

### **Asset Management**

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# MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH GROWTH-I FUND

Annual report For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023

### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

### **MANAGER**

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M)

### **BUSINESS OFFICE**

Level 12 Tower C
Dataran Maybank
No.1 Jalan Maarof
59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
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Facsimile +603 2715 0071
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### **EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER ("EIM")**

Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd (201301012623) (1042461-K) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

### **TRUSTEE**

TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (200301008392) (610812-W) 10th Floor, Menara Hap Seng No.1 & 3, Jalan P. Ramlee 50250 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2382 4288 Facsimile +603 2026 1451 www.tmf-group.com malaysia@tmf-group.com

### SHARIAH ADVISER

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd (200501007003) (684050-H) Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life 189 Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2161 0260 Facsimile +603 2161 0262 http://amanieadvisors.com info@amanieadvisors.com

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### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023

#### A. Fund Information

#### 1. Name of Fund

Maybank Global Wealth Growth-I Fund (the "Fund")

### 2. Type of Fund

Growth

# 3. Category of Fund

Mixed Assets (Islamic)

### 4. Duration of Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

### 5. Fund launch date/ commencement date

15 February 2022/ 17 March 2022

### 6. Fund's investment objective

The Fund seeks to achieve capital growth over the medium to long term.

### 7. Fund distribution policy

The Fund is not expected to distribute income for the MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class and USD (Acc.) Class.

### 8. Fund's performance benchmark

Maybank 12-month Islamic deposit rate + 5.00%.

# 9. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The Fund invests, directly and indirectly, in global Shariah-compliant equities, global Shariah-compliant equity related securities (including Shariah-compliant American Depository Receipts ("ADRs"), Shariah-compliant Global Depository Receipts ("GDRs") and Shariah-compliant warrants), global fixed and floating rate Sukuk issued by governments, government agencies, supranational and companies, Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits.

The Fund may also invest in Islamic collective investment schemes ("CIS"), including but are not limited to, Islamic real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and Islamic exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") which may be based on commodities such as gold.

# 10. Net income distribution for the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023

There was no distribution of income declared by the Fund during the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

# **B.** Performance Review

# 1. Key performance data of the Fund

	15.02.2022
Category	(date of
Category	launch) to
	31.03.2023
Portfolio	
Shariah-compliant quoted equities (%)	59.52
Australia	0.72
Canada	0.37
China	0.29
Denmark	2.63
France	2.43
Germany	0.70
Great Britain	6.48
Hong Kong	1.06
Japan	3.55
Netherlands	1.36
Norway	0.50
South Korea	1.15
Spain	0.67
Sweden	0.47
Switzerland	0.50
Taiwan	3.09
United States of America	33.55
Sukuk (%)	30.38
Cayman Islands	13.54
Indonesia	7.70
Malaysia	7.59
United States of America	1.55
Cash and other net assets (%)	10.10
Total (%)	100.00
MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class	
NAV (RM'000)	79,953
Units in circulation (units'000)	175,962
NAV per unit (RM)	0.4706
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5614
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.4352
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### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

# 1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	(date of launch) to 31.03.2023
MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class (cont'd)	
Annual return (%) (1) - Capital growth (%) - Income distribution (%)	(5.88)
Total return (%)	(5.88)
Benchmark (%)	8.01
USD (Acc.) Class	
NAV (USD'000) Units in circulation (units'000) NAV per unit (USD) Highest NAV per unit (USD) Lowest NAV per unit (USD)	11 22 0.4976 0.5823 0.4517
Annual return (%) (1) - Capital growth (%) - Income distribution (%) Total return (%)	(0.48) - (0.48)
Benchmark (%)	6.37
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times)	2.32 1.17

15.02.2022

### Note:

(1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial period is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager and Trustee's fees.

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

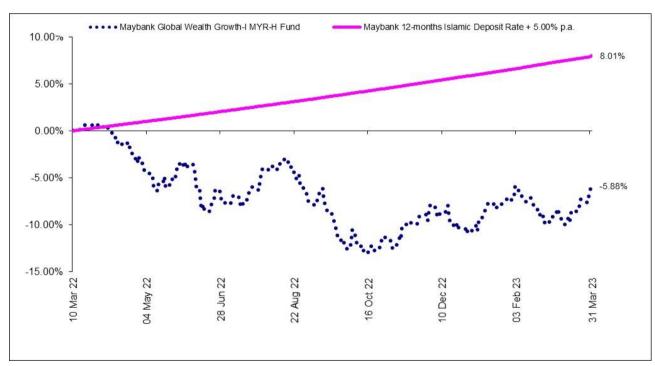
# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

# 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 March 2023

# MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class

Category	Since inception to 31.03.2023
Capital growth	(5.88)
Income distribution	-
Total return of the Fund	(5.88)
Benchmark	8.01
Average total return	(5.57)

<sup>\*</sup> The inception date for MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class is on 10 March 2022



Source: Lipper, as at 31 March 2023

### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

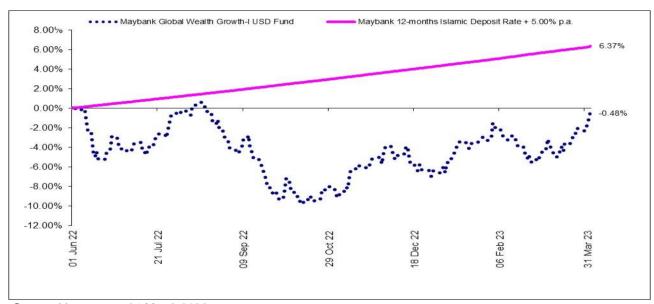
### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

### 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

USD (Acc.) Class

Category	Since inception to 31.03.2023
Capital growth	(0.48)
Income distribution	-
Total return of the Fund	(0.48)
Benchmark	6.37
Average total return	-

<sup>\*</sup> The inception date for Class USD (Acc.) Class is on 1 June 2022



Source: Lipper, as at 31 March 2023

For the period under review, the Fund's Class MYR-Hedged registered a total return decline of 5.88% while the Class United States Dollar ("USD") for the period of 1 June 2022 until 31 March 2023 had a total return decline of 0.48%. This implies an underperformance against the benchmark by 5.57% and 6.85% respectively. During the period under review, Sukuk valuations was under downward pressure following series of rate hikes by the Federal Reserve ("Fed") in 2022 that saw yields rose by 200-350 basis points ("bps") before seeing some recoveries on falling yields from beginning this period on demand for safe-haven assets. In term of equity sectors, the main detractors came was due to underperformance in communication services, utilities, and healthcare. All these sectors underperformed as investors shift away from defensives as they ahead for a Fed pivot while healthcare had been impacted following the Inflation Reduction Act. This is evident in the Fund's outperforming sectors in information technology, consumer discretionary and industrials as investors look for recovery plays which had substantially underperformed in 2022.

### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

### 3. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end/ NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit/ NAV per unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

### 4. Annual total return of the Fund

### MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class

	Since
For the financial period	inception
Portion	to
	31.03.2023
Capital growth	(5.88)
Income distribution	-
Total return of the Fund	(5.88)
Benchmark	8.01
Average total return *	(5.57)

# **USD (Acc.) Class**

	Since
For the financial period	inception to
	31.03.2023
Capital growth	(0.48)
Income distribution	-
Total return	(0.48)
Benchmark	6.37

<sup>\*</sup> The average total return will only be available if the Fund completed 12-month cycle period.

### C. Market Review

Global equity markets during the period under review were inundated with plenty of concerns that began with the Russia-Ukraine war, sharp rise in inflation, aggressive monetary policy tightening, and ultimately the risks of a global recession. The main United States ("US") markets were lower, with the Dow Jones slipped 3.7%, the Standard and Poor's 500 ("S&P500") fell 6.6% and the Technology-heavy NASDAQ plunged 11.4% during period. The NASDAQ suffered during the period as major chip makers suffered supply chain disruption amid the lockdowns and the derating of their high valuation amidst rising inflation. European markets were all in positive territory, led by the Stoxx 50 rising 6.2% followed by the German Dax that rose 3.4% and the Financial Times Stock Exchange Group ("FTSE") 100 up a decent 1.3%. Conversely, Asian markets mostly decline except for India and Japan which reported gained by 4.6% Japan's 3.6% respectively. The worst came from North Asia as Hong Kong plunged 16.9%, Taiwan dropped 11.8% and China (Shanghai) fell 4.6%.

### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

### C. Market Review (cont'd)

Within the Association of Southeast Asian Nations ("ASEAN") markets, Indonesia was the clear outperformer, gaining 1.1% during the period. On the flip side, Philippines and Malaysia were the bottom performers, falling 11.7% and 10.2% respectively. Singapore and Thailand fell within single digit magnitude, falling 4.7% and 4.5% respectively.

Global financial markets started poorly at the beginning of the period under review as, markets had a substantial sell-off in February 2023 as investors assessed the impact of the Russian invasion of Ukraine. Sanctions were subsequently imposed by US and European countries, leading to spike in commodity prices and concerns over higher inflation. Market did rebound from the earlier sell-off but continue to be under pressure as bond yields rose as the war in Ukraine continued which heightened the already high inflation. Thereafter, investor sentiment continued risk-off as markets price in a more aggressive profit rate hike and concerns of a slowdown in China's growth pushed investor sentiment lower. Struggling with the strict Zero-Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("Zero-Covid") policy, the State Council announced policies including fiscal, credit to support corporate and household sectors with the emphasis on stabilizing labour market. Markets saw a hawkish Fed, with its benchmark profit rate by 0.75 bps, the most increase since 1994 causing fears that the aggressive rate hikes would lead to a US recession. This sparked investors to turn risk-off causing substantial sell-off in equity markets as well as other asset classes.

The Fed continued to tighten with another 75 bps raise, with the European Central Bank ("ECB") following with an equal rate rise. There was a change in sentiment by November 2022, as the bear market rally continued as risk-on mode on expectations of an end to an aggressive monetary policy, on the back of easing US Consumer Price Index ("CPI") as well as helped by China's re-opening hopes. Central banks remained vigilant as the Fed raised rates by 75 bps, although it latterly indicated that the pace of subsequent hikes is likely to slow. The Bank of England also raised rates by 75 bps marking the largest increase since 1989. 2022 closed the year broadly lower as participation dwindled leading while also assessing the impact of an earlier-than-expected news of China's re-opening. The Fed raised rates by 50 bps, as expected, but hampered sentiment elsewhere.

Markets were in euphoria for the start of 2023, as US inflation data cooled for the third month in a row, in addition to the positive sentiment following China's re-opening theme. The Fed further slowed down its rate hike pace to 25 bps and indicated that the terminal profit rate may be under 5%, implying a dovish shift in monetary policy. However, the sentiment reversed by end of the first quarter of 2023 as the reversal in the US disinflation trend pushed market expectations to "higher for longer" from "soft landing". This led the US rates and the USD higher and hampered performance especially in emerging markets. Markets quickly shrugged-off the financial turmoil of Silicon Valley Bank and Credit Suisse and the risk-off sentiment in the beginning of the March 2023 to rally by the end of it. Fear of the financial sector contagion dissipated further supported by positive news in China. The swift response of Central Banks in addition to the expansion of the USD 350 billion ("bn") Fed's balance sheet, growth and cyclical stocks rebounded following their fall for the most of 2022.

### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

### D. Market Outlook & Strategy

Entering 2023, sentiment was shifting, and markets were buoyant as we saw an impressive rally off the lows of 2022, delivering significant positive returns across all asset classes at the beginning of the year. However, this optimism was short-lived, serving as a sobering reminder that inflation challenges remain. Expectations for the terminal Fed policy rate have now risen by some 50 bps. With the more resilient growth outlook in the global economy and the Fed continuing to focus on inflation, we maintain our positive position in government bonds as data such as credit conditions suggest that higher rates are starting to bite. On credits, we are taking profits and moving to neutral after significant tightening of spreads. As such, we believe future gains will be driven more by duration. We maintain our positive view on Sukuk given that the carry is still attractive. Meanwhile, equities remain an intense source of debate but ultimately, we decided to retain our neutral stance. Peaking profit rates take some pressure off valuations but there is still the risk of a hard landing or persistent service sector inflation which would make it difficult for the Fed to pivot. One thing is clear however, that we are not out of the woods yet. Rate hike concerns, weaker corporate earnings, and geopolitical tensions continue to weigh on sentiment, coupled with uncertainties over whether the US economy is headed for a "hard" or "soft" landing. Therefore, we believe it is crucial to position our portfolios to keep pace with inflation, cope with hawkish monetary policies and cautiously take advantage of longerterm trends.

# E. Significant Changes in The State of Affairs of the Fund

Subsequent to the issuance of the Prospectus dated 15 February 2022 the following changes were updated in the First Supplementary Prospectus dated 1 June 2022:

No.	Items	Previous Prospectus	Latest Prospectus
1.	Chapter 1 - Definitions	Nil	New definition of "USD (Acc.)
			Class" has been inserted
2.			This section has been amended to include the e-mail address of the Trustee & Shariah Adviser to comply with paragraph 3.05(c), Part II of the Prospectus Guidelines for Collective Investment Schemes ("PGCIS").
3.	Chapter 3 - Fund Information, Section 3.1 - The Fund Information, Initial Offer Price, Intial Offer Period	and "Initial Offer Period".	Table on "Initial Offer Price" and "Initial Offfer Period" has been updated to insert the information on "USD (Acc.) Class".
4.	Chapter 3 - Fund Information, Section 3.1 - The Fund Information, Specific Risks of the Fund, Currency Risk, Distribution Policy	Distribution Policy.	This section was amended as the USD (Acc.) Class were added for clarity.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

# E. Significant Changes in The State of Affairs of the Fund (cont'd)

No.	Items	Previous Prospectus	Latest Prospectus
5.	Chapter 3 - Fund Information, Shariah Investment Guidelines		This section has been amended to provide further clarity on the sector-based screens of the Shariah investment guidelines adopted by the Fund.
6.	Chapter 4 - Fees, Charges and Expenses	USD (Acc.) Class was not included.	This section was updated to include USD (Acc.) Class.
7.	and Expenses, Section 4.1 - Sales Charge,	included in the "Sales Charges", "Transfer Fee", "Switching Fee",	Table on "Sales Charges", "Transfer Fee", "Switching Fee", "Management Fee", was updated to insert the information on USD (Acc.) Class.
8.	Chapter 5 - Transaction Information, Section 5.3 - Investment - Computation of NAV and NAV per Unit	included in the illustration.	The illustration was updated to include the calculation for the USD (Acc.) Class.
9.	Chapter 5 - Transaction Information, Section 5.7 - Investment		The table was updated to include the calculation for the USD (Acc.) Class.
10.	Chapter 5 - Transaction Information, Section 5.8 - Redemption of Units, second paragraph	included.	The section was updated to include the calculation for the USD (Acc.) Class.
11.	Chapter 5 - Transaction Information, Section 5.13 - Distribution of Income		This section was updated to include USD (Acc.) Class.
12.		(chairman/ independent non- executive director) - Goh Ching Yin (independent non-executive director) - Loh Lee Soon (independent non-executive director) - Badrul Hisyam bin Abu Bakar (non-independent non-	Hashim - Included Shirley Goh (independent non-executive director) and Ahmed Muzni bin Mohamed (non-independent executive director/ chief executive) - Removed Ahmad Najib bin Nazlan from Board of Directors

### Manager's report

For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 (cont'd)

### E. Significant Changes in The State of Affairs of the Fund (cont'd)

No.	Items	Previous Prospectus	Latest Prospectus
13.	Chapter 9 - Salient Terms of The Deed, Section 9.2 - Maximum Fees and Charges Permitted by the Deed	included in the table.	The table was updated to include the calculation for the USD (Acc.) Class.
14.	Chapter 13 - Taxation Adviser's Letter	Taxation adviser's letter.	This section has been amended pursuant to a change in the taxation adviser's letter.

### F. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any rebates from the brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

### TRUSTEE'S REPORT

### TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH GROWTH-I FUND

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- (b) Valuation and pricing were carried out in accordance with the Deed; and
- (c) Any creation and cancellation of units were carried out in accordance with the Deed and regulatory requirements.

# For TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad

(Company No: 200301008392/610812-W)

# Norhayati Binti Azit

**Director- Fund Services** 

### STATEMENT BY MANAGER

# TO THE UNITHOLDER'S OF MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH GROWTH-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 15 FEBRUARY 2022 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 MARCH 2023

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Global Wealth Growth-I Fund for the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

**Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim** Chairman **Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed** Director

### REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

TO THE UNITHOLDER'S OF MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH GROWTH-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 15 FEBRUARY 2022 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 MARCH 2023

We hereby confirm the following: .

- 1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed Maybank Global Wealth Growth-I Fund ("the Fund") during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd.

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar Executive Chairman

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Global Wealth Growth-I Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023 of the Fund, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 18 - 55.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2023, and of its financial performance and cash flows for for the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

# Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Other matters

This report is made solely to the Unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2024 J Chartered Accountant

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 15 FEBRUARY 2022 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 MARCH 2023

	Note	15.02.2022 (date of launch) to 31.03.2023
	Note	USD
INVESTMENT LOSS		
Dividend income		168,322
Profit income	4	222,869
Net loss on financial assets		·
at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"):		
- Realised loss		(965,107)
- Unrealised gain		450,487
Net realised loss on foreign exchange		
and forward currency contracts	3	(1,316,312)
		(1,439,741)
EXPENSES		
Manager's fee	5	345,573
Trustee's fee	6	7,679
Auditor's remuneration		2,257
Tax agent's fee		1,557
Brokerage and other transaction fee		63,220
Shariah advisory fee		19,501
Purification expenses	15	1,811
Administrative expenses		21,138
		462,736
Net loss before taxation		(1,902,477)
Taxation	7	(65,434)
Net loss after taxation, representing		
total comprehensive loss for the financial		
period		(1,967,911)
Net loss after taxation is made up of the following:		
Net realised loss		(2,660,072)
Net unrealised gain		692,161
		(1,967,911)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the audited financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Note	31.03.2023 USD
ASSETS		
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative assets Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed	8 12	17,564,451 238,322
Islamic financial institution Dividend receivables Profit income receivables Amount due from financial institutions Other receivable Cash at bank	9	218,409 17,992 65,671 225,098 430 561,356
TOTAL ASSETS		18,891,729
LIABILITIES		
Derivative liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Provision for tax	12 10 11	22,169 76,754 616 28,728
Other payables and accruals  TOTAL LIABILITIES	14	5,512 133,779
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUI	ND	18,757,950
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		
Unitholders' contribution Accumulated losses	16(a) 16(b) & (c)	20,725,861 (1,967,911) 18,757,950
NET ASSET VALUE - MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class - USD (Acc.) Class		18,746,772 11,178 18,757,950
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (U - MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class	NITS)	175,962,270
- USD (Acc.) Class		22,464 175,984,734
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT		
- MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class - USD (Acc.) Class		MYR 0.4706 USD 0.4976

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the audited financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 15 FEBRUARY 2022 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 MARCH 2023

	Unitholders' contribution Note 16(a) USD	Accumulated losses Note 16(b) & 16(c) USD	Net asset attributable to unitholders USD
At 15 February 2022 (date of launch)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss			
for the financial period	-	(1,967,911)	(1,967,911)
Creation of units	25,607,150	-	25,607,150
Cancellation of units	(4,881,289)	-	(4,881,289)
At 31 March 2023	20,725,861	(1,967,911)	18,757,950

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 15 FEBRUARY 2022 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 MARCH 2023

ACTIVITIES         Net proceeds from sale of investments       10,977,628         Net purchase of investments       (29,502,139)         Net realised loss on derivatives       (1,267,171)         Dividend received       150,330         Profit income received       157,198         Manager's fee paid       (317,858)         Trustee's fee paid       (7,063)         Payment of other fees and expenses       (19,955)         Net cash used in operating and investing activities       (19,829,030)         CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Proceeds from creation of units       25,607,150         Payments for cancellation of units       (4,832,250)         Net cash generated from financing activities       20,774,900		15.02.2022
Net proceeds from sale of investments   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,977,190   10,977,628   10,977,628   10,973,190   10,977,628   10,973,190   10		(date of launch)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Net proceeds from sale of investments         10,977,628           Net purchase of investments         (29,502,139)           Net realised loss on derivatives         (1,267,171)           Dividend received         150,330           Profit income received         157,198           Manager's fee paid         (317,858)           Trustee's fee paid         (7,063)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (19,955)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (19,829,030)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         25,607,150           Payments for cancellation of units         (4,832,250)           Net CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH           EQUIVALENTS AT THE FUNCASH AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         779,765           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         779,765           CASh and cash equivalents comprise :           Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)         218,409           Cash at bank (		to
Net proceeds from sale of investments Net proceeds from sale of investments Net purchase of investments Net purchase of investments Net realised loss on derivatives Net cash see paid Net realised loss on derivatives Net cash used in operating and investing activities Net cash used in operating and investing activities Net cash used in operating and investing activities Net cash generated from financing activities Net Change in Cash and Cash EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD OASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  779,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) 218,409 Cash at bank (Note 13)		31.03.2023
Net proceeds from sale of investments         10,977,628           Net purchase of investments         (29,502,139)           Net realised loss on derivatives         (1,267,171)           Dividend received         150,330           Profit income received         157,198           Manager's fee paid         (317,858)           Trustee's fee paid         (7.063)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (19,955)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (19,829,030)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         25,607,150           Payments for cancellation of units         (4,832,250)           Net cash generated from financing activities         20,774,900           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH           EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE         -           DATE OF LAUNCH         -           Effect of exchange rate differences         (166,105)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END         779,765           Cash and cash equivalents comprise :           Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)         218,409		USD
Net purchase of investments         (29,502,139)           Net realised loss on derivatives         (1,267,171)           Dividend received         150,330           Profit income received         157,198           Manager's fee paid         (7,063)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (19,955)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (19,829,030)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         25,607,150           Payments for cancellation of units         (4,832,250)           Net cash generated from financing activities         20,774,900           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH         20,774,900           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         779,765           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         779,765           Cash and cash equivalents comprise :         Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)         218,409           Cash at bank (Note 13)         561,356	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Net purchase of investments         (29,502,139)           Net realised loss on derivatives         (1,267,171)           Dividend received         150,330           Profit income received         157,198           Manager's fee paid         (7,063)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (19,955)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (19,829,030)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         25,607,150           Payments for cancellation of units         (4,832,250)           Net cash generated from financing activities         20,774,900           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH         20,774,900           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         779,765           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         779,765           Cash and cash equivalents comprise :         Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)         218,409           Cash at bank (Note 13)         561,356	Net proceeds from sale of investments	10,977,628
Dividend received         150,330           Profit income received         157,198           Manager's fee paid         (317,858)           Trustee's fee paid         (7,063)           Payment of other fees and expenses         (19,955)           Net cash used in operating and investing activities         (19,829,030)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Proceeds from creation of units         25,607,150           Payments for cancellation of units         (4,832,250)           Net cash generated from financing activities         20,774,900           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH           EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD         945,870           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE           DATE OF LAUNCH         -           Effect of exchange rate differences         (166,105)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END           OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD           Ty9,765           Cash and cash equivalents comprise :           Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)         218,409           Cash at bank (Note 13)         561,356	·	
Profit income received  Manager's fee paid  (317,858) Trustee's fee paid  (7,063) Payment of other fees and expenses  (19,955) Net cash used in operating and investing activities  (19,829,030)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from creation of units  Proceeds from creation of units  Proceeds from creation of units  (4,832,250) Net cash generated from financing activities  (4,832,250)  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH  EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  OASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE  DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END  OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  T79,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise:  Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)	Net realised loss on derivatives	•
Manager's fee paid       (317,858)         Trustee's fee paid       (7,063)         Payment of other fees and expenses       (19,955)         Net cash used in operating and investing activities       (19,829,030)         CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Proceeds from creation of units       25,607,150         Payments for cancellation of units       (4,832,250)         Net cash generated from financing activities       20,774,900         NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH       20,774,900         EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD       945,870         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE         DATE OF LAUNCH       -         Effect of exchange rate differences       (166,105)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END       779,765         Cash and cash equivalents comprise :         Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)       218,409         Cash at bank (Note 13)       561,356	Dividend received	150,330
Trustee's fee paid (7,063) Payment of other fees and expenses (19,955) Net cash used in operating and investing activities (19,829,030)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from creation of units 25,607,150 Payments for cancellation of units (4,832,250) Net cash generated from financing activities 20,774,900  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 945,870  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH 15 Effect of exchange rate differences (166,105)  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 779,765  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 779,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) 218,409 Cash at bank (Note 13) 561,356	Profit income received	157,198
Payment of other fees and expenses Net cash used in operating and investing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units (4,832,250) Net cash generated from financing activities  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH Effect of exchange rate differences (166,105)  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  T79,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  25,607,150 (4,832,250) 20,774,900  945,870  (166,105)  779,765	Manager's fee paid	(317,858)
Net cash used in operating and investing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from creation of units 25,607,150 Payments for cancellation of units (4,832,250) Net cash generated from financing activities 20,774,900  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH Effect of exchange rate differences (166,105)  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 779,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) Cash at bank (Note 13) 561,356	Trustee's fee paid	(7,063)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from creation of units 25,607,150 Payments for cancellation of units (4,832,250) Net cash generated from financing activities 20,774,900  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 945,870  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH - Effect of exchange rate differences (166,105)  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 779,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) 218,409 Cash at bank (Note 13) 561,356	Payment of other fees and expenses	(19,955)
Proceeds from creation of units  Payments for cancellation of units  Net cash generated from financing activities  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH  EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE  DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END  OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  Cash and cash equivalents comprise:  Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  25,607,150  (4,832,250)  945,870  945,870  Cash and cash equivalents at THE  DATE OF LAUNCH	Net cash used in operating and investing activities	(19,829,030)
Payments for cancellation of units Net cash generated from financing activities  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH Effect of exchange rate differences CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) Cash at bank (Note 13)  (4,832,250) 20,774,900  945,870  (166,105)  779,765	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Net cash generated from financing activities  NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  Cash and cash equivalents comprise:  Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  20,774,900  945,870  (166,105)  779,765	Proceeds from creation of units	25,607,150
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE  DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  Cash and cash equivalents comprise:  Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  945,870  945,870  779,765	Payments for cancellation of units	(4,832,250)
EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE  DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END  OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  Cash and cash equivalents comprise:  Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  945,870  945,870  218,409  561,356	Net cash generated from financing activities	20,774,900
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE  DATE OF LAUNCH  Effect of exchange rate differences (166,105)  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END  OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 779,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise:  Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) 218,409  Cash at bank (Note 13) 561,356	NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH	945 870
Effect of exchange rate differences (166,105)  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END  OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 779,765  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9) 218,409  Cash at bank (Note 13) 561,356	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	343,070
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD  Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  218,409 561,356	DATE OF LAUNCH	-
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  779,765  218,409  561,356	Effect of exchange rate differences	(166,105)
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  218,409  561,356	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END	
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  218,409  561,356	OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	779,765
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  218,409  561,356	Cash and cash equivalents comprise :	
with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)  Cash at bank (Note 13)  218,409  561,356	·	
Cash at bank (Note 13) 561,356	·	218.409
		•

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 15 FEBRUARY 2022 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 MARCH 2023

### 1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Global Wealth Growth-I Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 1 December 2021 between the Manager, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM") and the Trustee, TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad and the registered holder of the Fund. Subsequently, MAM and the Trustee have entered into the First Supplemental Deed dated 3 June 2022.

The Fund seeks to achieve capital growth over the medium to long term.

The Fund invests, directly and indirectly, in global Shariah-compliant equities, global Shariah-compliant equity-related securities (including Shariah-compliant ADRs, Shariah-compliant GDRs and Shariah-compliant warrants), global fixed and floating rate Sukuk issued by Governments, Government agencies, supranational and companies, Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits.

The Fund may also invest in Islamic CIS, including but are not limited to, Islamic REITs and Islamic ETFs which may be based on commodities such as gold.

The Fund may invest regionally or globally in markets where the regulatory authorities are ordinary or associate members of the International Organization of Securities Commission ("IOSCO").

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services License with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager (the "Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 15 May 2023

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund has adopted the MFRS, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") which have become effective during the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023. The adoption of the above did not result in material impact to the financial statements.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.16 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("USD").

### 2.2 Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective

The following are standards, amendments to standards and interpretations issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising	
from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to IFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The Fund expects that the adoption of the above standards and amendments to standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

### 2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, profit income receivables, amount due from Manager, amount due from financial instituitions, dividend receivables and other receveiable as financial assets at amortised cost. These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant period.

Unless designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investments in Shariah-compliant quoted equities, Sukuk and derivatives are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instruments or a financial guarantee.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised gains or losses when the associated assets are sold. Profit income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Dividend income on quoted equities at FVTPL is recognised in profit and loss when the Fund's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with MFRS 9 and is disclosed separately in the profit and loss.

### (iii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date:
   As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date:
   As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

### (iii) Impairment (cont'd)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature, full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

### 2.5 Financial liabilities

### (i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

### (ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial liability and of allocating and recognising the profit expense in profit or loss over the relevant period.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.5 Financial liabilities (cont'd)

### (iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

### 2.6 Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives are financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss categorised as held for trading unless they are designated hedges.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held for trading and accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for FVTPL.

The fund does not apply hedge accounting to the forward currency contracts entered during the financial period. However, future events or conditions may cause the fund to apply hedge accounting in the future.

### 2.7 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that the market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that the market participants act in their economic best interest.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.7 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

### 2.8 Functional and foreign currency

### (a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in USD, which is also the Fund's functional currency.

# (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

### 2.9 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* 

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.9 Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

Distribution equalisation represents the average distributable amount included in the creation and cancellation prices of units. This amount is either refunded to unitholders by way of distribution and/ or adjusted accordingly when units are cancelled.

### 2.10 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from profit or loss in statement of comprehensive income except where distribution is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as an adjustment to the unitholders' contribution. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved.

Distribution is declared at the discretion of the Fund Manager based on the availability of distributable income.

Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the income payment date. Reinvestment is based on the NAV per unit on the income payment date, which is also the time of creation.

### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with original maturity of three months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2.12 Revenue/Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Dividend income is recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established. Dividend income is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Profit income from Sukuk includes amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, and is recognised using the EPR method.

Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed financial institution is recognised on the accruals basis using the EPR method.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.12 Revenue/Income (cont'd)

Hibah received is recognised on receipt basis.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

### 2.13 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current tax rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial period.

In some jurisdictions, investment income is subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. Withholding tax is a generic term used for the amount of withholding tax deducted at the source of the income and is not significant for the Fund. The Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

### 2.14 Cleansing/ Purification of profit

The Fund is required to cleanse or purify any profit or gains generated by Shariah non-compliant activity or sources. Such Shariah non-compliant gain or income may arise as follows:

### (i) Shariah non-compliant investment

The External Investment Manager will immediately dispose-off any Shariah non-compliant investment inadvertently made in the Fund. If the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant investment results in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the External Investment Manager. The said investment will be disposed/ withdrawn with immediate effect or within a month of knowing the status of the securities. Any capital gains or dividend received during or after disposal of the investment will be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.14 Cleansing/ Purification of profit (cont'd)

(ii) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the fund's investment

Equities which were earlier classified as Shariah-compliant equities may subsequently be reclassified as Shariah non-compliant due to certain reasons such as changes in the companies' operations.

If at the time the announcement/ review is made, the value of the equities held exceeds the investment cost, such Shariah non-compliant equities will be liquidated. The Fund may keep any dividends received and capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant equities made at the time of the announcement/ review. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains made from the disposal after the announcement/ review day at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement/ review day will be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

If the market price of the said Shariah non-compliant equities is below the investment cost at the time the announcement/ review is made, the Fund may hold the Shariah non-compliant equities and keep dividends received during the holding period until the total amount of dividends received and the market value of the Shariah non-compliant equities held equal the investment cost. At this stage, the Fund will dispose of the said Shariah non-compliant equities.

The purification exercise is done by channelling the purification amount to charitable purposes as advised by the Shariah Adviser and this exercise will be performed by the Investment Manager when relevant information has been obtained. The calculation of the purification amount must further be endorsed by the Shariah Adviser for verification before the purification is done. Any purification on income resulting from investments in Shariah non-compliant investments is disclosed as a reduction of the corresponding capital gain and/ or dividend in the statement of profit or loss.

# 2.15 Segment information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

### 2.16 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

No major judgement have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

### 3. NET LOSS ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE

	(date of launch)
	to
	31.03.2023
	USD
Net realised loss on foreign exchange	(305,412)
Net unrealised gain on foreign exchange	25,521
Net realised loss on forward currency contracts	(1,252,574)
Net unrealised gain on forward currency contracts	216,153
	(1,316,312)

15.02.2022

15.02.2022

# 4. PROFIT INCOME

	(date of launch) to
	31.03.2023 RM
rofit income from Sukuk	189,927

Profit income from Sukuk 189,927
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits 20,897
Amortisation of premium, net of accretion of discount 12,045
222,869

### 5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed daily. The fee is based on up to 1.80% per annum ("p.a.") on the NAV of the Fund, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day.

### 6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to a trustee fee of up to 0.04% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund accrued daily and paid monthly to the Trustee.

### 7. TAXATION

15.02.2022 (date of launch) to 31.03.2023 USD

Current income tax expense

65,434

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the financial period. The tax charge for the financial period is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting tax allowable expenses.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

Income derived from sources outside Malaysia may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. Tax on dividend income from foreign quoted equities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net loss before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

15.02.2022 (date of launch) to 31.03.2023 USD

(1,902,477)
(450 50 4)
(456,594)
(173,275)
547,540
111,057
36,706
65,434

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

		Note		31.03.2023 USD
Shariah-compliant quoted equities Sukuk		(a) (b)	-	11,866,167 5,698,284 17,564,451
31.03.2023				
(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Australia				
CSL Ltd	701	134,895	135,244	0.72
Canada				
Canada Pacific Railway Ltd	900	69,979	69,198	0.37
China				
Contemporary Amperex Technology	500	29,079	29,534	0.16
Longi Green Energy Technology	4,000	25,457	23,514	0.13
	4,500	54,536	53,048	0.29
Denmark				
Novo Nordisk A/S	1,900	274,150	300,850	1.60
Vestas Wind Systems A/S	6,640	179,129	192,694	1.03
	8,540	453,279	493,544	2.63
France				
Essilorluxottica	400	71,002	72,130	0.38
Schneider Electric SE	2,300	337,446	383,968	2.05
	2,700	408,448	456,098	2.43

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Germany				
	Infineon Technologies AG	3,200	117,222	130,895	0.70
	Great Britain				
	AstraZaneca PLC	2,070	267,160	287,303	1.53
	Bunzl PLC	1,500	55,687	56,663	0.30
	Burberry Group PLC	1,580	40,913	50,489	0.27
	GSK PLC	5,100	86,992	90,057	0.48
	iShares MSCI EM Islamic	18,326	316,812	322,125	1.72
	Linde PLC	450	150,399	159,948	0.85
	Relx PLC	5,160	146,528	166,929	0.89
	Unilever PLC	7,210	346,981	373,304	1.99
	Wisdomtree Physical Gold	2,200	395,897	408,914	2.18
		43,596	1,807,369	1,915,732	6.48
	Hong Kong				
	Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	3,700	49,812	47,323	0.25
	Tencent Holdings Ltd	3,100	128,008	152,356	0.81
		6,800	177,820	199,679	1.06
	Japan				
	Bridgestone Corp	1,900	70,222	76,612	0.41
	Daikin Industries Ltd	1,100	186,107	195,492	1.04

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Japan (cont'd)				
	Fanuc Corp	3,000	103,351	107,286	0.57
	Keyence Corp	50	19,439	24,211	0.13
	SMC Corp	500	252,012	262,316	1.40
		6,550	631,131	665,917	3.55
	Netherlands				
	ASML Holding NV	376	216,599	255,362	1.36
	Norway				
	MOWI ASA	2,000	34,822	36,939	0.20
	Norsk Hydro ASA	7,700	55,691	57,210	0.30
		9,700	90,513	94,149	0.50
	South Korea				
	Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	4,400	204,769	216,550	1.15
	Spain				
	Industria De Diseno Textil	3,740	91,526	125,539	0.67
	Sweden				
	NIBE Indistrier AB	2,300	21,565	26,131	0.14
	Sandvik AB	2,900	52,795	61,477	0.33
		5,200	74,360	87,608	0.47
	·				

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Switzerland				
	Roche Holding AG	330	115,659	94,251	0.50
	Taiwan				
	Mediatek Inc	9,000	217,653	232,244	1.24
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	19,900	325,813	347,783	1.85
	- -	28,900	543,466	580,027	3.09
	United States of America				
	Adobe Inc	584	215,757	225,056	1.20
	Advanced Micro Devices Inc	1,600	125,807	156,816	0.84
	Alphabet Inc	3,400	377,465	352,682	1.88
	Amazon.com Inc	2,970	329,545	306,771	1.64
	Ametek Inc	200	27,125	29,066	0.15
	Amphenol Corp	300	21,696	24,516	0.13
	Apple Inc	2,700	409,777	445,230	2.37
	Booking Holdings Inc	120	238,537	318,289	1.70
	Boston Scientific Corp	600	27,029	30,018	0.16
	Corteva Inc	2,140	129,371	129,063	0.69
	Coterra Energy Inc	7,500	196,832	184,050	0.98
	Danaher Corp	454	119,999	114,426	0.61
	Eli Lilly and Co	900	296,884	309,078	1.65

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	United States of America (cont'd)				
	Enphase Energy Inc	600	124,557	126,168	0.67
	Equinix Inc	30	20,951	21,631	0.12
	First Solar Inc	930	142,437	202,275	1.08
	Garmin Ltd	600	57,150	60,552	0.32
	Gartner Inc	540	169,339	175,916	0.94
	Idexx Laboratories Inc	40	19,242	20,003	0.11
	Mastercard Inc	500	174,525	181,705	0.97
	Merck & Co Inc	3,700	356,813	393,643	2.10
	Microsoft Corp	2,100	557,786	605,430	3.23
	Mondelex International Inc	1,500	96,493	104,580	0.56
	Motorola Solutions Inc	200	52,642	57,226	0.31
	MSCI Inc	256	129,309	143,281	0.76
	NVIDIA Corp	400	76,711	111,108	0.59
	O'Reilly Automotive Inc	32	23,948	27,167	0.14
	ON Holdings AG- Class A	1,200	19,674	37,236	0.20
	OTIS Worldwide Corp	1,900	153,869	160,360	0.85
	Palo Alto Networks Inc	100	19,186	19,974	0.11
	Pepsico Inc	1,400	242,861	255,220	1.36
	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals	50 38	36,999	41,084	0.22

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	United States of America (cont'd)				
	Salesforce Inc	200	37,666	39,956	0.21
	Solaredge Technologies Inc	200	58,741	60,790	0.32
	Synopsys Inc	50	15,475	19,313	0.10
	Tesla Inc	400	74,705	82,984	0.44
	Texas Instruments Inc	1,600	283,706	297,616	1.59
	Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	120	66,482	69,164	0.37
	Union Pacific Corp	190	44,348	38,239	0.20
	VISA Inc	1,400	296,832	315,644	1.68
	_ _	43,706	5,868,271	6,293,326	33.55
	Total Shariah-compliant quoted equity	173,839	11,059,842	11,866,167	59.52
(b)	Sukuk				
	Cayman Islands				
	DP World Crescent Ltd - 3.88%/ 18.07.2029	300,000	302,639	283,032	1.51
	MAF Sukuk Ltd - 3.93%/ 28.02.2030	400,000	399,998	376,804	2.01
	Saudi Electricity Global Sukuk Company - 4.72%/ 27.09.2028	300,000	323,814	303,804	1.62

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

31	.03.2023 (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
(b)	Sukuk (cont'd)		•••	•••	,
	Cayman Islands (cont'd)				
	KSA Sukuk Ltd - 3.63%/ 20.04.2027 - 2.25%/ 17.05.2031	1,000,000 700,000	1,019,187 664,917	971,130 603,351	5.18 3.22
	_ 	2,700,000	2,710,555	2,538,121	13.54
	Indonesia				
	SBSN Indo III - 1.50%/ 09.06.2026	800,000	769,728	726,896	3.88
	- 2.55%/ 09.06.2031	600,000	573,681	518,094	2.76
	- 4.70%/ 06.06.2032	200,000	200,475	199,592	1.06
	<u> </u>	1,600,000	1,543,884	1,444,582	7.70
	Malaysia				
	TNB Global Ventures Capital Bhd				
	- 3.24%/ 19.10.2026	300,000	289,232	280,374	1.49
	- 4.85%/ 01.11.2028	800,000	826,725	794,776	4.24
	MY Wakala Sukuk - 2.07%/ 28.04.2031	400,000	359,456	348,752	1.86
	_	1,500,000	1,475,413	1,423,902	7.59
	United States of America				
	Malaysia Sukuk Global Bhd - 3.18%/ 27.04.2026	300,000	297,785	291,679	1.55
	Total Sukuk	6,100,000	6,027,637	5,698,284	30.38
	Total FVTPL investments	6,273,839	17,087,479	17,564,451	89.90
	Unrealised gain on FVTPL				
	investments *		_	476,972	

<sup>\*</sup> The unrealised loss on shariah-compliant quoted equities and Sukuk comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

#### 9. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT DEPOSIT WITH A LICENSED ISLAMIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

31.03.2023 USD

Shariah-compliant short-term placements with a licensed Islamic financial institution with maturity of:

- Less than 3 months 218,409

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR") per annum and average maturity of deposit with a financial institution as at the reporting date were as follows:

	31.03.2023	
	WAEPR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed		
licensed Islamic financial institution	2.65	3

#### 10. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

		31.03.2023 USD
Amount due to Manager:		
Redemption of units	(i)	49,039
Manager's fee	(ii)	27,715
		76,754

- (i) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed or cancelled.
- (ii) Amount due to Manager relates to the amount payable to the Fund Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial period. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days.

#### 11. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable to the Trustee arising from the accruals for Trustee's fee at the end of the financial period. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days.

#### 12. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ LIABILITIES

	Notional principal	<fair \<="" th=""><th>/alue&gt;</th></fair>	/alue>
31.03.2023	amount USD	Assets USD	Liabilities USD
Currency forwards - less than 1 year	18,000,000	238,322	(22,169)

As at the reporting date, there were 11 forward exchange contracts outstanding.

The derivative contracts entered into during the financial period were for hedging against the currencies exposure of the MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class based on the features of the Class as disclosed in the prospectus. As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial period, the changes in the fair value of the derivative contracts were recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income and borne solely by the respective Class (i.e. MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class).

#### 13. CASH AT BANK

	31.03.2023 USD
Chinese Yuan ("CNY")	9,470
Malaysian Ringgit ("RM")	901
Taiwan Dollar ("TWD")	101,390
United States Dollar ("USD")	449,595
	561,356

04 00 0000

#### 14. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

Included in other payables and accruals are:	31.03.2023 USD
Due to external auditor Due to tax agent Due to Shariah adviser	2,559 1,021
Provision for purification of income (Note 15) Other payables	1,811 117 5,512
	5,512

#### 15. PURIFICATION OF INCOME

The Shariah non-compliant equities of Canadian Pacific Railway LTD and JD Sports Fashion Plc were disposed in financial period ended from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023. The resulting net gain on disposal of USD1,811 will be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser at a later date after financial period end.

#### 16. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

		Note		31.03.2023 USD
Unitholo	ders' contribution	(a)		20,725,861
Accumu	llated realised losses	(b)		(2,660,072)
	ılated unrealised gain	(c)		692,161
	Ŭ	,		18,757,950
(a) Uni	tholders' contribution			
The	e units are distributed based on the fo	ollowing classes:		
			31.03.2	2023
			No. of units	USD
MY	R (Hedged) (Acc.) Class		175,962,270	20,715,061
	D (Acc.) Class		22,464	10,800
			175,984,734	20,725,861
(i)	MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class			
	,		15.02.2	ກາວວ
			(date of la	
			(date of la	aunch)
			(date of la to 31.03.2	aunch) 2023
			(date of la	aunch)
	At the beginning of financial period		(date of late of late of late to 31.03.2 No. of units	aunch) 2023 USD
	Creation of units		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350
	Creation of units Cancellation of units		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289)
(ia)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061 2022 aunch)
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period		(date of late	2023 USD  - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061  2022 aunch)
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period  USD (Acc.) Class		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061 2022 aunch)
(ii)	Creation of units Cancellation of units At the end of the financial period		(date of late	2023 USD - 25,596,350 (4,881,289) 20,715,061 2022 aunch)

22,464

10,800

At the end of the financial period

#### 16. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

#### (a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

As of end of the financial period, the total number and value of units held legally or beneficially by the Manager and a related party are as follows:

	31.03.2023	
	No of units	Valued at NAV
The Manager (MYR (Hedged) (Acc.) Class)	2,000	MYR 941
The Manager (USD (Acc.) Class)	2,000	USD 995
		-

The units are held beneficially by the Manager for booking purposes, and are within the prescribed limit allowed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Other than the above, there were no units held by the directors or parties related to the Manager.

## (b) Accumulated realised lesses

(b)	Accumulated realised losses	
		15.02.2022
		(date of launch)
		to
		31.03.2023
		USD
	At the beginning of financial period	-
	Net realised loss for the financial period	(2,660,072)
	At the end of the financial period	(2,660,072)
	·	
(c)	Accumulated unrealised gain	
		15.02.2022
		(date of launch)
		to
		31.03.2023
		USD
	At the beginning of financial period	-
	Net unrealised gain for the financial period	692,161
	At the end of the financial period	692,161
	·	

#### 17. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with broker/ dealer during the current financial period are as follows:

31.03.2023	Value of trade USD	Percentage of total trade %	Brokerage Fees USD	Percentage of brokerage fees %
KAF-Seagroatt Campbell				
Securities	10,961,537	26.99	8,722	27.67
CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn Bhd	10,025,997	24.68	8,598	27.28
Maybank Investment Bank				
Bhd ("MIBB") *	9,422,801	23.20	12,962	41.11
MBB	5,167,850	12.72	-	-
Standard Chartered Bank	2,351,600	5.79	-	-
CLSA Limited	2,286,784	5.63	645	2.04
CIMB Bank	307,687	0.76	462	1.46
CIMB Investment Bank	93,371	0.23	140	0.44
	40,617,627	100.00	31,528	100.00

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions are as follows:

31.03.2023	Value of placements USD	Percentage of total placements %
Financial institution		
Maybank Islamic Bhd ("MIB") **	252,012,809	100.00

<sup>\*</sup> MIBB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

#### 18. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties maybe individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial period.

<sup>\*\*</sup> MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

#### 18. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

#### (i) Significant related party transaction

31.03.2023 USD

MIB:

Profit income from deposits

20,897

(ii) Significant related party balances

31.03.2023 USD

MIB:

Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution

218,409

#### 19. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. The fees and expenses include Manager's fee, Trustee's fee, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other administrative expenses. For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023, the TER of the Fund stood at 2.32%.

#### 20. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial period from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023, the PTR of the Fund stood at 1.17 times.

#### 21. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on the resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieve its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The PMC is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing between 40% to 90% of its NAV in global Shariah-compliant equities, global Shariah-compliant related equity related securities (including Shariah-compliant ADRs, Shariah-compliant GDRs and Shariah-compliant warrants). The Fund may also invest up to 20% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic collective investment schemes but are not limited to, Islamic REITs and Islamic ETFs which may be based on commodities such as gold.

The Fund will invest in markets where the regulatory authorities are ordinary or associate members of the International Organisation of Securities Commissions ("IOSCO").

The internal reporting for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

#### 22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The significant accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.16 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding prepayment, taxrelated matters and NAV attributable to unitholders) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial instruments at FVTPL	Financial assets at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
31.03.2023	USD	USD	USD	USD
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	17,564,451	-	-	17,564,451
Derivative assets Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic	-	238,322	-	238,322
financial institution	-	218,409	-	218,409
Dividend income receivables	-	17,992	-	17,992
Profit income receivables Amount due from	-	65,671	-	65,671
financial institutions	-	225,098	-	225,098
Other receivable	-	430	-	430
Cash at bank		561,356		561,356
Total financial assets	17,564,451	1,327,278		18,891,729
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	-	-	22,169	22,169
Amount due to Manager	-	-	76,754	76,754
Amount due to Trustee Other payables and	-	-	616	616
accruals		<u>-</u> .	5,512	5,512
Total financial liabilities	-	-	105,051	105,051

#### 22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL, derivative assets and derivative liabilities are carried at fair value.

#### **Quoted equities**

The fair value of quoted investments in shares are determined by reference to the last bid price on Bursa Malaysia as at the statement of financial position date.

For equities quoted other than Bursa Malaysia, the market prices are determined by reference to the theoretical closing market price as quoted by the respective foreign stock exchanges of the respective countries.

#### Sukuk

Sukuk denominated in RM are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by Bond Pricing Agency ("BPA") as per SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Sukuk denominated in foreign currencies are revalued on a daily basis using the Bloomberg Generic Price ("BGN"). In the case where the Manager are unable to obtain quotation from the BGN, such the Sukuk will be valued at fair value by reference to the average indicative yield quoted by 3 independent and reputable institutions. If both the BGN and quotation from 3 independent and reputable institutions are not available, the Sukuk will be valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager, on methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

#### **Derivative assets and liabilities**

The fair value of over-the-counter forward foreign exchange contracts are obtained by using valuation models which incorporate various observable market inputs such as changes in spot rate, and changes in the forward points. For these financial instruments, significant inputs into models are market observable and are included within Level 2.

#### (c) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### 22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (c) Fair value hierarchy (cont'd)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

31.03.2023	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	Total
Shariah-compliant quoted equities	11,866,167	-	-	11,866,167
Sukuk	-	5,698,284	-	5,698,284
Derivative assets	-	238,322	-	238,322
	11,866,167	5,936,606	-	17,802,773
Derivative liabilities		22,169	-	22,169

# (d) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its investments, the Fund's financial instruments are not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short term maturity.

There were no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximations of their respective fair values.

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### (a) Introduction

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring of risks. Financial risk management is also carried out through sound internal control systems and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deeds, the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and CMSA.

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as equity prices. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The market risk is managed through consistent monitoring and swift response to various factors that may adversely affect the Fund.

#### (i) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of equities as the result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual shares. The equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in quoted equities. This risk can be minimised through investing in a wide range of companies in different sectors, which function independently from one another.

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

#### (i) Equity price risk (cont'd)

Management's best estimate of the effect on the Fund's NAV due to a reasonably possible change in price, with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below. The impact to profit after taxation and NAV is expected to be the same.

	31.03.2023	
		Effects on NAV
	Changes in price %	Increase/ (Decrease) RM
Shariah-compliant	+5	593,308
quoted equities	-5	(593,308)

#### (ii) Profit rate risk

Sukuk are particularly sensitive to movements in market profit rates. When profit rates rise, the value of Sukuk will fall and vice versa, thus affecting the NAV of the Fund. The sensitivity to market profit rate changes are normally greater for longer tenured securities when compared to shorter tenured securities.

#### Profit rate risk sensitivity

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/ loss for the period and NAV to movements in prices of fixed income securities held by the Fund as a result of movements in market profit rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the profit rates increased and decreased by 1% (100 basis points) with all other variables held constant.

	31.03.2	2023 Effects on NAV
	Changes in profit rates %	Increase/ (Decrease) RM
Sukuk	+1 -1	297,800 (279,189)

The impact to the Fund's NAV and income after taxation is expected to be the same.

The Fund's Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution carry a fixed rate and therefore is not affected by movements in market profit rates.

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

#### (iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The base currency of the Fund is USD. As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between USD and the currencies in which the Fund's assets are denominated in may have an impact on the fair value of the Fund's assets. If the currencies in which the assets are denominated depreciate against the base currency, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the Fund in the base currency and vice versa. Any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment and of the Fund.

The Fund is a multi-class Fund. The impact of the exchange rate movement between USD and the foreign currency of RM, AUD, SGD and EUR Class, may result in a depreciation of the unitholders' investment in the Fund as expressed in USD.

The table below analyses the net positions of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities, which are exposed to foreign exchange risk as at reporting date:

31.03.2023	Financial assets at FVTPL USD	Cash and cash equivalents USD	Total USD
Great Britain Pound ("GBP")	1,024,745	-	1,024,745
Euro ("EUR")	967,895	-	967,895
New Taiwan Dollar ("TWD")	580,028	101,390	681,418
Japanese Yen ("JPY")	665,917	-	665,917
Danish Krone ("DKK")	493,544	-	493,544
Korean Won ("KRW")	216,550	-	216,550
Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD")	199,679	-	199,679
Australian Dollar ("AUD")	135,244	-	135,244
. ,	4,283,602	101,390	4,384,992

The Fund's exposures to fluctuations in the Canadian Dollar ("CAD"), Chinese Yuan ("CNY"), Malaysia Ringgit ("RM"), Norwegian Krone ("NOK"), Swedish Krona ("SEK") and Swiss Franc ("CHF") exchange rates are not significant for the financial period ended from 15 February 2022 (date of launch) to 31 March 2023.

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

#### (iii) Currency risk (cont'd)

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net on-balance sheet open position to movements in the exchange rates. The analysis calculated the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against USD on the Fund's NAV with all other variables held constant.

	Change in exchange rates	Effects on NAV Increase/ (decrease)
31.03.2023	%	USD
GBP	+5%	1,024,745
	-5%	(1,024,745)
EUR	+5%	•
	-5%	(967,895)
TWD	+5%	•
,	-5%	(580,028)
JPY	+5%	•
•	-5%	(665,917)
DKK	+5%	
•	-5%	(493,544)
KRW	+5%	
•	-5%	(216,550)
НКО	+5%	199,679
	-5%	(199,679)
AUD	+5%	135,244
	-5%	(135,244)

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will default on its contractual obligation resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely payments of profit, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships and other transactions.

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's other counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

#### (i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

#### (ii) Credit risk concentration

The following table analyses the Fund's investments in Sukuk, profit income receivables and cash and cash equivalents by rating categories. The ratings for the Fund's investments in Sukuk and profit receivable on Sukuk were obtained from S&P or its equivalent rating by Moody's and/ or Fitch, while the ratings for cash at bank and Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with were obtained from RAM's official website.

		As a percentage of NAV
31.03.2022	RM	%
Financial assets		
AAA	845,436	4.51
A+	1,574,485	8.39
A-	1,727,706	9.21
BBB+	291,675	1.55
BBB	1,821,386	9.71
BBB-	283,032	1.51
	6,543,720	34.88

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected.

31.03.2022	Less than 1 month RM	More than 1 month RM	Total RM
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	11,866,167	5,698,284	17,564,451
Derivative assets	-	238,322	238,322
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed			
Islamic financial institution	218,409	-	218,409
Dividend receivables	17,992	-	17,992
Profit income receivables	28,256	37,415	65,671
Amount due from financial institutions	225,098	-	225,098
Other receivable	430	-	430
Cash at bank	561,356	-	561,356
Total undiscounted financial assets	12,917,708	5,974,021	18,891,729
Financial liabilities and			
unitholders equity			
Derivative liabilities	22,169	-	22,169
Amount due to Manager	76,754	-	76,754
Amount due to Trustee	616	-	616
Other payables and accruals	5,512	-	5,512
NAV attributable to unitholders	18,757,950	-	18,757,950
Total undiscounted financial liabilities			
and unitholders' equity	18,863,001	<u>-</u>	18,863,001
Liquidity (gap)/ surplus	(5,945,293)	5,974,021	28,728

#### Notes:

#### (i) Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL and Shariah-compliant deposits into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's equities have been included in the "less than 1 month" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's unitholders' equity be required to be redeemed. The other assets shall not comprise of tax recoverable in view that it is not a financial asset. For other assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund is required to settle its financial obligation.

Financial liabilities exclude tax-related matters such as tax payables, if any.

#### (iii) Unitholders' total equity

As unitholders could request for redemption of their units within ten (10) calendar days from transaction date, the unitholders' total equity of the Fund has been categorised as having a maturity of "less than 1 month".

As a result, it appears that the Fund has a liquidity gap within "less than 1 month". However, the Fund believes that it would be able to liquidate its investments should the need arise to satisfy all the redemption requirements.

#### 24. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing the unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to provide unitholders with regular and stable distributions and to meet the expenses of the Fund and other obligations as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current financial period.

#### 25. COMPARATIVE

There are no comparative figures presented as this is the Fund's first reporting period since the Fund was launched on 15 February 2022.