

Asset Management

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MAYBANK RETAIL MONEY MARKET-I FUND

Annual report For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022

CORPORATE INFORMATION

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Manager's report

For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022

A. Fund Information

1. Name of the Fund

Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund ("Fund")

2. Type of Fund

Income

3. Category of Fund

Islamic money market fund

4. Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended Fund.

5. Launch date

3 November 2021

6. Fund's investment objective

The Fund aims to provide investors with liquidity and regular income stream to meet cash flow requirements based on Shariah principles while preserving capital.

Note: Capital preservation does not signify that the capital/ principal invested is guaranteed/ protected by any party.

7. Fund distribution policy

Subject to availability of income, the Fund endeavours to distribute income on a monthly basis.

8. Fund's performance benchmark

Maybank Islamic Overnight rate

9. The Fund's asset allocation policy

The Fund will invest at least 90% of the Fund's assets in Islamic deposits, Islamic money market instruments and Sukuk which have a remaining maturity period of not more than 365 days. Up to 10% of the Fund's assets will be invested in Sukuk which have a remaining maturity period of more than 365 days but fewer than 732 days.

Manager's report

For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 (cont'd)

A. Fund Information (cont'd)

10. Net income distribution for the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022

The Fund distributed a net income of RM2,016,484 to unitholders for the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022. Below is the impact of the distributions to the Fund's NAV:

Entitlement date	Payment date	Before distribution	After distribution	Gross/ net distribution	Changes %
		RM	RM	sen	, ,
27.01.2022	31.01.2022	1.0060	1.0050	0.10	(0.10)
24.02.2022	28.02.2022	1.0064	1.0054	0.10	(0.10)
29.03.2022	31.03.2022	1.0069	1.0054	0.15	(0.15)
27.04.2022	29.04.2022	1.0068	1.0052	0.16	(0.16)
27.05.2022	31.05.2022	1.0067	1.0051	0.16	(0.16)
28.06.2022	30.06.2022	1.0067	1.0053	0.14	(0.14)
27.07.2022	29.07.2022	1.0070	1.0054	0.16	(0.16)
			•	0.97	

11. Breakdown of unitholdings by size

Fund size

As at 31 July 2022, the size of the Fund was 192,414,861 units.

Breakdown of unitholdings as at 31 July 2022

Unitholdings	No. of		No. of	
	unitholders	%	units ('000)	%
5,000 units and below	1	33.33	0	0.00
5,001 to 10,000 units	-	-	-	-
10,001 to 50,000 units	-	-	-	-
50,001 to 500,000 units	1	33.33	116	0.06
500,001 units and above	1	33.34	192,299	99.94
Total	3	100.00	* 192,415	100.00

^{*} Includes 192,298,620 units held under Institutional Unit Trust Scheme Advisers.

Manager's report

For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review

1. Key performance data of the Fund

Category	3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022
Portfolio Shariah-compliant deposits (%) Cash and other net assets/ (liabilities) (%) Total (%)	99.83 0.17 100.00
NAV (RM'000) Units in circulation ('000) NAV per unit (RM) Highest NAV per unit (RM) Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	193,461 192,415 1.0054 1.0067 0.8232
Annual return (%) (1) - Capital growth (%) - Income distribution (%) Total return (%) Benchmark (%)	0.53 0.97 1.50 0.23
Net income distributed (RM) Distribution dates	2,016,484 27/01/2022 24/02/2022 29/03/2022 27/04/2022 27/05/2022 28/06/2022 27/07/2022
Gross/ net distribution per unit (sen)	0.97
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) (2)	0.21

Notes:

- (1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial period is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager's and Trustee's fees.
- (2) PTR is not applicable for this Fund as the Fund invested only in Shariah-compliant deposits during the period under review.

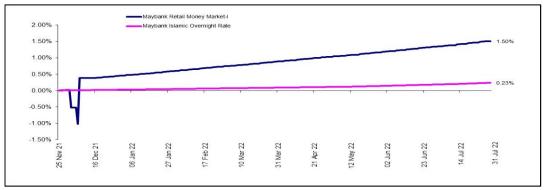
Manager's report

For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund for the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022

Category	Since Inception to 31.07.2022
	%
Capital growth	0.53
Income distribution	0.97
Total return of the Fund	1.50
Benchmark	0.23
Average total return	-



Source: Lipper

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

Has the Fund achieved its objective?

The outperformance was mainly due to better returns from its deposits with selective financial institutions.

Manager's report

For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

3. Annual total return of the Fund

For the financial period	31.07.2022
i or the infancial period	%
Capital growth	0.53
Income return	0.97
Total return	1.50
Benchmark	0.23

4. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end / NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit / NAV per unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

C. Market Review

Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") raised Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") by 25 basis points ("bps") to 2.25% at the 5-6 July 2022 Monetary Policy Committee ("MPC") meeting. This followed the 25bps hike to 2.00% at the 10-11 May 2022 meet. While domestic headwinds remain market overhangs, it has been external factors, principally the inflation, interest rate and recession concerns that have followed in the wake of Russia's invasion of Ukraine on Feb 24, 2022. Despite the absolute decline in the Malaysia market, the latter nonetheless remains a relative outperformer (as does larger ASEAN) vs. developed markets and North Asian counterpart. This has been largely due to reopening tailwinds, enabled by high vaccination rates, that are driving Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") and corporate earnings recovery, as domestic and regional mobility recover to pre-pandemic levels.

D. Market Outlook and Strategies

BNM's Monetary Policy Statement ("MPS") maintains the messaging that BNM's unwinding of accommodative monetary policy hence OPR hikes will be "measured and gradual". We foresee that Malaysia will raise OPR in a gradual manner as economic recovery progresses steadily, and as an insurance to protect against potential negative surprises from new Coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") variants and other unforeseen headwinds. No change in our view of total +75bps hikes this year to 2.50% and another +50bps hikes next year to 3.00%.

The Manager monitors the liquidity requirements closely in order to place money market deposits in appropriate tenures which will satisfy the liquidity requirements and also position of the Fund to capitalise on any profit rate movement. The Manager also actively looks for products from licensed financial institutions that provide better yields. Hence, the Manager has resorted to maintain the deposit placement up to two (2) months and at the same time reserved cash in short-term tenure for liquidity requirement.

Manager's report

For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 (cont'd)

E. Significant Changes in The State of Affairs of the Fund

Subsequent to the issuance of the Prospectus dated 3 November 2021, the following changes were updated in the First Supplementary Prospectus dated 1 June 2022:

No.	Items	Previous Prospectus	Latest Prospectus
1.	Email address for Shariah	Nil	Included
	Adviser		
2.	Transaction information amendment	have a lower minimum initial and/ or additional investments than the above for investments made via their digital platforms subject to their terms and	
3.	Change of Board of Directors	 Dato' Idris bin Kechot (chairman/ independent non-executive director) Goh Ching Yin (independent non-executive director) Loh Lee Soon (independent non-executive director) Badrul Hisyam bin Abu Bakar (non-independent non-executive director) 	director) - Goh Ching Yin (independent non- executive director) - Loh Lee Soon (independent non- executive director) - Badrul Hisyam bin Abu Bakar (non-independent non-executive director) - Ahmad Najib bin Nazlan (non-
4.	Investment Manager, Designated fund manager		Muhammad Riduan bin Jasmi
5.	Person for Fund	Chen Fai Fai	Syhiful Zamri Bin Abdul Azid
6.	Updated Taxation Adviser's letter	- Taxation adviser's letter -	- Taxation adviser's letter has been updated -

F. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any rebates from the brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

Trustee's Report

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MAYBANK RETAIL MONEY MARKET-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

We have acted as Trustee of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund ("the Fund") for the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- (b) Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- (c) Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and does reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For and on behalf of RHB TRUSTEES BERHAD

MOHD SOFIAN BIN KAMARUDDIN

Vice President

KENNY TAN WAI KUENHead, Trustees Operations

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK RETAIL MONEY MARKET-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

We, Dr Hasnita binti Dato' Hashim and Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund as at 31 July 2022 and of its results, changes in net asset value and cash flows for the financial period from 3 November 2022 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

Dr Hasnita binti Dato' Hashim Chairman **Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed** Director

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK RETAIL MONEY MARKET-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund ("the Fund") during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar Executive Chairman

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 July 2022 of the Fund, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 14 to 34.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 July 2022 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund ("the Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund (cont'd)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Yeo Beng Yean 03103/10/2022 J Chartered Accountant

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

		03.11.2021 (date of launch) to 31.07.2022
	Note	31.07.2022 RM
INCOME		
Profit income	3	2,576,814
EXPENSES		
Manager's fee	4	299,525
Trustee's fee	5	23,154
Auditors' remuneration		8,374
Tax agent's fee		4,454
Administrative expenses		7,899
		343,406
Net income before taxation		2,233,408
Taxation	6	
Net income after taxation, which is the total		
comprehensive income for the financial pe	eriod	2,233,408
Net income after taxation is made up of the f	following:	
Net realised income	-	2,233,408
Total distributions for the financial period co	omprised	
Net distribution	10	2,016,484
Gross and net distribution per unit (sen)		0.97
Details on the distribution dates are as disclose	d in Note 10.	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JULY 2022

	Note	31.07.2022 RM
ASSETS		
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions Profit income receivables Amount due from Manager Cash at bank TOTAL ASSETS	7 8	193,137,305 482,956 1,500 <u>885</u> 193,622,646
LIABILITIES		
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIUBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS)	8	141,753 3,298 16,463 161,514
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE THE FUND	2.6	193,461,132
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:		
Unitholders' contribution Retained earnings	9(a) 9(b)	193,244,208 216,924 193,461,132
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)		192,414,861
NAV PER UNIT		1.0054

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

	Unitholders' contribution Note 9(a) RM	Retained earnings Note 9(b) RM	Net assets attributable to unitholders Note 2.6 RM
At 3 November 2021 (date of launch)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	2,233,408	2,233,408
Creation of units	323,088,204	-	323,088,204
Reinvestment of units	2,016,484	-	2,016,484
Cancellation of units	(131,860,480)	-	(131,860,480)
Distributions (Note 10)	<u> </u>	(2,016,484)	(2,016,484)
At 31 July 2022	193,244,208	216,924	193,461,132

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

03.11.2021 (date of launch) to 31.07.2022 RM

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Increase in Shariah-compliant deposits	
with maturity more than 3 months	(20,000,000)
Profit from Islamic deposits received	2,093,858
Manager's fee paid	(258,302)
Trustee's fee paid	(19,856)
Other expenses paid	(4,264)
Net cash used in operating and investing activities	(18,188,564)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from creation of units	323,086,704
Payments for cancellation of units	(131,759,950)
Net cash generated from financing activities	191,326,754
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH	
EQUIVALENTS	173,138,190
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING	
OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	
OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	173,138,190
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE:	
Cash at bank	885
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial	
institutions with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 7)	173,137,305
	173,138,190

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 3 NOVEMBER 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 JULY 2022

1. THE FUND, MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Retail Money Market-I Fund ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 15 April 2021 between the Manager, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM") and the Trustee, RHB Trustees Berhad.

The Fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in liquid and low risk Shariah-compliant short-term investments with a high degree of capital preservation.

The Fund will invest at least 90% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic deposits, Islamic money market instruments and Sukuk which have a remaining maturity period of not more than 365 days. Up to 10% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in Sukuk which have a remaining maturity period of more than 365 days but fewer than 732 days.

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services License with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager (the "Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 20 September 2022.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance to Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund had adopted the MFRS, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.14 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.2 Standards and amendments to standards issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Effective for

Description	annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018-2020 Cycle	1 January 2022
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimate Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	1 January 2023
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The Fund expects that the adoption of the above standards and amendments to standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Unless designated at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, profit income receivables and amount due from Manager as financial assets at amortised cost. These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant period.

(ii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the 'Expected Credit Loss' ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date:
 As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive); or
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date:
 As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Impairment (cont'd)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature (e.g. profit income receivable), full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

(iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.5 Financial liabilities

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial liability and of allocating and recognising the profit expense in profit or loss over the relevant period.

(iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Fund's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.6 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation.*

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

Distribution equalisation represents the average distributable amount included in the creation and cancellation prices of units. This amount is either refunded to unitholders by way of distribution and/ or adjusted accordingly when units are cancelled.

2.7 Distributions

Distribution is declared at the discretion of the Fund Manager based on the availability of distributable income. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the income payment date.

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction in the statement of comprehensive income except where distributions is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' capital. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the income payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the income payment date, which is also the time of creation.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposits with financial institutions with original maturity of three (3) months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Revenue/Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable:

- Profit income from deposits with licensed financial institutions is recognised on the accruals basis using the EPR method.
- Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

2.10 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.11 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in net asset value.

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial period.

No deferred tax is recognised as there are no material temporary differences.

2.12 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures its investments at FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.13 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in RM which is also the Fund's functional currency.

2.14 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

No major judgements have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3. PROFIT INCOME

03.11.2021 (date of launch) to 31.07.2022 RM

Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits

2,576,814

4. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed daily. The fee is based on up to 0.50% per annum ("p.a.") on the NAV of the Fund, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day.

5. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to a trustee fee of up to 0.02% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund accrued daily and paid monthly to the Trustee.

6. TAXATION

03.11.2021 (date of launch) to 31.07.2022 RM

Current income tax expense

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the financial period. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. However, such income may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

Income derived from sources outside Malaysia maybe subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. Tax on dividend income from foreign quoted equities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income/ (loss) before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	03.11.2021 (date of launch) to 31.07.2022 RM
Net results before taxation	2,233,408
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax expense for the financial period	536,018 (618,435) 82,417

7. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Shariah-complia institutions with	ant deposits with licensed n maturity of:	d financial		KIVI
- less than 3 mo	onths			173,137,305
- more than 3 m	onths			20,000,000
			_	193,137,305
	verage effective profit rate the reporting date are a	ates ("WAEPR") p.a. and the as follows:	e average remaining	days to maturity
			31.07.20)22
				Average
			WAEPR	Remaining Maturity
			(% p.a.)	(Days)
				, , ,
Less than 3 mor	nths		2.45	39
More than 3 mo	nths		2.49	114
B. AMOUNT DUE	FROM/ (TO) MANAGER	र		24.07.2022
				31.07.2022 RM
Amount due from	m Manager:			
Creation of un	nits	(i)	_	1,500
Amount due to I	Manager:			
Manager's fee		(ii)		41,223
Cancellation of	of units	(iii)		100,530
				141,753

31.07.2022

RM

- (i) The amount represent amount receivable from the Manager for units subscribed.
- (ii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial period. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days.
- (iii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units cancelled.

Gross and net distribution per unit (sen)

10.

9. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	Note		31.07.2022 RM
Unitholders' contribution	(a)		193,244,208
Accumulated realised income	(b)		216,924
		_	193,461,132
(a) Unitholders' contribution			
		31.07.2	022
		Units	RM
At the beginning of the financial period		_	_
Creation of units		321,504,979	323,088,204
Reinvestment of units		2,005,998	2,016,484
Cancellation of units		(131,096,116)	(131,860,480)
At the end of the financial period	_	192,414,861	193,244,208
(b) Accumulated realised income			31.07.2022 RM
As at the beginning of the financial period			-
Net realised income for the financial perio			2,233,408
Distribution out of retained earnings (Note	10)	_	(2,016,484) 216,924
As at the end of the financial period		_	210,924
. DISTRIBUTIONS			
The sources of distributions to the unitholders	are as follows:		
			03.11.2021
			(date of launch)
			to
			31.07.2022
			RM
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits	5		2,324,690
Less: Expenses		_	(308,206)
Distributions out of realised income		_	2,016,484

0.97

10. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

The details of the distribution declared in the current period are as follows:

Distribution Dates (Ex-Dates)	Gross/ net distribution (sen)
2022	
27 January 2022	0.10
24 February 2022	0.10
29 March 2022	0.15
27 April 2022	0.16
27 May 2022	0.16
28 June 2022	0.14
27 July 2022	0.16_
	0.97

11. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties maybe individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial period.

The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions with the related parties have been entered into the normal course of the business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable with unrelated parties.

(i) Significant related party transactions	31.07.2022 RM
Maybank Islamic Bhd ("MIB"): Profit income received	248,446
(ii) Significant related party balances	
MIB: Shariah-compliant deposits Profit income receivable Cash at bank	21,787,000 127,322 885

12. TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transaction, primarily deposits with licensed financial institutions for the current financial period are as follows:

	31.07.2	31.07.2022		
Financial institutions	Value of placements RM	Percentage of total placements %		
Public Islamic Bank Bhd	2,478,046,259	43.21		
Bank Kerjasama Rakyat Malaysia Bhd	1,412,820,635	24.64		
MIB *	623,199,000	10.87		
CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	332,688,572	5.80		
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Bhd	664,784,843	11.59		
Bank Pembangunan Malaysia Bhd	105,116,008	1.83		
MBSB Bank Bhd	99,013,233	1.73		
Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	14,000,000	0.24		
SME Development Bank (M) Bhd	5,000,000	0.09		
	5,734,668,550	100.00		

^{*} MIB is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB"), the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

TER is calculated based on the ratio of the total fees and recovered expenses for the period, to the average daily NAV of the Fund. For the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022, the TER of the Fund stood at 0.21%.

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average of the total acquisitions and disposals of the investment in the Fund for the financial period to the daily average NAV of the Fund. PTR is not applicable for the financial period from 3 November 2021 (date of launch) to 31 July 2022 as the Fund invested only in Shariah-compliant deposits during the period under review.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The significant accounting policies in Note 2.3 to 2.14 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding tax-related matters) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

31.07.2022	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
Assets			
Shariah-compliant deposits with			
licensed financial institutions	193,137,305	-	193,137,305
Profit income receivables	482,956	-	482,956
Amount due from Manager	1,500	-	1,500
Cash at bank	885		885
Total financial assets	193,622,646	-	193,622,646
Liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	-	141,753	141,753
Amount due to Trustee	-	3,298	3,298
Other payables and accruals		16,463	16,463
Total financial liabilities	-	161,514	161,514

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its investments at FVTPL, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker makes the strategic decisions on resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The Fund will invest at least 90% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic deposits, Islamic money market instruments, and Sukuk with maturity of not more than 365 days and up to 10% of the Fund's NAV may be invested in Sukuk which have a remaining maturity period of more than 365 days but less than 732 days.

The remaining balance of the Fund's NAV will be invested in liquid assets. On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

17. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Introduction

The Fund maintains investment portfolios in a variety of listed and unlisted financial instruments as dictated by its Deeds and investment management strategy.

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes profit rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as profit rates. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The market risk is managed through consistent monitoring and swift response to various factors that may adversely affect the Fund.

(i) Profit rate risk

The Fund's deposits with licensed financial institutions carries fixed profit rate and is short-term in nature, and therefore is not affected by movements in market profit rate.

17. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will default on its contractual obligation resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely repayments of profit, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships and other transactions.

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's other counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

(i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

The following table analyses the Fund's cash at bank, Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions and profit income receivable on Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions by rating categories. The ratings for cash at bank, Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions and profit income receivables on Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions were obtained from RAM's official website.

(ii) Credit quality of financial assets

31	n	7	2	n	2	2
JI	·v		~	v	_	_

		As a percentage of NAV
Financial assets	RM	%
AAA	126,677,289	65.42
AA	26,866,604	13.88
AA-	35,066,404	18.11
A	5,010,849	2.59
	193,621,146	100.00

17. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Deeds.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash at bank, Shariah-compliant deposits with financial institutions and other receivables which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying amounts, as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

31.07.2022	Less than 1 month RM	More than 1 month RM	Total RM
Financial assets			
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed			
financial institutions	91,127,538	102,009,767	193,137,305
Profit income receivables	264,035	218,921	482,956
Amount due from Manager	1,500	-	1,500
Cash at bank	885	-	885
Total undiscounted financial assets	91,393,958	102,228,688	193,622,646
Financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund			
Amount due to Manager	141,753	-	141,753
Amount due to Trustee	3,298	-	3,298
Other payables and accruals	16,463	-	16,463
Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund	193,461,132	_	193,461,132
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable	100,401,102		100,401,102
to unitholders of the Fund	193,622,646		193,622,646
Liquidity (gap)/ surplus	(102,228,688)	102,228,688	

17. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Notes:

(i) Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL and deposits into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. For other assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

(iii) Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders can request for redemption on their units by giving the Manager a T+2 calendar day notice period, the unitholders' contribution have been categorised as having a maturity of "less than 1 month".

18. UNITHOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' contribution of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and generate higher returns than the prescribed benchmark as indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the unitholders' contribution management objectives, policies or processes in the current financial period.

19. COMPARATIVE

There are no comparative figures presented as this is the Fund's first reporting period since the Fund was launched on 3 November 2021.