capital growth. The investments include shares of companies quoted on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, Sukuk and short term deposits.

MAM has appointed Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MIAM") as the External Investment Manager for the Fund. MIAM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad and is a holder of Capital Markets Services Licence ("CMSL") to carry out Islamic fund management business pursuant to Section 61 of the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA").

The roles and responsibilities of MIAM include management of the investment portfolio in accordance with the investment objective, subject to the CMSA and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") and any other relevant guidelines issued by the SC as well as the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement between MIAM and MAM.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134 Interim Financial Reporting ("MFRS 134") and International Accounting Standards 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The semi-annual financial statements does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Fund's annual financial statements as at 30 November 2024.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

The Fund had adopted the MFRS Accounting Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to 2.15 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

#### 2.2 Standards and Amendments to Standards issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards and Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the Classifications and	•
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial	
Reporting Standards	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 9: Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 107: Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19: Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

Except for MFRS 18, the Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The Fund is currently in the process of assessing the potential effects of MFRS 18.

#### 2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

#### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, dividend receivable, profit income receivable, amount due from Manager and amount due from brokers as financial assets at amortised cost.

These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant period.

Unless designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investments in equity and Sukuk are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria (see above) are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL (cont'd)

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised gains or losses when the associated assets are sold. Profit income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Changes in fair value of FVTPL investments are recognised in unrealised gain on FVTPL investments in profit and loss. Accumulated unrealised gains are reclassified to realised loss on FVTPL investments in profit and loss when the associated assets are sold.

Profit income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

#### (iii) Impairment

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date.

  As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
   As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (iv) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### 2.5 Financial liabilities

#### (i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies other payables and accruals, amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, amount due to brokers and distribution payable as other financial liabilities.

#### (ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

#### (iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

#### 2.6 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.6 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

### 2.7 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

#### 2.8 Unitholders' capital

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- (i) the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV;
- (ii) the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- (iii) there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- (iv) the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.9 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves except where distributions is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as an adjustment to the unitholders' capital. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the income payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the income payment date, which is also the time of creation.

#### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions with original maturity of three months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.11 Revenue/Income

Revenue/Income is measured at the fair vale of consideration received or receivable.

Profit income from Sukuk includes amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, and is recognised using the effective profit method. Profit income from short-term deposits is recognised on the accruals basis using the effective profit rate method.

Dividend income is recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established. Dividend income is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of Sukuk is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments, determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investments are accounted for as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

#### 2.12 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in net assets attributable to unitholders. Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current tax rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial period.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Segment information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

#### 2.14 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

No major judgement have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

#### 2.15 Purification of income

The Fund is required to cleanse or purify any income or gains generated by Shariah non-compliant activities or sources. Such Shariah non-compliant gain or income may arise as follows.

#### (i) Shariah non-compliant investment

Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Manager will be disposed of or withdrawn as soon as possible. In the event the investment results in gain (through capital gain and/ or dividend), the gains is to be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the disposal of the investment results in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the Manager.

#### (ii) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Fund's investment

If a security is reclassified as Shariah non-compliant by the Shariah Adviser's advice, the said security shall be disposed of soonest practical, once the total amount of dividends received and the market value held equal the original investment costs.

Any capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant security made at the time of the announcement can be kept by the Fund. However, any excess capital gains derived from the disposal after the announcement day at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement day is to be channelled to Baitulmal or any charitable bodies.

The purification exercise is done by channelling the purification amount to charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser and this exercise is performed by the Manager when relevant information has been obtained. The calculation of the purification amount must further be endorsed by the Shariah Adviser for verification before the purification is done.

## 3. PROFIT INCOME

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
Profit income from Sukuk	758,960	425,262
Profit income from short-term deposits	94,335	46,977
Amortisation of premium, net of accretion of discount	(44,403)	(16,016)
	808,892	456,223

#### 4. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed daily based on 1.20% per annum ("p.a.") of the NAV of the Fund (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 1.20% p.a.), before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day.

#### 5. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is computed based on 0.08% p.a. (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 0.08% p.a.) of the NAV of the Fund, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day, subject to a minimum of RM18,000 p.a. (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: minimum of RM18,000 p.a.).

#### 6. TAXATION

	01.12.2024	01.12.2023
	to	to
	31.05.2025 RM	31.05.2024 RM
Tax expense for the financial period:	Killi	KW
Current income tax expense	1,054	1,855

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial period. Profit income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. However, such income may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2023, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

Income derived from sources outside Malaysia maybe subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. Tax on dividend income from foreign quoted equities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

## 6. TAXATION (CONT'D)

7.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net results before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

			01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
Net results before taxation		_	(393,848)	4,520,054
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 24%) Income not subject to tax Loss not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purpose Income tax at source  Tax expense for the financial period		<del>-</del>	(94,524) (316,552) 285,953 125,123 1,054 1,054	1,084,813 (1,160,390) - 75,577 1,855 1,855
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL				
		Note	31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
Quoted equities - Shariah-compliant Sukuk		(a) (b)	27,558,422 39,442,473	28,963,958 30,524,567
	O	Aggregate	67,000,895 Market	59,488,525 Percentage
31.05.2025	Quantity Unit	cost RM	value RM	of NAV %
(a) Quoted equities - Shariah compliant				
Construction				
Gamuda Bhd	633,647	1,935,636	2,895,765	4.23
IJM Corporation Bhd	340,300	781,026	850,750	1.24
Kerjaya Prospek Group Bhd	381,200	769,129	819,580	1.20
MN Holdings Bhd	526,700 1,881,847	595,645 4,081,436	679,443	0.99 7.66
	1,881,847	4,081,436	5,245,538	7.00
Consumer Products & Services				
Life Water Bhd	944,100	766,090	788,324	1.15
MBM Resources Bhd	147,000	742,078	792,330	1.16
-	1,091,100	1,508,168	1,580,654	2.31

31.05.2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(a) Quoted equities - Shariah compliant (cont'd)				
Energy Dayang Enterprise Holdings Bhd Petra Energy Bhd Uzma Bhd	289,000 450,500 1,216,977	377,472 648,798 810,497	514,420 495,550 511,130	0.75 0.72 0.75
<u></u>	1,956,477	1,836,767	1,521,100	2.22
Healthcare IHH Healthcare Bhd	180,600	1,280,217	1,246,140	1.82
Industrial Products & Services				
AWC Bhd Binastra Corp Bhd	685,900 393,000	781,290 575,632	418,399 679,890	0.61 0.99
Cypark Resources Bhd Johor Plantations Group Bhd	1,167,000 472,500	1,002,565 453,684 628,497	1,050,300 552,825	1.53 0.81
KJTS Group Bhd Prolintas Infra Business Trust Samaiden Group Bhd	623,800 736,200 535,600	707,091 654,284	654,990 710,433 535,600	0.96 1.04 0.78
Nationgate Holdings Bhd Sunway Bhd	679,800 229,100	777,537 730,817	849,750 1,088,225	1.24 1.59
·	5,522,900	6,311,397	6,540,412	9.55
Dientetione				
Plantations SD Guthrie Bhd	161,400	727,833	723,072	1.06
Property				
Matrix Concepts Holdings Bhd	598,000	804,608	837,200	1.22
Radium Development Bhd	1,079,000	518,003	534,105	0.78
Sime Darby Property Bhd	892,000 2,569,000	1,116,632 2,439,243	1,248,800 2,620,105	1.82 3.82
<del>-</del>	2,309,000	2,439,243	2,020,105	3.02
REITs				
AME REITs	472,600	615,336	770,338	1.12
Taabaalagu				
Technology Frontken Corporation Bhd	207,000	808,674	782,460	1.14
SMRT Holdings Bhd	885,000	857,007	840,750	1.23
Southern Score Builders Bhd	1,771,100	882,645	796,995	1.16
_	2,863,100	2,548,326	2,420,205	3.53
Telecommunications & Media				
Reach Ten Holdings Bhd	735,000	412,825	422,625	0.62
Telekom Malaysia Bhd	124,600	763,819	813,638	1.19
Time Dotcom Bhd	112,500	532,661	589,500	0.86
<u>-</u>	972,100	1,709,305	1,825,763	2.67

31.05.2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(a) Quoted equities - Shariah compliant (cont'd)				
<b>Utilities</b> Ranhill Utilities Bhd Tenaga Nasional Bhd	462,173 178,000 640,173	522,336 2,193,655 2,715,991	573,095 2,492,000 3,065,095	0.84 3.64 4.48
Total quoted equities - Shariah compliant	18,311,297	25,774,019	27,558,422	40.24
(b) Sukuk				
Construction				
Gamuda Land (T12) Sdn Bhd - 3.75%/ 12.08.2027 - 4.20%/ 11.10.2027	600,000 2,300,000	599,976 2,312,791	600,864 2,326,335	0.88 3.40
Press Metal Aluminium Holdings B - 4.01%/ 19.03.2032	8hd 800,000	802,302	814,008	1.19
S P Setia Bhd - 4.30%/ 23.06.2028	1,800,000 5,500,000	1,815,956 5,531,025	1,828,926 5,570,133	2.67 8.14
Consumer Products				
Evyap Sabun Malaysia Sdn Bhd - 4.30%/ 06.12.2029	400,000	400,180	403,524	0.59
Diversified Holdings				
DRB-HICOM Bhd - 4.85%/ 11.12.2026	600,000	600,003	609,600	0.89
IJM Land Bhd - 4.73%/ Perpetual - 5.65%/ Perpetual	500,000 400,000	500,073 399,962	501,555 404,588	0.73 0.59
Ponsb Capital Bhd (Series 1) - 3.99%/ 28.05.2029	600,000 2,100,000	603,570 2,103,608	608,904 2,124,647	0.89 3.10
Energy				
Petroleum Sarawak Exploration & Production Sdn Bhd - 4.31%/ 22.02.2028	1,500,000	1,506,059	1,529,550	2.23

31.05.2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Sukuk (cont'd)				
Financial Services				
Affin Islamic Bank Bhd - 4.75%/ 16.12.2027	700,000	713,321	717,640	1.05
Bank Simpanan Nasional - 3.90%/ 12.02.2029	360,000	359,619	362,934	0.53
Bank Islam Malaysia - 4.01%/ 13.07.2029	1,000,000	999,964	1,011,130	1.48
Malaysia Debt Ventures Bhd - 0.00%/ 25.09.2025	1,800,000	1,776,571	1,777,734	2.60
MNRB Holdings Bhd - 4.46%/ 22.03.2034	400,000 4,260,000	402,909 4,252,384	407,792 4,277,230	0.60 6.26
Healthcare		-		
Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd - 3.81%/ 01.12.2025	1,100,000	1,099,932	1,124,211	1.64
Industrial Products & Services				
Gamuda Bhd - 4.20%/ 10.06.2028 - 3.94%/ 26.03.2032	2,000,000 1,800,000	2,015,445 1,802,035	2,032,580 1,821,600	2.97 2.66
Ponsb Capital Bhd (Series 2) - 4.99%/ 30.06.2027	300,000	299,988	307,803	0.45
Sunway Healthcare Treasury Sdn Bhd				
- 3.85%/ 29.04.2027	1,300,000	1,299,965	1,305,161	1.91
UEM Olive Capital Bhd - 4.03%/ 20.10.2034	1,300,000 6,700,000	1,299,955 6,717,388	1,328,002 6,795,146	1.94 9.93
Infrastructures & Utilities				
BESRAYA Expressway - 5.36%/ 28.07.2028	650,000	676,591	680,271	0.99

31.05.2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Sukuk (cont'd)				
Infrastructures & Utilities (cont'o	d)			
Cypark Resources Bhd				
- 5.18%/ 29.06.2029	900,000	911,857	921,573	1.35
Edra Power Holdings Sdn Bhd				
- 5.97%/ 05.71.2028	2,100,000	2,206,856	2,218,251	3.24
- 6.06%/ 05.07.2029	1,000,000	1,077,152	1,087,660	1.59
- 6.51%/ 05.07.2035	700,000	821,887	844,172	1.23
Malaysia Airports Holdings Bhd				
- 3.30%/ 05.11.2027	200,000	199,997	198,782	0.29
Pengurusan Air SPV Bhd				
- 3.90%/ 30.10.2029	300,000	309,338	303,924	0.44
Sarawak Energy Bhd				
- 3.30%/ 14.06.2030	600,000	600,006	592,374	0.87
Tanjung Bin Energy				
- 5.85%/ 15.09.2028	800,000	827,481	833,992	1.22
TNB Northern Energy Bhd				
- 4.62%/ 30.05.2033	1,300,000	1,378,539	1,375,881	2.01
- 5.18%/ 03.08.2037	500,000	557,487	569,750	0.83
3.1076/ 03.30.2007	9,050,000	9,567,191	9,626,630	14.06
Plantation				
Perbadanan Kemajuan Pertanian				
Negeri Pahang				
- 4.11%/ 30.10.2025	800,000	800,111	798,976	1.17
Property				
Fortune Premier Sdn Bhd				
- 5.05%/ 05.09.2025	100,000	100,292	100,352	0.15
Malaysian Resources Corporation Bhd				
- 5.09%/ 18.10.2028	200,000	200,294	207,384	0.30
- 5.43%/ 28.02.2029	1,300,000	1,307,978	1,366,989	2.00
UEM Sunrise Bhd				
- 4.30%/ 16.02.2026	2,100,000	2,104,230	2,108,715	3.08
- 4.60%/ 20.05.2026	200,000	200,447	201,662	0.29
	3,900,000	3,913,241	3,985,102	5.82

31.05.2025 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Sukuk (cont'd)				
Public Finance				
Infracap Resources Sdn Bhd - 3.92%/ 15.04.2031	600,000	599,973	622,644	0.91
Johor Corporation - 4.72%/ 11.06.2027	1,200,000 1,800,000	1,215,530 1,815,503	1,226,292 1,848,936	1.79 2.70
Telecommunication & Media				
DIGI Telecommunication - 3.85%/ 27.06.2029	1,150,000	1,149,974	1,162,202	1.70
Trading Services				
Guan Chong Bhd - 3.84%/ 03.12.2027	200,000	200,473	196,186	0.29
Total Sukuk	38,460,000	39,057,069	39,442,473	57.63
	EC 774 207	64 024 000	67 000 905	07.07
Total FVTPL investments	56,771,297	64,831,088	67,000,895	97.87
Total FVTPL investments  Unrealised gain on FVTPL  investments	56,771,297	04,631,086	2,169,807	97.87
Unrealised gain on FVTPL	56,771,297	04,031,000		97.87
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments	56,771,297	-		97.87
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments 30.11.2024 (a) Quoted equities -	279,196 375,000 351,200 168,900 1,174,296	1,562,031 870,503 707,329 430,484 3,570,347		3.52 1.58 1.15 1.03 7.28
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments  30.11.2024  (a) Quoted equities - Shariah-compliant  Construction Gamuda Bhd IJM Corporation Bhd Kerjaya Prospek Group Bhd Sunway Construction Group Bhd  Consumer Products & Services	279,196 375,000 351,200 168,900 1,174,296	1,562,031 870,503 707,329 430,484 3,570,347	2,169,807 2,484,844 1,117,500 811,272 726,270 5,139,886	3.52 1.58 1.15 1.03 7.28
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments  30.11.2024  (a) Quoted equities - Shariah-compliant  Construction Gamuda Bhd IJM Corporation Bhd Kerjaya Prospek Group Bhd Sunway Construction Group Bhd  Consumer Products &	279,196 375,000 351,200 168,900	1,562,031 870,503 707,329 430,484	2,484,844 1,117,500 811,272 726,270	3.52 1.58 1.15

	Quantity	Aggregate	Market value	Percentage
30.11.2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	cost RM	RM	of NAV %
(a) Quoted equities - Shariah-compliant (cont'd)				
Energy				
Dayang Enterprise Holdings	289,000	377,472	601,120	0.85
Bhd	325,000	807,550	692,250	0.98
Keyfield International Bhd	350,500	529,988	469,670	0.67
Petra Energy Bhd	665,000	652,688	495,425	0.70
Uzma Bhd	1,629,500	2,367,698	2,258,465	3.20
Healthcare				
IHH Healthcare Bhd	86,700	615,671	629,442	0.89
Industrial Products &				
Services	522,000	615,609	451,530	0.64
AWC Bhd	473,000	692,808	804,100	1.14
Binastra Corp Bhd	807,000	689,377	669,810	0.95
Cypark Resources Bhd	570,200	592,796	610,114	0.86
HSS Engineers Bhd	623,600	523,824	860,568	1.22
Johor Plantations Group Bhd	406,100	693,802	877,176	1.24
Nationgate Holdings Bhd	514,900	489,155	494,304	0.70
Prolintas Infra Business Trust	700,600	855,847	833,714	1.18
Samaiden Group Bhd	184,600	493,669	895,310	1.27
Sunway Bhd	4,802,000	5,646,887	6,496,626	9.20
Plantations				
Genting Plantations Bhd	49,200	279,536	280,440	0.40
Hap Seng Plantations				
Holdings Bhd	320,000	687,360	668,800	0.95
SD Guthrie Bhd	221,400	998,403	1,064,934	1.51
	590,600	1,965,299	2,014,174	2.86
Property				
Radium Development Bhd	664,000	315,400	318,720	0.45
Sime Darby Property Bhd	555,000	591,681	793,650	1.12
	1,219,000	907,081	1,112,370	1.57
Real Estate Investment Trust ("REITs")				
AME REITS	472,600	615,336	656,914	0.93
<b>-</b>				
<b>Technology</b> Frontken Corporation Bhd	207,000	808,674	828,000	1.17
Inari Amertron Bhd	134,400	433,913	828,000 370,944	0.53
SMRT Holdings Bhd	560,000	583,907	627,200	0.89
Vitrox Corporation Bhd	205,800	775,648	627,200 675,024	0.89
vidox Corporation Bild	1,107,200	2,602,142	2,501,168	3.55
	1,101,200	۷,002,142	2,001,100	3.33

30.11.20	24 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
	ed equities - Shariah npliant (cont'd)				
Teled Me	communications & dia				
	om Malaysia Bhd	190,300	1,154,824	1,208,405	1.71
Time	Dotcom Bhd	139,500	660,500	669,600	0.95
		329,800	1,815,324	1,878,005	2.66
Trans MISC	sportation & Logistic Bhd	114,000	916,263	826,500	1.17
Utilit		400.470			
	ill Utilities Bhd	462,173	509,156	628,555	0.89 3.15
rena	ga Nasional Bhd	163,000 625,173	1,951,894 2,461,050	2,226,580 2,855,135	4.04
		020,170	2, 101,000	2,000,100	1.01
	quoted equities - ariah-compliant	14,064,369	26,046,909	28,963,958	41.04
(b) Suku	k				
Cons	truction				
Gamı	uda Land (T12) Sdn Bhd				
	75%/ 12.08.2027	600,000	599,982	597,150	0.85
- 4.	20%/ 11.10.2027	1,500,000	1,508,352	1,509,975	2.14
- 4.	20%/ 20.06.2028	2,000,000	2,017,810	2,016,760	2.86
1 184 1	and Dhd				
	and Bhd 73%/ Perpetual	500,000	500,094	499,835	0.71
	65%/ Perpetual	400,000	399,962	406,276	0.58
	Setia Bhd				
- 4.	30%/ 23.06.2028	1,800,000	1,818,389	1,819,728	2.58
		6,800,000	6,844,589	6,849,724	9.72
Cons	sumer Products				
	HICOM Bhd	600 000	600,000	614 440	0.07
- 4.	85%/ 11.12.2026	600,000	600,006	611,142	0.87
Guan	Chong Bhd				
	84%/ 03.12.2027	200,000	200,562	197,324	0.28
		800,000	800,568	808,466	1.15

30.11.2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Sukuk (cont'd)				
Energy				
Petroleum Sarawak Exploration and Production - 4.31%/ 22.02.2028 - 3.93%/ 24.05.2029	1,500,000 490,000 1,990,000	1,507,110 489,997 1,997,107	1,519,815 489,976 2,009,791	2.15 0.69 2.84
Financial Services				
Bank Pembangunan Malaysia Bhd				
- 3.81%/ 01.12.2025	600,000	599,999	600,870	0.85
Bank Simpanan Nasional - 3.90%/ 12.02.2029	360,000	359,574	361,008	0.51
Bank Islam Malaysia - 4.01%/ 13.07.2029	1,000,000	999,963	1,001,800	1.42
MNRB Holdings Bhd - 4.46%/ 22.03.2034	400,000	403,260	405,800	0.57
Infracap Resources Sdn Bhd - 4.40%/ 15.04.2031	600,000	599,973	613,860	0.87
GII Murabahah - 4.58%/ 30.08.2033	800,000 3,760,000	839,510 3,802,279	845,104 3,828,442	1.20 5.42
Healthcare				
Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd - 4.50%/ 13.03.2028	1,100,000	1,099,932	1,120,966	1.59
Public Services				
Johor Corp - 4.70%/ 11.06.2027	1,200,000	1,219,172	1,221,684	1.73
Plantation				
Perbadanan Kemajuan Pertanian Negeri Pahang - 4.11%/ 30.10.2025	800,000	800,271	796,600	1.13

30.11.2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Sukuk (cont'd)				
Property				
Fortune Premiere Sdn Bhd - 5.05%/ 05.09.2025	100,000	100,853	100,929	0.14
Sunway Treasury Sukuk Sdn Bhd				
- 3.85%/ 29.04.2027	1,300,000	1,299,965	1,302,093	1.84
UEM Sunrise Bhd - 4.30%/ 16.02.2026 - 4.60%/ 20.05.2026	2,100,000 200,000	2,107,195 200,672	2,111,970 202,186	2.99 0.29
- 4.03%/ 20.10.2034	1,300,000	1,299,954	1,300,052	1.84
-	5,000,000	5,008,639	5,017,230	7.10
Real Estate				
Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd	000 000	400.005	400.040	0.07
- 5.25%/ 27.03.2025	200,000	199,985	189,648	0.27
Malaysian Resources Corp - 5.09%/ 18.10.2028 - 5.43%/ 28.02.2029	200,000 1,300,000	200,335 1,308,942	205,484 1,354,821	0.29 1.92
G. 1070/ 20.02.2020	1,700,000	1,709,262	1,749,953	2.48
Telecommunication & Media				
DIGI Telecommunication - 3.85%/ 27.06.2029	1,150,000	1,149,974	1,148,781	1.63
Transportation & Logistic				
Malaysia Airport Holdings Bhd - 3.30%/ 05.11.2027	200,000	199,997	197,040	0.28
Perusahaan Otomobil Nasional Bhd ("PONSB")				
- 4.64%/ 28.12.2026 - 4.99%/ 30.06.2027	300,000 300,000	299,264 299,988	304,815 308,247	0.43 0.44
- 4.99%/ 30.06.2027 - 3.99%/ 28.05.2029	500,000	499,998	500,405	0.71
	1,300,000	1,299,247	1,310,507	1.86

## 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

30.11.2024 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Sukuk (cont'd)				
Utilities				
BESRAYA Expressway - 5.36%/ 28.07.2028	650,000	680,514	679,569	0.96
Cypark Resources Bhd - 5.18%/ 29.06.2029	900,000	913,162	915,822	1.30
Edra Power Holdings Sdn Bhd - 6.51%/ 05.07.2035	700,000	826,666	834,400	1.18
Pegurusan Air SPV Bhd - 3.90%/ 30.10.2029	300,000	310,317	300,126	0.43
Sarawak Energy Bhd - 3.30%/ 14.06.2030	600,000	600,006	581,975	0.82
TNB Northern Energy Bhd - 4.62%/ 30.05.2033	1,300,000 4,450,000	1,382,746 4,713,411	1,350,531 4,662,423	1.90 6.59
Total Sukuk	30,050,000	30,444,451	30,524,567	43.24
Total FVTPL investments	44,114,369	56,491,360	59,488,525	84.28
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments		_	2,997,165	

## 8. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED ISLAMIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	31.05.2025	30.11.2024
	RM	RM
Shariah-compliant short-term placements with licensed		
Islamic financial institutions with maturity of:		
- Less than 3 months	790,000	11,941,685

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR") of deposits and the average maturity of deposits as at the reporting date were as follows:

	31.05.2025		30.11.2024	
	WAEPR % p.a.	Average maturity days	WAEPR % p.a.	Average maturity days
Deposit with maturity of less than 3 months	2.90	4	2.92	3

#### 9. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ TO MANAGER

	Note	31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
Amount due from Manager is in respect of: Creation of units	(i)	190	76,887
Amount due to Manager is in respect of: Cancellation of units Manager's fee	(ii) (iii)	71,541 71,541	71,520 25,858 97,378

- (i) The amount represents amount receivables from the Manager for units created.
- (ii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed or cancelled.
- (iii) The amount due to Manager relates to the amount payable to the Fund Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial period/ year. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days (30.11.2024: 15 days).

#### 10. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ (TO) BROKER

The amount due from/ (to) brokers relates to the amount receivable/ (payable) from/ (to) brokers arising from the sales/ (purchases) of investments. The settlement period of these receivables/ (payables) are within 3 working days (30.11.2024: 3 days) from the deal date.

#### 11. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable to the Trustee arising from the accruals for Trustee's fee at the end of the financial period/ year. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days (30.11.2024: 15 days).

#### 12. NET ASSETS VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

		31.05.2025	30.11.2024
	Note	RM	RM
Unitholders' capital	(a)	65,425,794	67,133,166
Accumulated realised income	(b)	884,342	451,886
Accumulated unrealised income	(c)	2,168,919	2,996,277
		68,479,055	70,581,329

## 12. NET ASSETS VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS (CONT'D)

## (a) Unitholders' capital

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025		01.12.2 to 30.11.2	
	Units	RM	Units	RM
As at beginning of the				
financial period/ year	117,173,912	67,133,166	63,458,692	34,191,574
Creation of units	10,786,433	6,478,887	82,641,274	51,058,089
Reinvestment of units	3,655,916	2,201,958	592,439	324,064
Cancellation of units	(17,246,915)	(10,388,217)	(29,518,493)	(18,440,561)
As at end of the financial period/ year	114,369,346	65,425,794	117,173,912	67,133,166

As at the end of the financial period, there were no units held by the Manager or other parties related to the Manager (30.11.2024: nil).

## (b) Accumulated realised income

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 30.11.2024 RM
As at beginning of the financial period/ year Net realised income for the financial period/ year Distribution out of realised reserve As at end of the financial period/ year	451,886 432,456 - 884,342	(256,056) 2,909,900 (2,201,958) 451,886
(c) Accumulated unrealised income		
	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 30.11.2024 RM
As at beginning of the financial period/ year Net unrealised (loss)/ income for the financial period/ year As at end of the financial period/ year	2,996,277 (827,358) 2,168,919	777,792 2,218,485 2,996,277

#### 13. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Transactions with top 10 brokers/ dealers are as follows:

01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025	Value of trade RM	Percent of total trade %	Brokerage fees RM	Percent of brokerage fees %
TA Securities Bhd	9,213,705	27.81	9,218	34.00
Malayan Banking Bhd ("MBB")*	4,367,538	13.18	-	-
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	4,320,410	13.04	-	-
Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd	3,251,975	9.82	5,432	20.01
RHB Investment Bank Bhd	3,249,104	9.81	1,065	3.92
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Bhd	2,318,920	7.00	-	-
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd	2,275,438	6.87	4,551	16.77
United Overseas Bank (M) Bhd	1,954,051	5.90	3,908	14.40
Malayan Investment Bank Bhd				
("MIBB")*	1,797,433	5.43	2,773	10.21
CGS International Securities Malaysia	378,015	1.14	189	0.69
	33,126,589	100.00	27,136	100.00
01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024				
TA Securities Bhd	6,742,624	28.04	6,818	36.18
JF Apex Securities Bhd	4,621,122	19.22	4,672	24.79
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd	2,751,293	11.44	3,877	20.57
RHB Investment Bank Bhd	2,657,622	11.05	971	5.15
MBB*	1,790,000	7.44	-	-
CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	1,758,070	7.31	-	-
Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd	1,753,680	7.29	2,243	11.90
Ambank Malaysia Bhd	1,223,160	5.09	-	-
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	500,000	2.08	-	-
MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	250,802	1.04	266	1.41
	24,048,373	100.00	18,847	100.00

<sup>\*</sup> MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

Details of transactions, primarily deposits with licensed financial institutions for the current and previous financial period are as follows:

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025		01.12. to 31.05.	)
Financial institutions	Value of placements	Percentage of total placements %	Value of placements	Percentage of total placements %
Maybank Islamic Bhd ("MIB")** CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd Public Islamic Bank Bhd	477,116,000 306,694,560 - 783,810,560	60.87 39.13 - 100.00	360,098,000 - 26,995,686 387,093,686	93.03 - 6.97 100.00

<sup>\*\*</sup> MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

#### 14. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties maybe individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial period/year.

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, there are no other significant related party transactions of the Fund during the financial period/year.

		01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
(i)	Significant related party transaction		
	MIB* Profit income from deposits	58,266	43,396
(ii)	Significant related party balances	31.05.2025	30.11.2024
	MIB*		
	Cash at bank	9,149	655,856
	Profit income receivable	126	1,014
	Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	790,000	6,384,000

<sup>\*</sup> MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions with the related parties have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable with unrelated parties.

#### 15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025, the TER of the Fund stood at 0.66% (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 0.68%).

#### 16. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund us the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.24 times (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 0.32 times).

#### 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on the resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieve its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The PMC is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing between 40% to 58% of the Fund's NAV in Shariah-compliant equities, 40% to 58% in Sukuk and Shariah-compliant money market instruments and minimum of 2% in Shariah-compliant liquid assets.

On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The material accounting policies information in Note 2.3 to 2.15 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding tax-related matters) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

31.05.2025	Financial instruments at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	67,000,895	-	-	67,000,895
Shariah-compliant deposits with Islamic licensed Islamic				
financial institutions	-	790,000	-	790,000
Profit income receivable	-	490,337	-	490,337
Amount due from Manager	-	190	-	190
Amount due from brokers	-	337,941	-	337,941
Cash at bank	-	9,149	-	9,149
Total financial assets	67,000,895	1,627,617	-	68,628,512

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

31.05.2025 (cont'd)	Financial instruments at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	71,541	71,541
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	4,769	4,769
Amount due to brokers	-	-	39,230	39,230
Other payables and accruals		-	33,917	33,917
Total financial liabilities		-	149,457	149,457
30.11.2024				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	59,488,525	-	-	59,488,525
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic				
financial institutions	-	11,941,685	-	11,941,685
Dividend receivable	-	38,235	-	38,235
Profit income receivable	-	372,411	-	372,411
Amount due from Manager	-	76,887	-	76,887
Amount due from brokers	-	676,826	-	676,826
Cash at bank		655,856	-	655,856
Total financial assets	59,488,525	13,761,900	-	73,250,425
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	97,378	97,378
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	4,768	4,768
Amount due to brokers	-	-	335,702	335,702
Distribution payable	-	-	2,201,958	2,201,958
Other payables and accruals		-	29,290	29,290
Total financial liabilities	-	-	2,669,096	2,669,096

#### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's FVTPL are measured at fair value.

## Quoted equities - Shariah-compliant

The fair value of quoted investments in shares are determined by reference to the last bid price on Bursa Malaysia as at the statement of financial position date.

## <u>Sukuk</u>

Local Sukuk denominated in RM are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by Bond Pricing Agency ("BPA") as per SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

## (c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its investments at FVTPL, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

There were no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximations of their respective fair values.

#### 19. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
27,558,422	-	-	27,558,422
-	39,442,473	-	39,442,473
27,558,422	39,442,473		67,000,895
28,963,958	-	-	28,963,958
-	30,524,567	-	30,524,567
28,963,958	30,524,567	-	59,488,525
	27,558,422 - 27,558,422 28,963,958 -	27,558,422 - 39,442,473 27,558,422 39,442,473 27,558,422 39,442,473 28,963,958 - 30,524,567	RM     RM     RM       27,558,422     -     -       -     39,442,473     -       27,558,422     39,442,473     -       28,963,958     -     -       -     30,524,567     -

#### 20. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected returns as indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during current financial period.