

Asset Management

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MAYBANK MALAYSIA VALUE FUND

Annual report For the financial year ended 31 August 2022

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

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TRUSTEE

HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad (193701000084) (001281-T) Level 19, Menara IQ Lingkaran TRX, Tun Razak Exchange 55188 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

CONTENT	PAGE
Manager's report	1 - 11
Trustee's report	12
Statement by Manager	13
Independent auditor's report	14 - 17
Statement of comprehensive income	18 - 19
Statement of financial position	20 - 21
Statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders	22
Statement of cash flows	23
Notes to the financial statements	24 - 59

Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 August 2022

A. Fund Information

1. Name of the Fund

Maybank Malaysia Value Fund ("the Fund")

2. Type of Fund

Growth

3. Category of Fund

Equity

4. Classes of Units

Classes of units	ICAITRENCY DENOMINATION	Categories of Investors	Distribution Policy
Class A-MYR	RM (Ringgit Malaysia)	Retail	Distribution of income
Class C-MYR	RM (Ringgit Malaysia)	Institutional	Distribution of income
Class B-USD*	USD (United States Dollar)	Retail	Accumulation of units
Class C-USD*	USD (United States Dollar)	Institutional	Distribution of income

^{*} Class B-USD and Class C-USD were terminated on 15 October 2021.

5. Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

6. Launch date/ commencement date/ termination date

Classes of units	Launch date	Commencement date	Termination date
Class A-MYR	7 January 2003	28 January 2003	N/A
Class C-MYR	21 August 2013	11 September 2013	IN/A
Class B-USD	21 August 2013	11 September 2013	15 October
Class C-USD	21 August 2013	11 September 2013	2021

7. Fund's investment objective

The Fund seeks to provide investors with capital growth through investments in securities that are trading at a discount to their intrinsic values, while minimising the risk in the medium to long term.

8. Fund distribution policy

It is not the main objective of the Fund to distribute income as the main focus of the Fund is to secure capital growth in line with the performance of the Fund's benchmark.

- For Classes with distribution of income policy, income distribution (if any) is declared at the end of the financial year of the Fund or for any other specified period at the Manager's discretion, subject to Trustee's approval. Upon declaring the income distribution, the NAV per unit will reduce accordingly.
- For Classes with accumulation of units policy, no income distribution will be made. However, the
 value of the unitholders' investment may increase/ decrease as reflected in the increase/
 decrease in the NAV per unit.

Distribution will be made from realised income and realised gains of the Fund.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

A. Fund Information (cont'd)

9. Fund's performance benchmark

FTSE Bursa Malaysia Kuala Lumpur Composite Index ("FBM KLCI")

10. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest between 70% to 98% of the Fund's NAV in equities, and between 2% to 30% of the Fund's assets in cash or fixed income instruments (or a combination of both).

The Fund may also invest up to 25% of its NAV in Asia Pacific markets. The Fund may also invest in stocks that derive the majority of their revenue from the Asia Pacific markets.

11. Net income distribution for the financial year ended 31 August 2022

The Fund distributed a net income of RM1,863,193 from Class A-MYR and RM4,990,188 from Class C-MYR during the financial year ended 31 August 2022.

Below is the impact of the distributions to the Fund's NAV:

Entitlement date	Before distribution (RM)	After distribution (RM)	Gross distribution (sen)	Changes %
Class A-MYR 25 August 2022	0.3099	0.3004	0.95	3.17
Class C-MYR 25 August 2022	0.3545	0.3443	1.02	2.96

12. Breakdown of unitholdings by size

Fund size

As at 31 August 2022, the size of the Fund was 726,645,274 units.

Units in circulation by Class of Units (units)	2022	2021
	Units	Units
Class A-MYR	213,132,772	221,202,507
Class C-MYR	513,512,502	499,018,782
Class B-USD*	-	4,269
Class C-USD*	-	20,500
Total	726,645,274	720,246,058

^{*} Class B-USD and Class C-USD were terminated on 15 October 2021.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

A. Fund Information (cont'd)

12. Breakdown of unitholdings by size (cont'd)

Breakdown of unitholdings by Class of Units as at 31 August 2022

Class A-MYR

Unitholdings	No. of		No. of	
Ontholdings	unitholders	%	units ('000)	%
5,000 units and below	381	16.83	1,133	0.53
5,001 to 10,000 units	271	11.98	2,087	0.98
10,001 to 50,000 units	843	37.23	23,145	10.86
50,001 to 500,000 units	723	31.93	102,282	47.99
500,001 units and above	46	2.03	84,486	39.64
Total	2,264	100.00	*213,133	100.00

^{*} Comprise units held under Institutional Unit Trust Scheme Advisers ("IUTA")

Class C-MYR

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Unitholdings	No. of unitholders	%	No. of units ('000)	%
5,000 units and below	-	-	-	-
5,001 to 10,000 units	-	-	-	-
10,001 to 50,000 units	-	-	-	-
50,001 to 500,000 units	-	-	-	-
500,001 units and above	4	100.00	513,513	100.00
Total	4	100.00	513,513	100.00

B. Performance Review

1. Key performance data of the Fund

Category	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020
Portfolio composition			
Quoted equities - local			
- Construction	2.23	2.46	3.95
- Consumer Products	8.19	6.46	6.34
- Energy	3.63	0.91	3.23
- Finance	27.15	18.90	8.48
- Healthcare	-	-	4.08
- Industrial Products	5.72	8.57	14.02
- Plantation	3.53	2.06	4.17
- Properties	1.03	0.39	1.02
- Technology	2.86	13.66	16.12
- Telecommunications	5.02	4.14	2.09
- Transportation and Logistics	4.02	4.34	2.10
- Utilities	3.99	4.45	6.72

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (Cont'd)

1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020
Portfolio composition (Cont'd)			
Quoted equities - foreign			
- Hong Kong	1.86	4.22	-
- Singapore	8.11	16.21	11.77
Cash and other net assets	22.66	13.23	15.91
Total (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
Class A-MYR			
NAV (RM'000)	64,027	71,475	132,233
Units in circulation (units'000)	213,133	221,203	455,161
NAV per unit (RM)	0.3004	0.3231	0.2905
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.3292	0.3387	0.2949
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.2924	0.3165	0.2053
Net income distributed (RM'000)	1,863	1,836	-
Distribution date	25/8/2022	26/8/2021	-
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	0.95	0.85	_
Net distribution per unit (sen)	0.90	0.85	-
Annual return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	(7.03)	11.18	2.40
- Income distribution (%)	3.00	2.63	-
Total return (%)	(4.23)	14.11	2.40
Benchmark (%)	(5.58)	4.99	(5.39)
Class C-MYR			
NAV (RM'000)	176,811	184,400	161,258
Units in circulation (units'000)	513,513	499,019	486,510
NAV per unit (RM)	0.3443	0.3695	0.3315
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.3766	0.3869	0.3364
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.3348	0.3616	0.2340
Net income distributed (RM'000)	4,990	4,622	_
Distribution date	25/8/2022	26/8/2021	_
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	1.02	0.95	_
Net distribution per unit (sen)	1.00	0.95	-
Annual return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	(6.82)	11.46	2.60
- Income distribution (%)	2.91	2.57	2.00
Total return (%)	(4.11)	14.33	2.60
Benchmark (%)	(5.58)	4.99	(5.39)
	()		(2.23)

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020
Class B-USD (terminated on 15 October 2021)			
NAV (RM)	_	15,462	13,550
Units in circulation (units)	-	4,269	4,269
NAV per unit (USD)	-	0.8721	0.7624
Highest NAV per unit (USD)	0.8808	0.8958	0.7754
Lowest NAV per unit (USD)	0.8546	0.8300	0.5086
Annual return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	-	14.39	3.36
- Income distribution (%)	-	-	-
Total return (%)	-	14.39	3.36
Benchmark (%)	-	5.21	(4.48)
Class C-USD (terminated on 15 October 2021)			
NAV (RM)	-	80,550	70,440
Units in circulation (units)	-	20,500	20,500
NAV per unit (USD)	-	0.9462	0.8254
Highest NAV per unit (USD)	0.9556	0.9711	0.8383
Lowest NAV per unit (USD)	0.9272	0.9002	0.5501
Annual return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	-	14.63	3.58
- Income distribution (%)	-	-	-
Total return (%)	-	14.63	3.58
Benchmark (%)	-	5.21	(4.48)
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) (2)	1.52	1.56	1.61
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) (3)	0.38	0.82	1.04
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Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

Notes:

- (1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial year is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager's and Trustee's fees.
- (2) The Fund's TER decreased to 1.52% due to lower administrative expenses in the current financial year ended 31 August 2022.
- (3) The Fund's PTR decreased to 0.38 times which was mainly due to lower investing activities during the financial year ended 31 August 2022.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

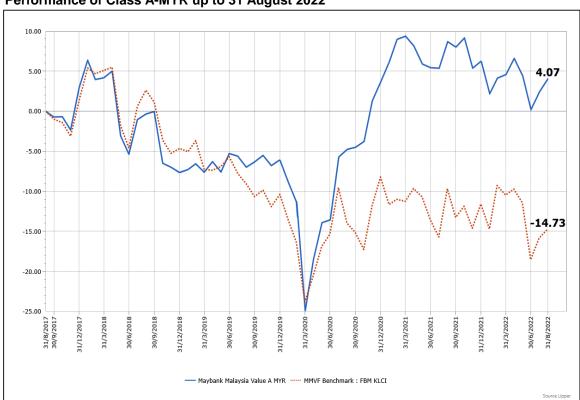
B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 August 2022

Class A-MYR

Category	1 year to 31.08.2022 %	3 years to 31.08.2022 %	5 years to 31.08.2022 %
Capital growth	(7.03)	5.85	(12.98)
Income distribution	3.00	5.71	19.60
Total return of the Class	(4.23)	11.90	4.07
Benchmark	(5.58)	(6.21)	(14.73)
Average total return	(4.23)	3.81	0.80

Performance of Class A-MYR up to 31 August 2022



Source: Lipper as at 31 August 2022

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

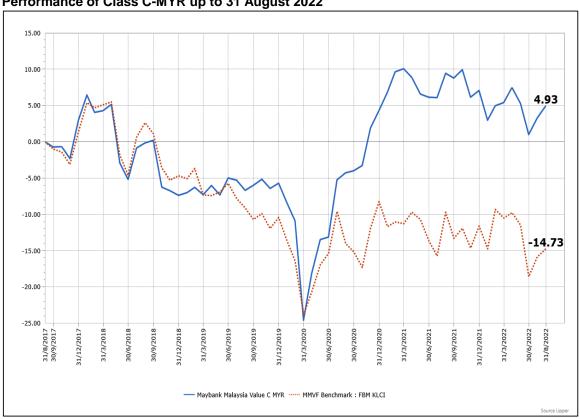
B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

Class C-MYR

Category	1 year to 31.08.2022 %	3 years to 31.08.2022 %	5 years to 31.08.2022 %
Capital growth	(6.82)	6.56	(7.27)
Income distribution	2.91	5.56	13.16
Total return of the Class	(4.11)	12.49	4.93
Benchmark	(5.58)	(6.21)	(14.73)
Average total return	(4.11)	4.00	0.97

Performance of Class C-MYR up to 31 August 2022



Source: Lipper as at 31 August 2022

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

For the 12-months period under review, the fund registered a loss of -4.23% (MYR-Class A) and -4.11% (MYR-Class C), outperforming its benchmark which posted a loss of -5.58%. Relative to the Kuala Lumpur Composite Index ("KLCI"), the major contributor to the outperformance came from not owning any Healthcare/ Glove companies which performed poorly due to falling selling prices and impending oversupply. The Communication sector also contributed to the outperformance due to our holdings in the fixed line space which contributed positively compared to the cellular players which continue to sell down on stiff competition and policy uncertainties. On the flip side, major detractor to performance came from being underweight in Financials which did well in a recovering economy and being overweight in Information Technology which came under selling pressure as their valuation contracted on rising interest rates.

Has the Fund met its objective?

For the period under review, the fund has met its objective of achieving capital growth in the medium-to-long term as it has posted a positive return and outperformed its KLCI benchmark for the 5-years period.

3. Annual total return of Class of Units

Class A-MYR

For the financial year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ended	%	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	(7.03)	11.18	2.40	(12.41)	(0.37)
Income distribution	3.00	2.63	-	6.56	-
Total return	(4.23)	14.11	2.40	(6.66)	(0.37)
Benchmark	(5.58)	4.99	(5.39)	(11.40)	2.62

Class C-MYR

For the financial year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ended	%	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	(6.82)	11.46	2.60	(12.84)	(0.16)
Income distribution	2.91	2.57	-	7.20	-
Total return	(4.11)	14.33	2.60	(6.56)	(0.16)
Benchmark	(5.58)	4.99	(5.39)	(11.40)	2.62

Class B-USD (terminated on 15 October 2021)

For the financial year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ended	%	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	-	14.39	3.36	(8.50)	(7.24)
Income distribution	-	-	-	-	-
Total return	-	14.39	3.36	(8.50)	(7.24)
Benchmark	-	5.21	(4.48)	(13.43)	6.64

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

3. Annual total return of Class of Units (cont'd)

Class C-USD (terminated on 15 October 2021)

For the financial year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ended	%	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	-	14.63	3.58	(8.71)	3.39
Income distribution	-	-	-	-	-
Total return	-	14.63	3.58	(8.71)	3.39
Benchmark	-	5.21	(4.48)	(13.43)	6.64

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

4. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end / NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit / NAV per unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

C. Market Review

During the period under review, global equity markets were mostly lower. The Dow Jones and Standard and Poor's 500 ("S&P500") posted a loss of 10.9% and 12.6% respectively for the period. Tech heavy Nasdaq suffered worse, falling 23.0% for the period as major chip makers suffered supply chain disruptions amid the lockdowns and the derating of their high valuation amidst rising inflation. European markets were no better, with the Euro Stoxx 50 registering a loss of 16.2%. Regionally, Asian markets were also weaker with Hong Kong, South Korea, China (Shanghai) and Taiwan down 22.9%, 22.7%, 9.6% and 13.7% respectively. Association of Southeast Asian Nations ("ASEAN") markets were better off, with Indonesia as the clear outperformer, gaining 16.7%. Thailand was flat, whereas Philippines posted a loss of 4.0% and Singapore posted a gain of 5.5% respectively.

Domestically, The Financial Times Stock Exchange Bursa Malaysia Kuala Lumpur Composite Index ("FBMKLCI") was also down 5.6%, moving in line with the broader market FBM Emas Index, which also posted a loss of 8.0% for the one year period ending 31 August 2022. FBM SmallCap Index was also down, posting a loss of 9.8%. In terms of foreign flows, foreign funds recorded another net outflow of RM3.2 billion ("bn") for the full calendar year 2021, despite a massive outflow of RM24.6bn for the year 2020. However, for the year until end August 2022, foreign funds have been positive, with a net inflow of RM8.2bn in the local equity market.

Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

C. Market Review (cont'd)

Domestically, the FBMKLCI was down 5.6%, moving in line with the broader market FBM Emas Index, which also posted a loss of 8.0% for the one year period ending 31 August 2022. FBM SmallCap Index was also down, posting a loss of 9.8%. In terms of foreign flows, foreign funds recorded another net outflow of RM3.2bn for the full calendar year 2021, despite a massive outflow of RM24.6bn for the year 2020. However, for the year until end Aug 2022, foreign funds have been positive, with a net inflow of RM8.2bn in the local equity market.

The first half of 2021 saw investor sentiment improve, due to the belief that the world had finally endured the worst of the pandemic. However, resurgent Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("Covid-19") variants has since threatened this sanguine outlook. In addition, persistent shortages in raw materials, and more recently shortages in energy, have meant that producers around the world continue to struggle to meet demand. We also saw country-level troubles, most notably with the big-tech crackdown as well as the Evergrande saga in China. Moving into 2022 although with most economies reopening, rising inflation and uncertainty over speed of interest rate rise as well as tightening of the Federal Reserve's ("Fed")'s balance sheet, and the Russia-Ukraine crisis were some of the headwinds behind the lackluster performance of global equities.

In Malaysia corporate reporting season in May 2022 was generally within expectations. Overall, earnings showed resilience despite escalating costs. Missed expectations were mainly sectors in construction, glove makers and property as these generally experience lower labour issues, material supply chain disruptions and lower average selling prices. Beats were in automotive, consumer, oil and gas and plantation. Moving forward, we believe there are rising risks of weaker corporate earnings due to margin pressure on persistent high inflation. In that regard, corporates that are able to have better pricing power and/ or ability to manage costs would be key in current environment.

D. Market Outlook and Strategy

The equity outlook for Asia, as for other parts of the world, hinges on the Fed's response to the challenges of inflation and how the Russia-Ukraine conflict resolves. For Asia in particular, the outcome of China's Zero Covid-19 policy and whether it can emerge from what is hopefully a bottom of the country's economic cycle will determine if Asia can continue to outperform the world in the 2H2022. With such backdrop of persisting volatility, we are neutral on Asian equities. Given the hawkish tone set by the Fed, the rest of Asia ex-Japan with the exception of China, will likely press on the path of policy tightening. The impact of this path will be closely watched over the next 12 months as the risk of recession and corporate failures rise with rising borrowing costs and inflation. Another source of drag for economies is the diminished purchasing power of consumers due to persistent inflation that will likely lead to lower than expected growth from private consumption. Until global equity markets have repriced adequately to reflect the extent of economic slowdown that lies ahead, market volatility will persist.

Locally, we are cautiously optimistic on the local equity market. We are of the view that Malaysia economic recovery theme will continue despite rising threat of inflation and interest rate. There will be rising cost and margin pressure to be an incremental threats to earnings in 2H2022 but corporates would likely be able to absorb these shocks. Overall fundamental matrices for the local equity market remain supportive and attractive.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 (cont'd)

D. Market Outlook and Strategy (cont'd)

Strategy wise, as we expect the market to be volatile on the back of headwinds from persistent inflation, rising interest rates and reduced liquidity/ fund flows from quantitative tightening, we may hold higher cash from time to time and will have some trading positions to take opportunity of the market volatility. Although our approach remains with bottom-up stock picking, there are a few sectors that we favour including banks and selected recovery play companies for a longer-term view.

E. Significant financial risk of the Fund

As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. Investors should be aware that if the currencies in which the investments are denominated depreciate against the base currency, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the Fund in the base currency and vice versa. Investors should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.

The Fund is a multi-class fund. The Fund's currency risk at portfolio level means the impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the Fund and the currency of the underlying investments may result in a depreciation of the value of the investments as expressed in the base currency of the Fund. Meanwhile at Class level, the impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the Fund and the currency of the respective Classes may result in a depreciation of the investor's holdings as expressed in the base currency of the Fund.

F. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms and have also executed trades for other Funds or investments managed by the Manager.

During the financial year ended 31 August 2022, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any rebates from the brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefit to the unitholders. The soft commissions received were for the benefit of the Fund and there was no churning of trades.

G. Securities Financing Transactions and Cross Trade Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transaction ("securities financing transactions") in FY2022. No cross trade transaction have been carried out in FY2022.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA VALUE FUND ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 August 2022 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deeds, securities laws and the Guidelines of Unit Trust Funds.
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deeds; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distributions of income by the Fund are appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Yap Lay Guat Manager, Investment Compliance Monitoring Kuala Lumpur 25 October 2022

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA VALUE FUND

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Malaysia Value Fund as at 31 August 2022 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 August 2022 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim Chairman Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed
Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 25 October 2022

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Malaysia Value Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Malaysia Value Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 August 2022 of the Fund, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 August 2022, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 18 to 59.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 August 2022, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd, (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Malaysia Value Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. As disclosed in Note 2.1 to the financial statements, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than of a going concern.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Malaysia Value Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Malaysia Value Fund (cont'd)

Other matters

25 October 2022

This report is made solely to the Unit Holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2024 J Chartered Accountant

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Note	2022 RM	2021 RM
INVESTMENT (LOSS)/ INCOME			
Dividend income Interest income Net (loss)/ gain from investments on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"):		6,944,614 318,515	5,899,172 528,851
Realised gainUnrealised (loss)/ gainNet gain on foreign exchange	3	1,044,087 (17,855,137) 3,180,448	28,243,173 6,409,744 667,812
		(6,367,473)	41,748,752
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee Trustee's fee Auditor's remuneration Tax agent's fee Brokerage and other transaction fees Administrative expenses	4 5	3,275,657 193,650 15,650 3,860 312,671 200,840	3,626,886 212,323 9,000 3,860 652,763 293,036
·		4,002,328	4,797,868
Net results before distribution and taxation Distribution to unitholders Class A-MYR Class C-MYR	2.8 14(a) 14(b)	(10,369,801) (1,863,193) (4,990,188) (6,853,381)	36,950,884 (1,836,247) (4,621,849) (6,458,096)
Net results before taxation Taxation Net results after taxation, which is the total	6	(17,223,182) (65,370)	30,492,788 (1,559)
comprehensive (loss)/ income for the financial year		(17,288,552)	30,491,229
Net results after taxation is made up of the following: Realised (loss)/ income		(1,504,128)	23,616,605
Unrealised (loss)/ income		(15,784,424) (17,288,552)	6,874,624 30,491,229

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022 (CONT'D)

	Note	2022 RM	2021 RM
Distributions for the financial year:			
Class A-MYR			
Net distribution for the year	14(a)	1,863,193	1,836,247
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	14(a)	0.95	0.85
Net distribution per unit (sen)		0.90	0.85
Distribution date (ex-date)	14(a)	25 August 2022	26 August 2021
Class C-MYR			
Net distribution for the year	14(b)	4,990,188	4,621,849
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	14(b)	1.02	0.95
Net distribution per unit (sen)		1.00	0.95
Distribution date (ex-date)	14(b)	25 August 2022	26 August 2021

The Fund did not declare any distribution for Class B-USD and Class C-USD during the current and previous financial year.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

	Note	2022 RM	2021 RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Deposits with a licensed financial institution	7 8	186,314,906 25,834,042	222,336,242 28,752,086
Dividend receivable Interest receivable Other receivables		121,452 3,185 80,298	96,648 2,521 -
Cash at banks TOTAL ASSETS	11	28,846,690 241,200,573	5,384,126 256,571,623
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee	10 12	302,755 16,151	523,960 17,109
Amount due to brokers Provision for tax Other payables and accruals	9	- 25,757 17,994	27,795 - 32,052
TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS)		362,657	600,916
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		240,837,916	255,970,707
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:			
Unitholders' contribution Retained earnings	13 (a) 13 (b) & (c)	219,460,229 21,377,687	217,304,468 38,666,239
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	13 (b) & (c)	240,837,916	255,970,707

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022 (CONT'D)

	Note	2022 RM	2021 RM
NAV BY CLASS	13(a)		
Class A-MYR		64,026,911	71,474,597
Class C-MYR		176,811,005	184,400,098
Class B-USD*		-	15,462
Class C-USD*			80,550
		240,837,916	255,970,707
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	13(a)		
Class A-MYR		213,132,772	221,202,507
Class C-MYR		513,512,502	499,018,782
Class B-USD*		-	4,269
Class C-USD*			20,500
		726,645,274	720,246,058
NAV PER UNIT			
Class A-MYR		RM 0.3004	RM 0.3231
Class C-MYR		RM 0.3443	RM 0.3695
Class B-USD*			USD 0.8721
Class C-USD*			USD 0.9462

^{*} Class B-USD and C-USD were terminated on 15 October 2021 and the final repayment of capital to the unitholders were based on NAV price per unit of USD0.8569 and USD0.9327 respectively.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Unitholders' contribution Note 13 (a) RM	Retained earnings Note 13 (b) & 13 (c) RM	Net assets attributable to unitholders RM
At 1 September 2021	217,304,468	38,666,239	255,970,707
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	-	(17,288,552)	(17,288,552)
Creation of units	6,123,931	-	6,123,931
Reinvestment of units	6,853,381	-	6,853,381
Cancellation of units	(10,821,551)	-	(10,821,551)
At 31 August 2022	219,460,229	21,377,687	240,837,916
A. 4.0	005 000 004	0.475.040	000 574 004
At 1 September 2020	285,396,821	8,175,010	293,571,831
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	30,491,229	30,491,229
Creation of units	69,617	-	69,617
Reinvestment of units	6,458,096	-	6,458,096
Cancellation of units	(74,620,066)		(74,620,066)
At 31 August 2021	217,304,468	38,666,239	255,970,707

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	2022 RM	2021 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from disposal of investments at FVTPL	102,961,211	254,133,214
Net payment for purchase of investments at FVTPL	(83,263,976)	(183,681,242)
Dividends received	6,919,810	6,004,642
Interest income received	317,851	531,692
Manager's fee paid	(3,292,460)	(3,682,667)
Trustee's fee paid	(194,608)	(215,107)
Payment of other fees and expenses	(173,412)	(137,751)
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities	23,274,416	72,952,781
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from units created	6,123,931	69,805
Cash paid on units cancelled	(11,042,756)	(75,845,007)
Net cash used in financing activities	(4,918,825)	(75,775,202)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING	18,355,591	(2,822,421)
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	34,136,212	36,639,869
Effects of foreign exchange	2,188,929	318,764
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END		
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	54,680,732	34,136,212
Cash and cash equivalents comprise :		
Cash at banks (Note 11)	28,846,690	5,384,126
Deposit with a licensed financial institution with		
maturity of less than 3 months (Note 8)	25,834,042	28,752,086
	54,680,732	34,136,212

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Malaysia Value Fund ("Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 4 December 2002 between Amanah Mutual Berhad ("AMB") as the Manager and HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad as the Trustee and the Registered Holders of the Fund. The following Supplemental Deeds have been issued between AMB and the Trustee:

- First supplemental deed dated 12 March 2012
- Second supplemental deed dated 20 June 2012
- Third supplemental deed dated 27 January 2016

Following the acquisition of AMB by Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM"), the immediate and ultimate holding company of AMB has been changed to MAM and Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB") respectively, effective 17 May 2018.

Subsequently, MAM and the Trustee has entered into the Fourth supplemental deed dated 4 September 2018, Fifth supplemental deed dated 11 July 2019 and Sixth supplemental deed dated 5 August 2022. The Deed and Supplemental Deeds are subsequently referred to as 'Deeds'.

Prior to 23 December 2019, the Fund had 7 Classes of Units namely Class A-MYR, C-MYR, B-USD, C-USD, B-SGD, A-JPY and B-JPY. Effective 23 December 2019, Class B-SGD, Class A-JPY and Class B-JPY were terminated and removed from the Replacement Master Prospectus dated 17 January 2020.

The Fund seeks to provide investors with capital growth through investments in securities that are trading at a discount to their intrinsic values, while minimising the risk in the medium to long term. Up to 25% of the Fund's NAV may also be invested in the Asia Pacific markets. The Fund may also invest in stocks that derive the majority of their revenue from the Asia Pacific markets.

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services License with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C, Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of MBB.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager (the "Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 25 October 2022.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

The Fund has adopted the MFRS, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial year. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.14 to the financial statements.

All amounts are stated in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") except for the NAV per unit for non-MYR classes which are stated in United States Dollar ("USD").

2.2 Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018-2020 Cycle	1 January 2022
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimate	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The Fund expects that the adoption of the above standards and amendments to standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Unless designated at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, interest receivable, dividend receivable, amounts due from brokers and Manager, financial assets at amortised cost. These assets are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. The EIR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the interest income in profit or loss over the relevant period.

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investments in quoted equities are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL (cont'd)

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Dividend income on investments in equity instruments at FVTPL is recognised in profit and loss when the Fund's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with MFRS 9 and is disclosed separately in the profit and loss.

Changes in the fair value of FVTPL investments are recognised in 'unrealised loss on FVTPL investments' in profit and loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to 'realised (loss)/ gain on FVTPL investments' in profit or loss when the associated assets are sold.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

Credit losses are recognised based on the 'Expected Credit Loss' ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date:
 As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date:
 As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature (e.g. interest receivable and dividend receivable), full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.5 Financial liabilities

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liabilities. The Fund classifies amount due to Trustee, amount due to Manager, amount due to brokers, and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Fund derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Fund's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.6 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that the market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that the market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.7 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contribution to the Fund are classified as liabilities under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* as they are puttable instruments whereby the unitholders have the right to redeem their units in the Fund at their option.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units.

Distribution equalisation represents the average distributable amount included in the creation and cancellation prices of units. This amount is either refunded to unitholders by way of distribution and/ or adjusted accordingly when units are cancelled.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.8 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from profit or loss and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income except where dividend is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' contribution. A proposed dividend is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is declared at the discretion of the Fund Manager based on the availability of distributable income.

Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the income payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the income payment date which is also the time of creation.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposit with licensed financial institutions with original maturity of three months or less, which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.10 Revenue/Income

Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive is established. Dividend revenue is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Interest income is recognised using the EIR method.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investments is accounted for as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

2.11 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial year.

In some jurisdictions, investment income is subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. Withholding tax is a generic term used for the amount of withholding tax deducted at the source of the income and is not significant for the Fund. The Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income. No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

2.12 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

2.13 Functional and foreign currency

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.14 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

No major judgements have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3. NET GAIN ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE

	2022 RM	2021 RM
Realised foreign exchange gain	1,109,735	202,932
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	2,070,713	464,880
	3,180,448	667,812

4. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed at the following rate per annum ("p.a.") of the NAV of the Fund before deducting the Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for that particular day.

Share Class	Rate		
	2022	2021	
Class A-MYR	1.50%	1.50%	
Class C-MYR	1.30%	1.30%	
Class B-USD*	1.50%	1.50%	
Class C-USD*	1.30%	1.30%	

^{*} Class B-USD and C-USD were terminated on 15 October 2021.

The annual management fee is calculated as a percentage of the NAV of the respective Classes, and accrued on a daily basis.

5. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is computed based on 0.08% (2021: 0.08%) p.a. of the NAV of the respective Classes of Units, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day, subject to a minimum of RM18,000 p.a.

6. TAXATION

	2022 RM	2021 RM
Current income tax expense		
- foreign	65,370	13,582
- local	-	3,964
Over provision in prior years		(15,987)
	65,370	1,559

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year. The tax expense for the financial year is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting tax allowable expenses.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

Income derived from sources outside Malaysia maybe subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. Tax on dividend income from foreign quoted equities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

Tencent Holdings Ltd

6. TAXATION (CONT'D)

7.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net results before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

2022

RM

2021 RM

Net results before tax		_	(17,223,182)	30,492,788
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24 Income not subject to tax Income taxed at source Loss not deductible for tax purpose Expenses not deductible for tax purp Over provision in prior years Tax expense for the financial year		- -	(4,133,564) (2,757,039) 65,370 4,285,233 2,605,370	7,318,269 (10,019,700) 17,546 - 2,701,431 (15,987) 1,559
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL				
		Note	2022 RM	2021 RM
Quoted equities - foreign Quoted equities - local		(a) (b)	24,055,683 162,259,223 186,314,906	52,269,900 170,066,342 222,336,242
2022	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(a) Quoted equities - Foreign				
Hong Kong				
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	52,000	4,424,196	2,822,223	1.17
JD.com Inc	238	37,984	33,514	0.01
Sunny Optical Technology Group Co Ltd	12,000	1,497,054	732,692	0.30

5,000

69,238

1,339,963

7,299,197

922,422

4,510,851

0.38

1.86

202	2 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(a)	Quoted equities - Foreign (cont'd)				
	Singapore				
	AEM Holdings Ltd	168,100	1,879,854	2,462,673	1.02
	DBS Group Holdings Ltd	59,741	5,654,229	6,283,155	2.61
	United Overseas Bank Ltd	68,000	5,848,416	5,942,417	2.47
	Ascendes REIT	260,000	2,428,683	2,395,187	0.99
	Mapletree Logistics Trust	450,000	2,504,754	2,461,400	1.02
		1,005,841	18,315,936	19,544,832	8.11
	Total quoted equities - Foreign	1,075,079	25,615,133	24,055,683	9.97
(b)	Quoted equities - Local				
	Construction				
	Gabungan AQRS Bhd	3,436,200	3,585,390	1,065,222	0.44
	Gamuda Bhd	484,115	1,719,842	1,849,319	0.77
	IJM Corporation Bhd	1,432,000	2,799,033	2,448,720	1.02
		5,352,315	8,104,265	5,363,261	2.23
	Consumer products				
	Carlsberg Brewery Malaysia Bhd	123,100	2,777,662	2,850,996	1.18
	Fraser and Neave Holdings Bhd	101,000	2,496,440	2,260,380	0.94
	Genting Malaysia Bhd	1,050,000	2,742,150	3,139,500	1.30
	Heineken Malaysia Bhd	120,000	2,871,948	2,829,600	1.17

202	2 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
	Consumer products (cont'd)				
	Magnum Bhd	2,654,223	6,008,961	4,326,383	1.80
	MBM Resources Bhd	1,236,300	4,138,341	4,327,050	1.80
		5,284,623	21,035,502	19,733,909	8.19
	Energy				
	Dayang Enterprise Holdings Bhd	1,000,000	1,017,400	1,090,000	0.45
	Hibiscus Petroleum Bhd	5,372,900	5,397,263	5,695,274	2.36
	Yinson Holdings Bhd	901,600	2,254,754	1,902,376	0.79
	Yinson Holdings Bhd - Warrants	110,400	-	62,928	0.03
		7,384,900	8,669,417	8,750,578	3.63
	Finance				
	Alliance Bank (M) Bhd	2,150,000	7,597,925	7,589,500	3.15
	CIMB Group Holdings Bhd	2,339,275	11,084,035	12,561,907	5.22
	Hong Leong Group Bhd	419,000	7,775,262	8,757,100	3.64
	Hong Leong Financial Group Bhd	345,000	5,815,815	6,699,900	2.78
	Malayan Banking Bhd *	1,284,980	10,665,416	11,526,271	4.79
	Public Bank Bhd	1,828,000	7,104,536	8,609,880	3.57
	RHB Bank Bhd	1,678,667	8,961,640	9,635,549	4.00
		10,044,922	59,004,629	65,380,107	27.15

202	2 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
	Industrial Products				
	Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Bhd	541,700	2,356,177	2,589,326	1.08
	SKP Resources Bhd	3,046,700	3,583,635	5,179,390	2.15
	Thong Guan Industries Bhd	1,315,000	3,223,701	3,366,400	1.40
	VS Industry Bhd	2,606,600	2,555,777	2,632,666	1.09
		7,510,000	11,719,290	13,767,782	5.72
	Plantation				
	Kuala Lumpur Kepong Bhd	133,000	3,329,010	3,077,620	1.28
	Sarawak Oils Bhd	1,074,750	2,481,686	2,966,310	1.23
	Sime Darby Plantation Bhd	550,000	2,462,085	2,453,000	1.02
		1,757,750	8,272,781	8,496,930	3.53
	Property				
	Matrix Concepts Holdings Bhd	1,090,900	2,279,550	2,476,343	1.03
	Technology				
	Inari Amerton Bhd	470,800	935,664	1,275,868	0.53
	Malaysian Pacific Industries Bhd	71,500	796,000	2,199,340	0.91
	Pentamaster Corporation Bhd	280,600	1,182,626	1,133,624	0.47
	Unisem Malaysia Bhd	832,800	1,596,691	2,298,528	0.95
		1,655,700	4,510,981	6,907,360	2.86

2022 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b) Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
Telecommunications				
Telekom Malaysia Bhd	975,300	5,604,213	5,822,541	2.42
Time dotCom Bhd	1,311,800	5,763,722	6,257,286	2.60
	2,287,100	11,367,935	12,079,827	5.02
Transportation and Logistic	s			
Lingkaran Trans Kota				
Holdings Bhd	1,475,900	6,397,199	7,202,392	2.99
MISC Bhd	350,000	2,278,325	2,485,000	1.03
	1,825,900	8,675,524	9,687,392	4.02
Utilities				
Malakoff Corporation Bhd	4,044,600	3,924,426	2,810,997	1.17
Mega First Corporation Bhd	1,130,000	2,930,236	4,101,900	1.70
Taliworks Corporation Bhd	103,500	92,875	95,737	0.04
Tenaga Nasional Bhd	290,000	3,583,097	2,607,100	1.08
	5,568,100	10,530,634	9,615,734	3.99
Total quoted equities - Local	49,762,210	154,170,508	162,259,223	67.37
Total quoted equities	50,837,289	179,785,641	186,314,906	77.34
Unrealised gain on quoted equities **			6,529,265	

^{*} Malayan Banking Bhd is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

^{**} The unrealised gain on quoted equities comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

202	1	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(a)	Quoted equities - Foreign				
	Hong Kong				
	Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	74,000	8,446,774	6,243,235	2.44
	Tencent Holdings Ltd	13,000	3,692,750	3,229,345	1.26
	Xiaomi Corp	100,000	1,356,290	1,325,251	0.52
		187,000	13,495,814	10,797,831	4.22
	Singapore				
	AEM Holdings Ltd	458,100	5,122,911	5,660,833	2.21
	DBS Group Holdings Ltd	60,741	5,371,128	5,704,474	2.23
	Frecken Group Ltd	1,180,000	4,330,743	8,675,990	3.39
	Oversea China Banking Corp Ltd	150,000	5,644,297	5,393,918	2.11
	UMS Holdings Ltd	971,600	3,198,744	5,192,706	2.03
	United Overseas Bank Ltd	70,000	5,740,690	5,583,601	2.18
	Venture Corporation Ltd	89,200	4,365,514	5,260,547	2.06
	Tatal avesta di a svitti a	2,979,641	33,774,027	41,472,069	16.21
	Total quoted equities - Foreign	3,166,641	47,269,841	52,269,900	20.43
(b)	Quoted equities - Local				
	Construction				
	Gabungan AQRS Bhd	4,592,300	4,791,685	2,342,073	0.91
	Gamuda Bhd	427,900	1,554,668	1,287,979	0.50

202	1 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
	Construction (cont'd)				
	IJM Corporation Bhd	1,432,000	2,799,033	2,692,160	1.05
	Sunway Construction Group Bhd	200,000	330,000	336,000	0.13
		6,652,200	9,475,386	6,658,212	2.46
	Consumer products				
	Carlsberg Brewery Malaysia Bhd	123,100	2,777,662	2,757,440	1.08
	Fraser and Neave Holdings Bhd	1,000	27,700	27,880	0.01
	Genting Malaysia Bhd	1,050,000	2,742,150	3,118,500	1.22
	Heineken Malaysia Bhd	120,000	2,871,948	2,736,000	1.07
	Magnum Bhd	1,957,623	4,610,813	3,973,975	1.55
	MBM Resources Bhd	1,186,300	3,979,346	3,914,790	1.53
	_	4,438,023	17,009,619	16,528,585	6.46
	Energy				
	Dayang Enterprise Holdings Bhd	2,100,000	2,949,260	2,331,000	0.91
	Finance				
	CIMB Group Holdings Bhd	1,877,107	8,819,094	9,216,595	3.60
	Hong Leong Group Bhd	419,000	7,775,262	8,036,420	3.14
	Hong Leong Financial Group Bhd	345,000	5,815,815	6,292,800	2.46

202	1 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
	Finance (cont'd)				
	Malayan Banking Bhd *	1,036,812	8,491,125	8,709,221	3.40
	Public Bank Bhd	1,828,000	7,104,536	7,641,040	2.99
	RHB Bank Bhd	1,514,522	8,109,510	8,466,178	3.31
	-	7,020,441	46,115,342	48,362,254	18.90
	Industrial Products				
	ATA IMS Bhd	1,400,000	2,784,708	3,780,000	1.48
	Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Bhd	581,000	1,488,989	3,137,400	1.23
	SKP Resources Bhd	3,704,000	4,356,774	6,815,360	2.66
	Thong Guan Industries Bhd	945,000	2,404,321	2,579,850	1.01
	VS Industry Bhd	3,700,000	3,648,675	5,328,000	2.08
	SKP Resources Bhd - Warrants	592,640	-	112,602	0.04
	VS Industry Bhd - Warrants	400,000	-	176,000	0.07
		11,322,640	14,683,467	21,929,212	8.57
	Plantation				
	Sarawak Oils Bhd	771,300	2,671,493	2,884,662	1.13
	TSH Resources Bhd	2,186,800	2,349,061	2,383,612	0.93
	-	2,958,100	5,020,554	5,268,274	2.06
	Property				
	Matrix Concepts Holdings Bhd	483,500	991,175	1,005,680	0.39

202	1 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
	Technology				
	Globetronics Technology Bhd	1,237,600	2,796,420	2,574,208	1.01
	Inari Amerton Bhd	1,150,800	1,907,068	3,958,752	1.55
	Malaysian Pacific Industries Bhd	131,500	1,463,973	5,788,630	2.26
	My E.G. Services Bhd	3,039,062	4,853,508	5,652,655	2.21
	Pentamaster Corporation Bhd	949,525	4,024,728	5,022,987	1.96
	Unisem Malaysia Bhd	499,200	1,914,188	4,288,128	1.68
	UWC Bhd	422,400	2,237,890	2,323,200	0.91
	Vitrox Corp Bhd	283,700	3,487,693	5,316,538	2.08
		7,713,787	22,685,468	34,925,098	13.66
	Telecommunications				
	Time dotCom Bhd	1,323,000	5,812,932	6,085,800	2.38
	Telekom Malaysia Bhd	739,400	4,331,641	4,517,734	1.76
		2,062,400	10,144,573	10,603,534	4.14
	Transportation and Logistics				
	Lingkaran Trans Kota Holdings Bhd	1,075,900	4,531,743	4,142,215	1.62
	MISC Bhd	500,000	3,254,750	3,600,000	1.41
	Westports Holdings Bhd	760,200	3,303,858	3,344,880	1.31
		2,336,100	11,090,351	11,087,095	4.34

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

202	21 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Quoted equities - Local (cont'd)				
	Utilities				
	Malakoff Corporation Bhd	4,044,600	3,924,426	3,559,248	1.39
	Mega First Corporation Bhd	1,345,000	3,487,758	4,774,750	1.87
	Tenaga Nasional Bhd	290,000	3,583,097	3,033,400	1.19
	-	5,679,600	10,995,281	11,367,398	4.45
	Total quoted equities - Local	52,766,791	151,160,476	170,066,342	66.34
	Total quoted equities	55,933,432	198,430,317	222,336,242	86.77
	Unrealised gain on quoted equities **		_	23,905,925	

^{*} Malayan Banking Bhd is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

8. DEPOSITS WITH A LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	2022 RM	2021 RM
Short-term placement with a licensed		
financial institution with maturity of:		
- Less than 3 months	25,834,042	28,752,086
		_
Deposits with related parties:		
- MBB	25,834,042	28,752,086

The weighted average effective interest rates ("WAEIR") of deposit and average maturity of deposit with licensed financial institutions as at the reporting date were as follows:

	2022		2021	
	WAEIR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days	WAEIR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days
Deposit with licensed	·	,	·	•
financial institutions	2.25	2	1.60	2

^{**} The unrealised gain on quoted equities comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

9. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ (TO) BROKERS

The amount due from/ (due to) brokers relates to the amount receivables/ (payable) to brokers arising from the sales/ (purchase) of investments. The settlement period for this receivables/ (payable) is within 2-3 working days from the deal date.

10. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

		2022	2021
	Note	RM	RM
Amount due to Manager is in respect of:			
Cancellation of units	(i)	29,542	233,945
Manager's fee	(ii)	273,213	290,015
	_	302,755	523,960

Notes:

- (i) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed or cancelled.
- (ii) The amount due to Manager relates to the amount payable to the Fund Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial year. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days (2021: 15 days).

11. CASH AT BANKS

The table below indicates the currencies that the Fund have in cash at banks as at the reporting date:

	2022 RM	2021 RM
USD	28,822,798	5,377,040
RM	23,892	7,086
	28,846,690	5,384,126

12. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable to the Trustee arising from the accruals for Trustee's fee at the end of the financial year. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days (2021: 15 days).

13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	Note	2022 RM	2021 RM
Unitholders' contribution	(a)	219,460,229	217,304,468
Accumulated realised income	(b)	12,454,241	13,958,369
Accumulated unrealised income	(c)	8,923,446	24,707,870
		240,837,916	255,970,707

13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(a) Unitholders' contribution

The units are distributed based on the following classes:

		2022		202	21
		No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Class A-MYR	(i)	213,132,772	37,414,969	221,202,507	40,154,049
Class C-MYR	(ii)	513,512,502	181,906,274	499,018,782	176,916,086
Class B-USD*	(iii)	-	151,976	4,269	167,262
Class C-USD*	(iv)	-	(12,990)	20,500	67,071
		726,645,274	219,460,229	720,246,058	217,304,468
* Class B-USD ar	nd C-USD we	re terminated on 1	5 October 2021.		
(i) Class A-MYF	2				
At the beginn	ing of the				
financial ye	ar	221,202,507	40,154,049	455,160,826	112,868,251
Creation of u	nits	20,176,130	6,123,931	217,992	69,617
Reinvestmen		6,202,375	1,863,193	5,683,214	1,836,247
Cancellation		(34,448,240)	(10,726,204)	(239,859,525)	(74,620,066)
At the end of financial ye		213,132,772	37,414,969	221,202,507	40,154,049
·					
(ii) Class C-MYF	₹				
At the beginn	ing of the				
financial ye	ar	499,018,782	176,916,086	486,510,396	172,294,237
Reinvestmen	t of units	14,493,720	4,990,188	12,508,386	4,621,849
At the end of					
financial ye	ar	513,512,502	181,906,274	499,018,782	176,916,086
(iii) Class B-USE)*				
At the beginn	ing of the				
financial ye	-	4,269	167,262	4,269	167,262
Cancellation		(4,269)	(15,286)	· -	-
At the end of	the	· · ·	·	,	
financial ye	ar		151,976	4,269	167,262

13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

	2022		2021	
(iv) Class C-USD*	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
At the beginning of the financial year Cancellation of units	20,500 (20,500)	67,071 (80,061)	20,500	67,071 -
At the end of the financial year	-	(12,990)	20,500	67,071
Accumulated realised incom	е			

(b)

2022	2021
RM	RM
13,958,369	(9,658,236)
(1,504,128)	23,616,605
12,454,241	13,958,369
	RM 13,958,369 (1,504,128)

(c) Accumulated unrealised income

	2022 RM	2021 RM
At the beginning of the financial year	24,707,870	17,833,246
Net unrealised (loss)/ gain for the financial year	(15,784,424)	6,874,624
At the end of the financial year	8,923,446	24,707,870

(d) Classes of shares

(i) Types of classes of units

Classes of units	Currency	Categories of	Distribution Policy
Class A-MYR	RM	Retail	Distribution of income
Class C-MYR	RM	Institutional	Distribution of income
Class B-USD*	USD	Retail	Accumulation of units
Class C-USD*	USD	Institutional	Distribution of income

^{*} Class B-USD and C-USD were terminated on 15 October 2021.

There are different charges and features for each class as follows:

- (a) Management fees (as disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements)
- (b) Initial investments for each class
- (c) Additional minimum investment
- (d) Minimum holdings for each class
- (e) Income distribution policy

13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(d) Classes of shares (cont'd)

(ii) NAV computation

The computation of NAV of the Fund is based on the Fund's functional currency, RM, irrespective of the multiple classes of units (denominated in other currencies). Due to multiple classes in this Fund, the expenses of the Fund are apportioned based on the multi-class ratio, which is the size of the respective class relative to the whole Fund. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to members of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

(iii) Redemption/ cancellation of units by Unitholders

These units are cancellable at the unitholder's option. Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if the unitholder exercises the right to put back the unit to the Fund.

There is no restriction on the putting of the units back to the Fund (i.e. redemption), subject to the minimum redemption amount of units of each class and the minimum unit holding for each class. If the unit holdings of a unitholder are, after a redemption request, falls below the minimum unit holdings for the Fund, a request for full redemption is deemed to have been made.

14. DISTRIBUTIONS

The sources of distribution in the current financial year ended 31 August 2022 is as follows:

	2022	2021
	RM	RM
(a) Class A-MYR		
Dividend income	1,846,230	361,063
Interest income	84,677	32,369
Net realised gain on sale of investments	572,595	1,741,064
Prior year realised gain	423,712	-
Less : Expenses	(1,064,021)	(298,249)
Net distribution	1,863,193	1,836,247
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	0.95	0.85
Net distribution per unit (sen)	0.90	0.85
Distribution date (ex-date)	_25 August 2022	26 August 2021

14. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

		2022	2021
		RM	RM
(b)	Class C-MYR		
	Dividend income	5,098,384	903,139
	Interest income	233,838	80,965
	Net realised gain on sale of investments	1,581,227	4,354,979
	Prior year realised gain	1,015,046	-
	Less : Expenses	(2,938,307)	(717,234)
	Net distribution	4,990,188	4,621,849
	Gross distribution per unit (sen)	1.02	0.95
	Net distribution per unit (sen)	1.00	0.95
	Distribution date (ex-date)	25 August 2022	26 August 2021

The distribution declared are settled in the forms of units and presented as 'reinvestment of units' in Note 13(a) on payment date.

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with top 10 brokers/ dealers for the current and previous financial year are as follows:

		Percentage		Percentage
Brokers/ dealers	Value of	of	Brokerage	of brokerage
	trade	total trade	fees	fees
2022	RM	%	RM	%
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd				
("MIBB") *	68,360,089	37.00	82,338	26.33
United Overseas Bank (M) Bhd	42,421,487	22.96	84,843	27.13
Public Investment Bank Bhd	19,486,256	10.54	38,973	12.47
RHB Investment Bank Bhd	14,027,601	7.59	28,072	8.98
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	9,944,547	5.38	19,894	6.36
Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	9,385,349	5.08	18,771	6.00
Hong Leong Investment Bank				
Bhd	8,457,630	4.58	16,915	5.41
Affin Hwang Investment Bank	8,435,928	4.56	16,872	5.40
JF Apex Securities Bhd	2,058,400	1.11	2,058	0.66
Nomura Securities (M) Sdn Bhd	1,709,265	0.92	3,419	1.09
Others	516,339	0.28	516	0.17
	184,802,891	100.00	312,671	100.00

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D)

Brokers/ dealers	Value of	Percentage of	Brokerage	Percentage of brokerage
2021	trade RM	total trade %	fees RM	fees %
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd				
("MIBB") *	94,778,960	23.20	131,467	22.61
TA Securities Sdn Bhd	67,184,960	16.45	67,264	11.57
MIDF Amanah Investment Bank				
Bhd	55,569,781	13.60	55,611	9.56
United Overseas Bank (M) Bhd	39,063,582	9.56	78,127	13.44
Nomura Securities (M) Sdn Bhd	30,101,477	7.37	60,203	10.35
JF Apex Securities Bhd	30,056,965	7.36	30,098	5.18
Alliance Investment Bank Bhd	25,481,916	6.24	25,530	4.39
Public Investment Bank Bhd	17,744,037	4.34	35,519	6.11
Hong Leong Investment Bank				
Bhd	17,657,629	4.32	35,315	6.07
Affin Hwang Investment Bank	16,175,540	3.97	32,351	5.57
Others	14,659,037	3.59	29,940	5.15
	408,473,884	100.00	581,425	100.00

^{*} MIBB is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Bhd ("MBB"), the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions are as follows:

	2022		202	21
		Percentage		Percentage
Financial institutions	Value of placements RM	of total placements %	Value of placements RM	of total placements %
CIMB Bank Bhd	-	-	149,756,334	1.97
MBB *	4,097,127,688	100.00	7,454,221,824	98.03
	4,097,127,688	100.00	7,603,978,158	100.00

^{*} MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

16. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties maybe individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial year.

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the significant related party transactions and balances as at the reporting date are as below.

		2022 RM	2021 RM
(i) <u>s</u>	Significant related party transactions		
N	MBB:		
[Dividend income	606,934	442,599
- 1	nterest income	308,799	515,334
(ii) <u>s</u>	Significant related party balances		
N	MBB:		
I	nvestment in quoted equities	11,526,271	8,709,221
[Deposit with a licensed financial institution	25,834,042	28,752,086

17. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. The fees and expenses include Manager's fee, Trustee's fee, auditors remuneration and other administrative expenses. For the financial year ended 31 August 2022, the TER of the Fund stood at 1.52% (2021: 1.56%).

18. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial year ended 31 August 2022, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.38 times (2021: 0.82 times).

19. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The PMC is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing between 70% to 98% of the Fund's assets in shares, and between 2% to 30% of the Fund's assets in cash or fixed income securities (or a combination of both). The Fund may also invest up to 25% of its NAV in Asia Pacific markets, or in stocks that derive the majority of their revenue from the Asia Pacific markets.

On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial year.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The significant accounting policies in Note 2 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding tax-related matters) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

	Financial instruments at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2022				
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL Deposits with a licensed	186,314,906	-	-	186,314,906
financial institution	-	25,834,042	-	25,834,042
Dividend receivable	-	121,452	-	121,452
Interest receivable	-	3,185	-	3,185
Other receivables	-	80,298	-	80,298
Cash at banks		28,846,690	-	28,846,690
Total financial				
assets	186,314,906	54,885,667		241,200,573
Liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	302,755	302,755
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	16,151	16,151
Other payables and accruals	_	_	17,994	17,994
Total financial				,
liabilities		-	336,900	336,900
2021				
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	222,336,242	-	-	222,336,242
Deposits with a licensed financial institution	_	28,752,086	_	28,752,086
Dividend receivable	-	96,648	_	96,648
Interest receivable	_	2,521	_	2,521
Cash at banks	_	5,384,126	_	5,384,126
Total financial	·	, , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
assets	222,336,242	34,235,381	-	256,571,623

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

	Financial instruments at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2021 (cont'd)				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	523,960	523,960
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	17,109	17,109
Amount due to brokers	-	-	27,795	27,795
Other payables and accruals		- ,	32,052	32,052
Total financial liabilities		<u>-</u>	600,916	600,916

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial asset at FVTPL consists of quoted equities and is measured at fair value.

The fair value of quoted investments in shares, warrants and REITs are determined by reference to the last bid price on the relevant stock exchanges (e.g. Bursa Malaysia, Singapore Exchange and Hong Kong exchange) as at the statement of financial position date.

(c) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2022				
Financial assets at FVTPL	186,314,906		<u>-</u>	186,314,906
2021				
Financial assets at FVTPL	222,336,242	-	-	222,336,242

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(d) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its financial assets at FVTPL, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Introduction

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring of risks.

Financial risk management is also carried out through sound internal control systems and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deeds, SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and CMSA.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as equity prices. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The market risk is managed through consistent monitoring and swift response to various factors that may adversely affect the Fund.

(i) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of equities as the result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual shares. The equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in quoted equities. This risk can be minimised through investing in a wide range of companies in different sectors, which function independently from one another.

Equity price risk sensitivity

Management's best estimate of the effect on the Fund's NAV due to a reasonable change in equity index, with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below. The impact to NAV and net loss after taxation is expected to be the same.

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(i) Equity price risk (cont'd)

	2022		202	1
		Effects on		Effects on
		NAV		NAV
	Changes in equity price %	for the year Increase/ (decrease) RM	Changes in equity price %	for the year Increase/ (decrease) RM
	+ 5	9,315,745	+ 5	11,116,812
Quoted equities	- 5	(9,315,745)	- 5	(11,116,812)

Equity price risk concentration

The Fund's exposure to equity price risk based on its portfolio of investments as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The table below analyses the net position of the Fund's financial assets and financial liability (excluding derivative assets/liabilities) which are exposed to foreign exchange risks as at the reporting date. As the Fund's functional currency is RM, the financial assets and financial liability (excluding derivative assets/liabilities) denominated in other currencies are exposed to the movement of foreign exchange rates. The exposure might lead to the appreciation or depreciation of the financial assets and financial liability of the Fund that may affect the value of the NAV attributable to unitholders.

2022	HKD RM	SGD RM	USD RM	TOTAL RM
Financial assets				
Financial assets				
at FVTPL	4,510,851	19,544,832	-	19,544,832
Dividend receivable	-	92,405	-	92,405
Cash at bank	-	-	28,822,798	28,822,798
Total financial assets	4,510,851	19,637,237	28,822,798	48,460,035
Net on-balance sheet				
open position	4,510,851	19,637,237	28,822,798	48,460,035

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

0004	HKD	SGD	USD	TOTAL
2021	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial assets				
Financial assets				
at FVTPL	10,797,831	52,269,900	10,797,831	63,067,731
Cash at bank			5,377,040	5,377,040
Total financial assets	10,797,831	52,269,900	16,174,871	68,444,771
Liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	105	105
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	6	6
Total financial liabilities _	-	-	111	111
Net on-balance sheet	40 707 004	50 000 000	40 474 700	00 444 000
open position	10,797,831	52,269,900	16,174,760	68,444,660

The Fund did not enter into forward currency contracts to hedge its exposure to foreign currency.

Foreign exchange risk sensitivity

The following table indicates the currencies to which the Fund had significant exposure at the reporting date on its financial assets. The analysis calculated the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against RM on the Fund's NAV with all other variables held constant. The impact to the NAV and net income/ (loss) after tax is expected to be the same.

	2022		2021	
		Effects on		Effects on
	Change in	NAV	Change in	NAV
	exchange	Increase/	exchange	Increase/
	rates	(decrease)	rates	(decrease)
	%	RM	%	RM
HKD/RM	+5%	225,543	+5%	539,892
	-5%	(225,543)	-5%	(539,892)
SGD/RM	+5%	981,862	+5%	2,613,495
	-5%	(981,862)	-5%	(2,613,495)
USD/RM	+5%	1,441,140	+5%	808,738
	-5%	(1,441,140)	-5%	(808,738)

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(iii) Interest rate risk

Cash and money market placements are particularly sensitive to movements in interest rates. When interest rates rise, the return on cash and money market placements will rise, thus affecting the NAV of the Fund. The sensitivity to interest rate changes are normally greater for longer tenured securities when compared to shorter tenured securities.

The Fund deposits with licensed financial institutions carry a fixed rate and therefore is not affected by movements in market interest rates.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely payments of interest and dividends, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments.

These credit exposures exist within financing relationships, and other transactions. The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

(i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

(ii) Credit quality of financial assets

Besides investing in quoted equities, the Manager is also eligible to invest in liquid assets including money market instruments issued by Malaysian issuers and Malaysian financial institutions and placement in licensed financial institutions. There will be no minimum rating stipulated for the licensed financial institutions on the placement in deposits.

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Credit risk (cont'd)

(iii) Credit risk concentration

The following table analyses the Fund's deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at bank and interest receivable from financial institutions by rating categories. The rating is obtained from RAM Holdings Bhd's official website.

	2022		202°	1
	ı	Percentage of NAV		Percentage of NAV
Deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks and interest receivable	RM	%	RM	%
AAA	54,683,917	22.71	34,138,733	13.34

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected.

The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Deeds. It is the Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund also manages its obligation to redeem units when required to do so.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with financial institutions and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets, liabilities and unitholders' contribution to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity. The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities have been included in the "less than 1 month" category and the impact of discounting is insignificant.

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

2022	Less than 1 month RM	More than 1 month RM	Total RM
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	186,314,906	-	186,314,906
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	25,834,042	-	25,834,042
Dividend receivable	121,452	-	121,452
Interest receivable	3,185	-	3,185
Other receivables	80,298	-	80,298
Cash at banks	28,846,690	-	28,846,690
Total undiscounted financial assets	241,200,573	-	241,200,573
Financial liabilities and			
unitholders' contribution			
Amount due to Manager	302,755	-	302,755
Amount due to Trustee	16,151	-	16,151
Other payables and accruals	17,994	-	17,994
Net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	240,837,916	<u>-</u>	240,837,916
Total undiscounted financial liabilities			
and net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	241,174,816		241,174,816
Liquidity surplus	25,757	-	25,757
2021			
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	222,336,242	-	222,336,242
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	28,752,086	-	28,752,086
Dividend receivable	96,648	-	96,648
Interest receivable	2,521	-	2,521
Cash at banks	5,384,126	<u>-</u>	5,384,126
Total undiscounted financial assets	256,571,623		256,571,623
Financial liabilities and unitholders' contribution			
Amount due to Manager	523,960	-	523,960
Amount due to Trustee	17,109	-	17,109
Amount due to brokers	27,795	-	27,795
Other payables and accruals	32,052	-	32,052
Net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	255,970,707	-	255,970,707
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	256,571,623	_	256,571,623
Liquidity gap			-
41, Aab			

21. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Notes:

(i) Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL and deposits into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's investment in quoted equities have been included in the "less than 1 month" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's unitholders' contribution be required to be redeemed. The other assets shall not comprise of tax recoverable in view that it is not a financial asset. For other assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

Financial liabilities exclude tax-related matters such as provision for tax.

(iii) Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders can request for redemption on their units by giving the Manager a T + 10 calendar day notice period, the unitholders' contribution have been categorised as having a maturity of "less than 1 month".

22. UNITHOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' contribution of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected returns indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes in the current financial year.